

System Restoration and Blackstart SAR Drafting Team

January 17-18, 2007

Meeting Notes

1. Administrative Items

a. Introductions

The meeting was called to order by Dick Kafka at 0800 on January 17, 2007. Attendance was as follows:

Ed Baznik	Francis Esselman (vice chair)	Will Houston
Dick Kafka (Chair)	Mark Kuras	Al McMeekin
Doug Rempel	Mike Richardson	George Rodriguez
Mo Tadayon	Rick Terrill	Ed Dobrowolski (NERC)

b. NERC Antitrust Compliance Guidelines – Ed Dobrowolski

Ed briefly reviewed the guidelines. There were no questions.

c. Review Meeting Agenda & Objectives – Dick Kafka

Dick reviewed the agenda. No changes were made.

2. SDT Overview Session – Ed Dobrowolski

Ed provided a Power Point presentation that is attached to these notes as Attachment A. Highlights included:

- An overview of the Standards Process
- A review of what the topic of industry consensus means there is a limit to the extent of consensus; you will probably never reach unanimity.
- The definition of a SAR clear description is required; you cannot go beyond the scope identified in a SAR without a new SAR but you can eliminate certain elements based on group consensus. Therefore, it is important to provide enough flexibility in a SAR to make sure that work can continue as new ideas come to pass.
- The need (or lack of need) for field tests
- The need for a posted implementation plan round dates such as start of a quarter or start of a year will be used from this point forward
- NERC is encouraging FERC staff to take an active role in the standards process so that FERC inputs come earlier in the process rather than later
- A review of the balloting process
- A review of the changes that need to be made to standards including:

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- One line titles
- Specific applicability with no applicability assigned to an RRO
- Use of Functional Model V3
- Measures can roll up requirements but all requirements must be addressed specifically somewhere in a measure
- Violation severity levels replace levels of non-compliance; this is a separate item from risk

All members are encouraged to review the Standards Process Development Guidelines for complete requirements for drafting teams.

3. Review & Finalize SAR Comment Responses – Dick Kafka

Dick led a review of the SAR comments and the team formulated responses to all of the questions and comments. The responses were then fed back into the SAR. The comment response form is included as Attachment B.

4. Review & Finalize SAR – Dick Kafka

Update SAR as necessary to reflect comments

The SAR was revised to reflect the responses to comments. The revised SAR in redline format is included as Attachment C.

a. Decide on future course of SAR

The team decided that the changes made to the SAR were extensive and that another posting for comments should take place. A new question set was developed and is shown as Attachment D.

5. Review Action Items & Schedule – Ed Dobrowolski

Ed reviewed the project schedule as it was created for the Reliability Standards Development Work Plan. This is an aggressive schedule but the team agreed that it is achievable if everyone commits to the plan. A more detailed schedule for this project will be developed shortly.

Ed will submit the revised SAR and question set to Maureen for posting.

6. Schedule Next Meeting – Dick Kafka

The team scheduled a conference call and Web Ex for Thursday, March 8, 2007 from 1100 to 1400 EST. The main objective of this meeting will be to review the comments received from the second posting of the SAR.

A face-to-face meeting of the DT was tentatively scheduled for Wednesday, April 18, 2007 starting at 8AM through Friday, April 20, 2007 at noon. The main objective of this meeting will be to start the actual standards development assuming that the SC has decided to move forward. The location of the meeting is to be determined.

7. Adjourn

The meeting was adjourned at 1030 on January 18.



















Standard Authorization Request (SAR)

- Establishes purpose and scope of proposed standard
- Sponsored by requester until standard authorized for development
- SC may appoint SAR drafting team to assist requester
- Public comments on SAR (multiple postings possible)
- SC authorizes development when consensus reached on purpose and scope



Key Decision Points

Standards Committee

- Authorize Posting SAR/Standard complete; without conflict
- Authorize Standard Development (consensus on reliability-related need, scope, applicability)
- Authorize Field Test evidence test justified (technical committees, compliance program, stakeholder comments)
- Authorize Ballot evidence process followed (all documents complete; no significant changes without a comment period; evidence of consensus; all comments considered)
- Drafting Team
 - Request Posting SAR/Standard complete; without conflict
 - Request Standard Development (consensus on reliability-related need, scope, applicability)
 - Request Field Test evidence test justified (technical committees, compliance program, stakeholder comments)
 - Request Ballot evidence process followed (all documents complete; no significant changes without a comment period; evidence of consensus; all comments considered)

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Field Tests

- As needed to validate concepts, methods, measures in a standard
- Drafting team develops field test plan
- Standards Committee approves and oversees field test
- Complete tests before ballot

Implementation Plan

- Part of final standard going to ballot
- Must be posted for comment at least once
- Includes
 - Proposed effective date(s) and implementation into compliance program
 - Withdrawal or modification of existing standards
 - Any tools, training, or other implementation considerations



Standard Approval (High Threshold) Ballot pool votes to approve industry standard Subset of RBB enrolled to vote on a standard Must enroll before ballot starts Electronic ballot over a 10-day period Initial ballot and recirculation ballot Recirculation required if 1 or more negative votes with reasons on first ballot Recirculation ballot is by exception

- Quorum is 75% of ballot pool
- Stakeholder approval requires > 2/3 weighted • average of segments
- Board approves filing standards

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Benchmarks of Excellent Standards 1. Applicability 2. Purpose 3. Performance requirements 4. Measurability 5. Technical basis 6. Completeness 7. Known consequences 8. Clear language 9. Practicality 10. Consistent terminology

Standards Work Plan: Overview

- Filed 12/1/06 in U.S. and 12/7/06 in Canada
- Dynamic management tool
 - Communicate vision
 - Coordinate work
 - Measure progress
- 31 projects grouped by subject matter
- Aggressive but achievable schedule
- Detailed project descriptions listing 'to dos'
- More efficient use of drafting teams
- Integrates 'fill-in-the-blank' plan
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Representative Changes to Standards

- Concise title/purpose with a reliability value
- Applicability
 - More specific with regard to entity, facilities, and responsibilities
 - Changes from Functional Model, V3
 - Remove RRO (RE remains compliance monitor)
- Compliance elements
 - Measures; violation severity levels; risk factors; time horizons; etc.

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Projects Starting in 2006

- 2006-01 System Personnel Training
- 2006-02 Transmission Assessments & Plans
- 2006-03 System Restoration and Blackstart
- 2006-04 Backup Facilities
- 2006-05 Phase III & IV Field Tests
- 2006-06 Reliability Coordination
- 2006-07 ATC, TTC, CBM, and TRM
- 2006-08 Transmission Loading Relief
- 2006-09 Facility Ratings





Projects Starting in 2008

- 2008-01 Voltage and Reactive Control
- 2008-02 Undervoltage Load Shedding
- 2008-03 Demand Data
- 2008-04 Protection Systems
- 2008-05 Cyber Security
- 2008-06 Phasor Measurement Units
- 2008-07 Resource Adequacy Assessments













Reliability Standard

- Title
- Purpose (reliability benefit or value of standard)

Standar

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- Applicability (tells what functions must comply)
- Effective date (FERC-dependent)
- Requirements (tells what must be accomplished)
 Violation Risk Factor (impact on reliability if violated)
- Measures (tells what will be reviewed to determine if entity is compliant)
- Variances
- Compliance added by compliance personnel











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Violation Risk Factors
 High – violation could lead to cascading failures
 Medium – violation could have an adverse impact on system conditions capability, or situational awareness
 Lower – violation would not be expected to affect the electrical state or capability of the bulk power system, or the ability to effectively monitor and control the bulk power system

Measures	Measures
C. Measure	
M1.	
M1.1.	
M1.2.	
M2.	
M3.	
	NEDC







Comment Forms

- Ask very pointed questions
- If you've made changes, ask for feedback
- Ask for feedback on implementation plan
- Ask if field testing is needed
- Ask if there are any Variances
- Ask if there are any known conflicts with existing regulations

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Incorpora	ating Sugge	sted Changes	
If the suggestion is submitted by	And the suggestion	Then	Ask stakeholders to
Multiple entities in multiple regions	Does /may have technical merit	Incorporate suggestion	Confirm change

And the ggestion es /may e technical rit es not have rious	Then Incorporate suggestion Teil why suggestion lacks technical merit	Ask stakeholders to Confirm change
es /may re technical rit es not have rious	Incorporate suggestion Tell why suggestion lacks technical merit	Confirm change
es <mark>not</mark> have vious	Tell why suggestion lacks technical merit	
hnical		
	1	
		1

Incorpora	ating Sugge	sted Changes	
If the suggestion is submitted by	And the suggestion	Then	Ask stakeholders to
Multiple entities in multiple	Does /may have technical merit	Incorporate suggestion	Confirm change
regions	Does not have obvious technical	Tell why suggestion lacks technical merit	
Single entity or by multiple entities in a single region	merits Does /may have technical merit	If widespread support anticipated, incorporate suggestion	Confirm change
		1	

Incorpora	ating Sugge	sted Changes	
If the suggestion is submitted by	And the suggestion	Then	Ask stakeholders to
Multiple entities in multiple	Does /may have technical merit	Incorporate suggestion	Confirm change
regions	Does not have obvious technical	Tell why suggestion lacks technical merit	
Single entity or by multiple entities in a single region	Does /may have technical merit	If widespread support anticipated, incorporate suggestion	Confirm change
		If widespread support not anticipated, don't incorporate	Indicate preference for suggestion
		N.	

Incorpora	ating Sugge	sted Changes	
If the suggestion is submitted by	And the suggestion	Then	Ask stakeholders to
Multiple entities in multiple	Does /may have technical merit	Incorporate suggestion	Confirm change
regions	Does not have obvious technical	Tell why suggestion lacks technical merit	
Single entity or by multiple entities in a single region	Does /may have technical merit	If widespread support anticipated, incorporate suggestion	Confirm change
		If widespread support not anticipated, don't incorporate	Indicate preference for suggestion
	Does not have obvious technical	Tell why suggestion lacks technical merit	

Implementation Plan Tells stakeholders how/when standard will be implemented and identifies: Any already approved standards that should be modified as a result of the proposed standards Functional entities that must comply and when Choosing proposed effective date(s) NERC approval process Regulatory process (at least 90 days) Implementation time Phase in of requirements Start on calendar quarter/year

Field Testing

- Ask stakeholders for their views
- Document drafting team's views
- Ask VP, Director of Compliance to send SC a recommendation
- SC makes final determination may ask a tech committee to oversee field test

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Comment Report — System Restoration and Blackstart SAR

The **[System Restoration and Blackstart SAR]** Drafting Team thanks all commenters who submitted comments on the **[Draft 1]** of the **System Restoration and Blackstart SAR]**. This **[SAR]** was posted for a **[30-]** day public comment period from **[November 6 through December 5, 2006]**. The **[System Restoration and Blackstart SAR Drafting Team]** asked stakeholders to provide feedback on the standard through a special standard Comment Form. There were 26 sets of comments, including comments from more than 65 different people from more than 40 companies representing 7 of the 10 Industry Segments as shown in the table on the following pages.

Based on the comments received, the drafting team is recommending that the SAR be reposted for an additional comment period.

In this 'Consideration of Comments' document stakeholder comments have been organized so that it is easier to see the responses associated with each question. All comments received on the SAR can be viewed in their original format at:

http://www.nerc.com/~filez/standards/System_Restoration_Blackstart.html

If you feel that your comment has been overlooked, please let us know immediately. Our goal is to give every comment serious consideration in this process! If you feel there has been an error or omission, you can contact the Vice President and Director of Standards, Gerry Cauley at 609-452-8060 or at <u>gerry.cauley@nerc.net</u>. In addition, there is a NERC Reliability Standards Appeals Process.¹

¹ The appeals process is in the Reliability Standards Development Procedures: http://www.nerc.com/standards/newstandardsprocess.html.

Commenter		Organization	Indus			Istry Segment							
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
1.	Anita Lee	Alberta Electric System Operator		✓									
2.	John Sullivan	Ameren	✓										
3.	James Sorrels	American Electric Power	✓				✓	~					
4.	Jason Shaver	American Transmission Company	✓										
5.	Jack Kerr	Dominion Virginia Power	✓										
6.	Ed Davis	Entergy Services, Inc.	✓										
7.	Will Franklin	Entergy Services, Inc.						✓					
8.	Dave Kiguel	Hydro One Networks Inc.	✓										
9.	Ron Falsetti	Independent Electricity System Operator		~									
10.	Roderick Conwell	IPL (MISO)	✓										
11.	Charles Yeung (SPP)	IRS Standards Review Committee		✓									
12.	Tom Bowe (PJM)	IRS Standards Review Committee		✓									
13.	Mike Calimano (NYISO)	IRS Standards Review Committee		✓									
14.	Ron Falsetti (IESO)	IRS Standards Review Committee		✓									
15.	Matt Goldberg (ISONE)	IRS Standards Review Committee		✓									
16.	Brent Kingsford (CAISO)	IRS Standards Review Committee		✓									
17.	Anita Lee (AESO)	IRS Standards Review Committee		✓									
18.	Steve Myers (ERCOT)	IRS Standards Review Committee		~									
19.	Bill Phillips (MISO)	IRS Standards Review Committee		✓									
20.	Kathleen Goodman	ISO New England		~									
21.	Brian Thumm	ITC Transmission	✓										
22.	Jim Cyrulewski	JDRJC Associates (MISO)								~			
23.	Jim Useldinger	Kansas City Power & Light Company	~										
24.	Robert Coish	Manitoba Hydro	✓		✓		~	~					
25.	Dede Subakti	Midwest ISO Emergency Prepardness and System Restoration Working Group		~									
26.	Terry Bilke	Midwest ISO, Inc.		~									
27.	Guy Zito (NPCC)	NPCC CP9 Reliability Standards Working Group		~									
28.	Ralph Rufrano (NYPA)	NPCC CP9 Reliability Standards Working Group	~										
29.	Kathleen Goodman (ISONE)	NPCC CP9 Reliability Standards Working Group		~									
30.	Bill Shemley (ISONE)	NPCC CP9 Reliability Standards Working Group		~									
31.	Greg Campoli (NYISO)	NPCC CP9 Reliability Standards Working Group		~									
32.	Roger Champagne (TEHQ)	NPCC CP9 Reliability Standards Working Group	~										
33.	David Kiguel (Hydro One)	NPCC CP9 Reliability Standards Working Group	~										

Comment Report – System Restoration and Blackstart SAR

Commenter		Organization	Industry Segment									
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
34.	Herbert Schrayshuen (NGrid)	NPCC CP9 Reliability Standards Working Group	~									
35.	Donald Nelson (MA Dept. of Tele and Energy)	NPCC CP9 Reliability Standards Working Group									~	
36.	Ed Thompson (ConEd)	NPCC CP9 Reliability Standards Working Group	~									
37.	Ron Falsetti (IESO)	NPCC CP9 Reliability Standards Working Group		~								
38.	Alan Adamson (NYSRC)	NPCC CP9 Reliability Standards Working Group										~
39.	Jerad Barnhart	NSTAR Electric	~									
40.	Mike Anthony	Progress Energy Carolinas	~									
41.	Phil Riley	Public Service Commission of SC									✓	
42.	Mignon L. Clyburn	Public Service Commission of SC									~	
43.	Elizabeth B. Fleming	Public Service Commission of SC									✓	
44.	G. O'Neal Hamilton	Public Service Commission of SC									~	
45.	John E. Howard	Public Service Commission of SC									✓	
46.	Randy Mitchell	Public Service Commission of SC									✓	
47.	C. Robert Moseley	Public Service Commission of SC									✓	
48.	David A. Wright	Public Service Commission of SC			<u> </u>						✓	
49.	Mike Gentry	Salt River Project	✓									
50.	J.T. Wood	Southern Company Services, Inc.	✓									
51.	Marc Butts	Southern Company Services, Inc.	✓		<u> </u>							
52.	Roman Carter	Southern Company Services, Inc.	✓									
53.	Robert Jones	Southern Company Services, Inc.	✓		<u> </u>							
54.	Kathy Davis	Tennessee Valley Authority	✓									
55.	Sue Mangum Goins	Tennessee Valley Authority	✓									
56.	Earl Shockley	Tennessee Valley Authority	✓		<u> </u>							
57.	Jerry Landers	Tennessee Valley Authority	✓		<u> </u>							
58.	Mark Creech	Tennessee Valley Authority	✓									
59.	Ellis Rankin	TXU Electric Delivery Company	✓									
60.	Travis Besler	TXU Electric Delivery Company	✓									
61.	Nancy Bellows (WACM)	WECC Reliability Coordination Comments Work Group		~								
62.	Terry Baker (PRPA)	WECC Reliability Coordination Comments Work Group		~								
63.	Tom Botello (SCE)	WECC Reliability Coordination Comments Work Group		~								
64.	Richard Ellison (BPA)	WECC Reliability Coordination Comments Work Group		~								
65.	Mike Gentry (SRP)	WECC Reliability Coordination Comments Work Group		~								
66.	Robert Johnson (PSC)	WECC Reliability Coordination		✓								

Comment Report – System Restoration and Blackstart SAR

Commenter		Organization	Industry Segment									
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Comments Work Group										
67.	Greg Tillitson (CMRC)	WECC Reliability Coordination Comments Work Group		~								
68.	Martin Trence	Xcel Energy – NSP	~									

Index to Questions, Comments, and Responses

Do you believe that there is a reliability-related need to upgrade the requirements in this set of standards?

Question #1			
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment
ITC Transmission			Many of the items in the "To Do" lists appear administrative in nature, and not necessarily rooted in a reliability need. The requirements could use some upgrading, yes, but the need does not appear to be purely reliability-related.
Entergy Services, Inc.		$\mathbf{\nabla}$	We believe there is not a reliability-related need to upgrade the requirements in this set of standards. We do agree these standards need to be reviewed and revised to make them better standards.
Ameren		$\mathbf{\nabla}$	No additional comments.
Response: NERC has develor of the work is administrativ consistent. As we move for forward.	pped th /e in na rward t	e Relia ature, i hrougi	bility Standards Development Work Plan and this SAR is in support of that effort. While some t is believed that it will improve the standards and make them clearer, measurable and more in the standards development effort itself, we believe that the true reliability benefits will come
Salt River Project	\checkmark		Admittedly, there are some "holes" in the current version.
WECC Reliability Coordination Comments Work Group	$\mathbf{\nabla}$		There are gaps in the current version.
Kansas City Power & Light Company	$\mathbf{\nabla}$		There are reliability-related reasons to upgrade the requirements in these standards.
American Transmission Company	\checkmark		TC agrees that an upgrade is needed on this set of standards.
Midwest ISO, Inc.	$\mathbf{\nabla}$		We agree that the restoration-related standards need improvement.
Response: The SAR DT than need to continue the work.	nks the	comm	enters and as shown in the previous response, we believe that there is a reliability-related
Tennessee Valley Authority			We do not agree that there should be a requirement for an RC Restoration Plan in EOP-005. It may be appropriate to add a requirement in 005 that says the RC is aware of the TO and BA Plans but is not bound to it as they are looking at the bigger picture. The requirements in EOP-006, for the RC's role in System Restoration, are sufficient and as long as the Functional Model seperates entities then it is appropriate for their requirements to be in seperte standards as we see it. There is a "mix of requirements" between Advance Planning and Real-Time activities and we think they need to be seperated with section headings for the two. We don't understand what the "fill-in-the-blank" components are. We don't agree that Attachment 1 from EOP-005 should be moved into the requirements of the Standard. Instead, the industry should be asked to submit what they think should be included.
Response: This comment is Drafting Team (SDT) for co planning. This SAR covers four different	pertin nsidera	ent to ation w	the actual standards development and we will pass this comment on to the eventual Standards then applicability is reviewed. We do believe that the RC does have a role in restoration

Question #1							
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment				
as the standards are revised "Fill-in-the-blank" refers to Working Group identified th The actual revision of Attac	as the standards are revised. 'Fill-in-the-blank" refers to NERC standards that delegated requirements to regional entities. The NERC Regional Reliability Standards Working Group identified these standards as having 'fill-in-the-blank' requirements that need to be modified. The actual revision of Attachment L and its move to requirements is an action for the SDT to consider after bearing comments from the						
industry.							
Manitoba Hydro	\mathbf{V}		There is too much ambiguity in the requirements and measures, plus some requirements may allow too much leaway which may affect reliability of restoring the system. It is also not clear which standard is being reviewed; ie. the SAR form lists the first standard as EOP-005-0 but the comments are based on EOP-005-1.				
Response: The SAR DT agre	es witl	h the c	omments. The SAR will be amended to state that EOP-005-1 is the standard to be reviewed.				
Xcel Energy – NSP	\mathbf{N}		The structure of these and a few additional standards need to be revised to reflect a more realistic approach to planning, real-time execution, and measurable compliance to system restoration standards.				
Response: The SAR DT agre	es witl	h the c	omments.				
Entergy Services, Inc.	\mathbf{N}						
Alberta Electric System Operator	\mathbf{N}						
IRC Standards Review Committee	\mathbf{N}						
Hydro One Networks Inc.							
MISO Emergency Preparedness and System Restoration Working Group	$\mathbf{\overline{N}}$						
NPCC CP9 Reliability Standards Working Group	\mathbf{N}						
Dominion Virginia Power	\mathbf{N}						
Southern Company Services, Inc.	\mathbf{N}						
NSTAR Electric	\mathbf{N}						
American Electric Power	\mathbf{N}						
ISO New England	\mathbf{N}						
Progress Energy Carolinas	\mathbf{N}						
Public Service Commission of SC	\checkmark						

Question #1					
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment		
Independent Electricity System Operator	\mathbf{N}				
TXU Electric Delivery Company	$\mathbf{\nabla}$				

Do you agree with the scope of the proposed project? (The scope includes all the items noted on the 'Standard Review Forms' attached to the SAR as well as other improvements to the standards that meet the consensus of stakeholders, consistent with establishing high quality, enforceable, and technically sufficient bulk power system reliability standards.)

Question #2				
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment	
Tennessee Valley Authority		$\mathbf{\nabla}$	All of the "Standard Review Forms" refer to the Version 0 documentswhy not include the Version 1	
			that is due to go into affect in '07 for EOP-005 and EOP-006?	
Response: This was an erro	or and t	the SAI	R will be amended to handle the -1 versions.	
ITC Transmission		$\mathbf{\nabla}$	The scope of the SAR for EOP-006, 007, and 009 are overly vague. The scope of the SAR is indiscernable. The scope of the SAR for EOP-005 appears to desire industry debate on several topics more than it desires to actually upgrade a standard.	
IRC Standards Review Committee			The SRC would suggest that the SAR be clear that it will be a complete review of the subject requirements: to include the addition, deletion and modification of requirements as agreed to by public consensus and not be limited to the "TO DO LIST" identified in this draft.	
MISO Emergency Preparedness and System Restoration Working Group			The scope of this project should not be limited to just revising four Standards due to directives from regulatory bodies, but should be flexible to meet industry needs, whether additional or fewer Standards are required to address System Restoration and Blackstart needs. Review and modification of other existing Standards may be required (e.g.EOP-001).	
Southern Company Services, Inc.	Q	Ø	There is a concern that the SAR process is being skipped over (due to the granular nature of the recommendation changes) and the changes being recommended are more inclined to be addressed by the Standard (not SAR) drafting team. The SAR is not "clearly defining the scope". For example, they have started attaching some documents with the title "Standard Review Form". Those documents contain comments generated by FERC, NERC, and the industry. However, the SAR does not say whether these comments must be accomodated or whether they just need to be considered.	
Manitoba Hydro		V	Manitoba Hydro believes these standards need to be as high quality as possible, as consistent as possible and have the measurements in place to ensure reliability. This SAR should require that Violation Risk Factors (VRF's) be assigned to all the requirements in the revised standards and that the VRF's be included in the revised standards. This can be coordinated with the current activity on.	
Midwest ISO, Inc.		\checkmark	The scope should be more focused. Right now it looks like a laundry-list.	
Kansas City Power & Light Company			The scope needs to be more focused. EOP-5 All comments under the various groups identified are not specific enough to respond to except the comments under "FERC NOPR", "FERC Staff", 4 th bulleted item under "V0 Industry Comments" and all bullets under "Phase III/IV Comments". Agree with all bulleted items under "FERC NOPR" and "FERC Staff". Do not agree with bulleted items 1-7 or 10-12 and agree with bulleted items 8 & 9 under "Phase III/IV Comments". Regarding bulleted items 8 & 9 under "Phase III/IV Comments", would recommend the testing and training periodicity for R5 and R6 be on an annual basis.	

Question #2			
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment
			Do not agree that Load Serving Entities or Generation Owners should have restoration plans. The
			proposed EOP-5 version 1 does not include any requirement or applicability for the LSE and GO and this
			is the way it should be.
			EOP-6
			Agree with comments regarding the measures and the measures proposed in EOP-6 version 1. Do not
			agree with any of the other comments under "FERC NOPR" or "FERC Staff". The comments under
		L	"Regional Fill-in-the-Blank Team Comments" are not specific enough to respond to.
Response: The SAR DT appr	eciate	s these	e comments and we have considered them in our revision of the SAR.
NERC has developed the Rel		y Stand	dards Development work Plan and this SAR is in support of that effort. It is believed that it
Will improve the standards a	and ma	ake the	em clearer, measurable and more consistent.
Ine scope of the SAR is desi	Igned 1		Vide the SDT with sufficient flexibility to address all necessary revisions. Work is not to be
Changes to other standards	or are		2001 can be identified and passed on to the appropriate drafting team(c)
The development of Violatio	Such a	E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	-001 can be identified and passed on to the appropriate drafting team(s).
The SAP DT believes that at	a min	imum	there should be coordination between the various parties
Entorgy Sorvices Inc.	a min		There are several issues within the proposed SAD that concern scene, timing and sequence
Entergy Services, Inc.		\checkmark	There are several issues within the proposed SAK that concern scope, timing and sequence.
			Attachment 1 of EOP-005 contains elements that should be reviewed in the development of a
			restoration plan. However, we disagree with the SAR authors that - the conditions under which an entity
			is exempt from including an element in its system restortation plan need to be specified - should be
			deleted. All the reasons that a developer may need for not including an element can not be specified nor
			included in the requirements of a standard or a plan.
			The second paragraph of the Brief Description contains a statement that in EOP-005 the RC does not
			have any requirement to have a system restoration plan. We are not sure what the authors mean by
			this vague statement. However, we think it is appropriate and correct that the RC does not have a
			system restoration plan. We agree with the existing standards that the TOP and BA have restoration
			plans as required in EOP-005 and the RC assists with coordinating the implementation of those plans as
			required in EOP-006. Therefore, please delete the second paragraph of the Brief Description.
			The second sentence of the third paragraph of the Brief Description contains a statement about ensuring
			the lines of authority clarified under the RC (Project 2006-03) and Real-time Transmission Operations
			and Balancing of Load and Generation (Project 2007-03) are fully supported in the refinement of this set
			of standards. This sentence should be deleted. The SAR contains something identified as Project 2006-
			03 System Restoration and Blackstart which does not seem to address the lines of authority of the RC.
			In addition, there is no Project 2007-03 in the SAR so we can not agree to making the EOP standards
			conform to requirements that are not available. In addition, the lines of authority of the RC should be
			Contained in EUP-UU6.
		1	

Question #2			
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment
			We agree with the idea that the fill-in-the-blank components of EOP-007 and EOP-009 should be filled in, which is what we think is meant by the term "eliminate". We do not agree with the elimination of the fill-in-the-blanks if the authors really meant.
			We are concerned about the open-ended statements in the SAR. The statement that - development may include other imprevements to the standards deemed appropriate - should contain a statement that those other improvements will be limited to the standards and requirements identified in this SAR, and approval of this SAR is not an open-ended approval to change standards and requirements other than the standards identified in this SAR in other standards that directly concern system restoration and are directly applicable to this approved SAR.
Response: We agree that the	at the	brief d	lescription needs to be revised for clarity and have addressed that in the revised SAR.
The scope of the SAR is des	igned t	to prov	vide the SDT with sufficient flexibility to address all necessary revisions.
Dominion Virginia Power		V	Contrary to what the SAR says, there is indeed a requirement for Reliability Coordinators to have System Restoration Plans. In fact, requirement R3 of EOP-006 states, "The Reliability Coordinator shall have a Reliability Coordinator Area restoration plan that provides coordination between individual Transmission Operator restoration plans and that ensures reliability is maintained during system restoration events." With this requirement, it is not necessary for RCs to have restoration plans that are equivalent to the TO and BA plans. However, RCs must be involved in the development and approval of the TO and BA plans in order to ensure that the RC's over-arching plan is viable and actually maintains reliability during system restoration events.
Response: We do believe th	at the	RC doe	es have a role in restoration planning. The SAR DT believes that at a minimum there should be
coordination between the v	arious	partie	S.
Xcel Energy – NSP			It is questionable if the concept of a "Regional Restoration Plan" should remain in existence as the responsibility of implementing restoration plans lie with the Transmission Operator, Balancing Authority, Generator Operator (where applicable), and Reliability Coordinator. A Regional Reliability Organization is not structured to implement system restoration plans, their function has evolved for the most part to set standards and perform in conjunction with the ERO compliance monitoring. There are also critical utility infrastructure issues that need to be addressed in the sharing of restoration plans.
Response: The SAR DT appr RC does have a role in resto parties.	eciate pration	s these planni	comments and we have considered them in our revision of the SAR. We do believe that the ing. The SAR DT believes that at a minimum there should be coordination between the various
American Transmission Company			The SAR DT needs to provide a more detailed explanation as to the role of each entity that is checked under the "Reliability Functions" section, particularly those roles that have not been identified under the Applicability section for these Standards in the past, such as Planning Authority, Distribution Provider and Load Serving Entity.
			The SAR should task the SDT with developing a comprehensive set of standards that address blackstart planning, testing and coordination. In order to perform this task the team should be given wide latitude

Question #2			
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment
			in developing a new set of standards and requirements. Therefore the SAR should not limit the team to
			organize its work within a predefined number of standards as more standards may be required to
			address the roles of new entities not subject to these standards in the past.
			Does the SDT envision any major changes to the roles currently performed by the Transmission
			Operator, Balancing Authority, Reliability Authority, Generator Owner, Generator Operator? If so, what
			are they?
			Finally ATC believes that any proposed requirements for parties to execute contractual agreements, as
			described under "Phase III/IV comments" are outside the scope and purview of the SDT
			EOP-007-0
			ATC agrees that this standard should not apply to the RRO. ATC suggests that the SDT review Standard
			EOP-007-0 in terms of having the Reliability Coordinator perform those tasks currently performed by the
			RRO.
			EOP-005-1 (Attachment 1)
			Lastly, ATC would like to see a change to one of the conteness in the Brief Discription section of the
			SAR
			Third Sentence of the First Paragraph:
			"The Elements in the attachment need to be reviewed and the condition under which an entity is
			exempt"
			Suggested Change:
Deeperges The SAD DT area			I me elements in the attachment need to specify which entities are responsible for each element listed.
PC does have a role in rosto	eciate	s triese	e comments and we have considered them in our revision of the SAR. We do believe that the
narties	anon	Plaim	ing. The SAR DT believes that at a minimum there should be coordination between the various
The scope of the SAR is des	ianed [·]	to prov	vide the SDT with sufficient flexibility to address all necessary revisions.
Work is not to be limited to	the 'T	o Do Li	ist', nor are the items identified there mandatory revisions.
Ameren	N		Does this SAR apply to Reliability Standards EOP-005-0 and EOP-006-0, or to EOP-005-1 and EOP-006-
			1?
			We do not see a benefit to adding LSE's to the Applicability section of EOP-005-1, and we do not believe
	1	1	L adding LSE's to R4 of FOP-005-1 would contribute to the effectiveness of the restoration plan, and

Question #2				
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment	
			would make implementation of the plan more onerous.	
			We do not agree with deleting R11.5.4 of EOP-005-1. However, this item should be retained as a	
			consideration, not a requirement.	
Response: The SAR will be a	amend	ed to s	tate that the current standards will be reviewed. The SAR DT appreciates these comments and	
we have considered them in	n our re	evision	of the SAR.	
WECC Reliability	\mathbf{N}		The group agrees with the scope of the proposed project, but feels that clarification of the portion of	
Coordination Comments			blackstart and restoration plans that the reliability coordinator approves needs to be restricted to a	
Work Group			reasonable expectation. The Reliability Coordinator should review and approve only those portions of	
			individual restoration plans that establish the backbone power system. There is no need for the	
			Reliability Coordinator to be responsible for detailed plans of the BA, TO, GOP, LSE, etc. Specify the	
		L	portions of the individual plans that need Reliability Coordinator review and approval.	
Response: The SAR DT appr	eciate	s these	e comments and we have considered them in our revision of the SAR. We do believe that the	
RC does have a role in resto	pration	planni	ing. The SAR DT believes that at a minimum there should be coordination between the various	
parties.		ł		
Salt River Project	\square		The scope appears reasonable in order to provide measurable reauirements.	
Enterny Convision Inc.				
Entergy Services, Inc.	\checkmark			
Alberta Electric System				
Operator	\mathbf{V}			
Hydro One Networks Inc.				
Hydro one Networks me.	\checkmark			
NPCC CP9 Reliability				
Standards Working Group				
ISO New England	N			
Progress Energy Carolinas	$\mathbf{\nabla}$			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Independent Electricity	\checkmark			
System Operator				
NSTAR Electric	\checkmark			
American Electric Power				
	$\mathbf{\nabla}$			
Public Service Commission of		1		
SC				
TXU Electric Delivery		İ		
Company				

Please identify any additional revisions that should be incorporated into this set of standards, beyond those that have already been identified in the SAR.

Question #3				
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment	
American Transmission Company		$\mathbf{\nabla}$	References to Standard EOP-005-0 (Version 0) should be replaced with EOP-005-1 (Version 1) which will be effective on January 1, 2007.	
			References to Standard EOP-006-0 (Version 0) should be replaced with EOP-006-1 (Version 1) which will be effective on January 1, 2007.	
IRC Standards Review Committee			The SRC agrees that there is a need to review, upgrade and revise the Restoration and Blackstart set of standards. However, the SRC would also recommend the SAR be rewritten to clearly describe the scope of process being proposed.	
			At a minimum, the SAR should identify which standards will be under review: the version 0 or version 1 standards. It is unclear if and why EOP-005-0 and EOP-006-0 would be reviewed rather than EOP-005-1 and EOP-006-1.	
Response: The SAR will be we have considered them in	amend n our re	ed to s evision	tate that the current standards will be reviewed. The SAR DT appreciates these comments and of the SAR.	
Tennessee Valley Authority		\checkmark		
WECC Reliability Coordination Comments Work Group		\checkmark		
Salt River Project		\checkmark		
Response: No comment req	uired.			
Alberta Electric System Operator	$\mathbf{\Lambda}$		The AESO recommends the following revisions to be incorporated:	
			1. The SAR should refer to the most updated and current standards. Let's say EOP-005-1 and EOP-006- 1 and not EOP-005-0 and EOP-006-0	
			 Considering adding definitions to EOP-005-1 for: Partial or total shut down; 	
			 Vital telecommunications channels; System restoration; 	
			- Blackstart capability plan; and - System restoration plan.	
			3. Consider adding a requirement for Generator Operators to have generating facilities blackstart procedures. Those procedures shall be coordinated with the Transmission Operator's System Restoration plan.	
			4. Consider revising training in R6. Training requirements should be quoted as stated and required in a different standard, let's say PRC. And with regards to training, it shall be state "what" should be the	

Question #3			
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment
			 minimum training required for TO, BA and Generating facilities. And also, clarification as "what" is expected as "simulated exercises". What are those? It is DTS what is required? Or is it a table top adequate? 5. Consider defining what is as a minimum required criteria for "simulated exercises" in the understanding that it will not be practical to perform "an actual test" to the entire restoration plan. Further more, What is the meaning for simulation? DTS? Power flows? EMTP? Other? 6. Consider revising EOP-005-1 R9 "switching requirements" and trying not to be prescriptive in telling the "hows" instead of the "what" is required to comply with. The requirement should no be a "cook book". If considering keeping this requirement, then consider defining "switching requirements". 7. Consider revising EOP-005-1 R10 in order to clarify "simulation testing"
Response: The SAR will be	amend	ed to s	tate that the current standards will be reviewed.
Consideration of definitions	s is left	to the	SDT and this comment will be passed on to that team.
We feel that restoration tra	ine GO	and ge	eneraling facilities procedures to the revised SAR.
We feel that there is suffici	ent flex	xibility	in the SAR to handle the comments made in points 5 through 7 when the actual standard
revision work starts.			
Hydro One Networks Inc.			 In EOP-5, Compliance, Section 1.4.1 -Hydro One requests clarification of the phrase "critical load requirements". The phase can be interpreted as: (i) available and easily accessible loads to be restored for voltage control in network restoration on the bulk power system level. These are loads employed to expedite the restoration of the interconnection. (ii) loads of importance to health/safety/national security - police, hospitals, govt. offices. These are really distribution loads that are restored once the interconnection is restored and the transmission system is rebuilt. (iii) restoring off-site power to key transmission facilities. We suggest that mention of critical loads should be replaced by the restoration of critical transmission and generation facilities necessary to restore load. With regard to the Phase III/IV comments on EOP-005 Restoration Plans: (1) Locking the restoration to single, contractual cranking path. A robust restoration plan must be flexible. It is impossible to define in advance what equipment will be available for service in the aftermath of a system collapse. The concept of an explicitly defined cranking path, locked into a restoration plan by contractual requirements, precludes flexibility and is restrictive-further complicating what may be an intricate process. Identifying and communicating and coordinating the intended cranking path is a valid aspect

Question #3			
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment
			of restoration. This is included in the second bullet of the Phase III/IV comments. The fourth bullet of the Phase III/IV comments should be removed from the SAR. 2) R3- Placing emphasis on restoring local transmission. There is no need for the bullet on R3. The recommendation as noted encourages the restoration of local transmission and load at a higher priority than reestablishing the interconnection. Restoring the interconnection is the highest priority. In the process of achieving that end, some, minimal restoration of local transmission will be involved. This is in direct conflict with the industry comments on V0 Standards which requires modifications to assign priority to the integrity of the interconnection. Changing the emphasis of R3 should be removed from the SAR. 3) R11.5- Placing local load restoration above re-establishing the interconnection is a higher priority that the restoration of local load. R11.5 should be retained in the SAR. R6 mentions provideing training requirements however this training requirement is already in PER-002- R3.1. There is also a training requirement in PER-004 R4 for the RC requirement.
Independent Electricity System Operator			 This SAR updates EOP-005-0 and EOP-006-0 standards. The industry already approved EOP-005-1 & EOP-006-1. What will happen to those standards if this SAR is approved? Is this an oversight? A comment on the Compliance section of EOP-005. In EOP-005, Compliance, Section 1.4.1 - The intent of the phrase "critical load requirements" needs to be clarified. The phase can be interpreted as: (A) available and easily accessible loads to be restored for voltage control in network restoration on the bulk power system level. These are loads employed to expedite the restoration of the interconnection. (B) loads of importance to health/safety/national security - police, hospitals, govt. offices. These are really distribution loads that are restored once the interconnection is restored and the transmission system is rebuilt. (C) restoring off-site power to key transmission facilities.

Question #3			
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment
			We believe the intention of the phase is related to prioritization of load restoration at the local
			distribution level, and as such should be the very last item in any list of restoration planning and
			procedure.
			With as word to the Dhane ULUV commends on FOD 005 Destantion Dises
			With regard to the Phase III/IV comments on EOP-005 Restoration Plans:
			1) Locking the restoration to single, contractual cranking path.
			Flexibility is an essential element of a robust restoration plan. It impossible to define in advance what equipment will be available for service in the aftermath of a system collapse.
			The concept of an explicitly defined cranking path, locked into a restoration plan by contractual requirements, precludes flexibility. Identifying and communicating the coordination necessary to provide the intended cranking path is a valid aspect of restoration. This is included in the second bullet of the Phase III/IV comments. The fourth bullet of the Phase III/IV comments should be removed from the SAR.
			2) R3- Placing emphasis on restoring local transmission.
			There is no need for the bullet regarding placing emphasis on restoring local transmission in R3. The recommendation as noted encourages the restoration of local transmission and load at a higher priority than reestablishing the interconnection. Restoring the interconnection is the highest priority. In the process of achieving that end, some, minimal restoration of local transmission will be involved.
			This is in direct conflict with the industry comments on V0 Standards which requires modifications to assign priority to the integrity of the interconnection.
			The need for changing the emphasis of R3 should be removed from the SAR.
			3) R11.5- Placing local load restoration above re-establishing the interconnection.
			This follows the same argument addressed above. Restoration of the interconnection is a higher priority that the restoration of local load.
			R11.5 should be retained in the SAR.
			Comments on EOP-006 & EOP-007 Standards:
			EOP 006-1 R3 sates "The Reliability Coordinator shall have a Reliability Coordinator Area restoration

Question #3			
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment
			plan that provides coordination between individual Transmission Operator restoration plans and that
			ensures reliability is maintained during system restoration events."
			EOP 007 R1 states "Each Regional Reliability Organization shall establish and maintain a system BCP, as
			part of an overall coordinated Regional SRP"
			Is it an acceptable practice for a Reliability Coordinator, in approving its Transmission Operator
			with the interconnections, be deemed as an alternative to creating and maintaining regional plans?
			Otherwise the scope of such regional plans should be specified to limit their scale. Consider the large
			number of Transmission Operators (and restoration plans) in those Reliability Coordinator Areas with
			large footprints such as PJM, MISO and California ISO.
			The same consideration applies to a Regional Black Start Capability Plan as assessed by the Regional
			Reliability Organization. Given that black start is integral to system restoration how it is proposed to be
			handled in instances where the Reliability Coordinator Area differs from the RRO boundary?
			Additionally, FOR 00(, 1 should conture Delichility Coordinator to other Delichility Coordinator
			Additionally, EOP 006-1 should capture Reliability Coordinator to other Reliability Coordinator
			efforts together including joint participation in drills and evercises "
ISO New England			In EOP-5. Compliance. Section 1.4.1ISO New England requests clarification of the phrase "critical load
			requirements".
			The phase can be interpreted as:
			(A) available and easily accessible loads to be restored for voltage control in network restoration on the
			bulk power system level.
			(B) loads of importance to health/safety/national security - police, hospitals, govt. offices. These are
			really distribution loads that are restored once the interconnection is restored and the transmission
			system is reputit.
			(C) residning on-site power to key transmission facilities.
			ISO New England believes that the mention of critical load should be replaced by the restoration of
			critical transmission and generation facilities necessary to restore load.
			With regard to the Phase III/IV comments on EOP-005 Restoration Plans:
			1) Locking the restoration to single, contractual cranking path.
			Elexibility is an essential element of a robust restoration plan. It is impossible to define in advance what
			equipment will be available for service in the aftermath of a system collapse.

Question #3			
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment
			The concept of an explicitly defined cranking path, locked into a restoration plan by contractual requirements, precludes flexibility and is restrictive-further complicating what may be an intricate process. Identifying and communicating the coordination necessary to provide the intended cranking path is a valid aspect of restoration. This is included in the second bullet of the Phase III/IV comments. The fourth bullet of the Phase III/IV comments should be removed from the SAR.
			2) R3 - Placing emphasis on restoring local transmission.
			There is no need for the bullet on R3. The recommendation as noted encourages the restoration of local transmission and load at a higher priority than reestablishing the interconnection. Restoring the interconnection is the highest priority. In the process of achieving that end, some, restoration of local transmission will be involved.
			This is in direct conflict with the industry comments on V0 Standards which requires modifications to assign priority to the integrity of the interconnection.
			Changing the emphasis of R3 should be removed from the SAR.
			3) R11.5 - Placing local load restoration above re-establishing the interconnection.
			This follows the same argument addressed above. Restoration of the interconnection is a higher priority that the restoration of local load.
			R11.5 should be retained in the SAR.
			R6 mentions providing training requirements, however this training requirement is already in PER-002- R3.1. There is also a training requirement in PER-004 R4 for the RC requirement. Duplication should be avoided and training requirements should be included in a training standard.
NSTAR Electric			In EOP-5, Compliance, Section 1.4.1 -NSTAR Electric requests clarification of the phrase "critical load requirements".
			The phase can be interpreted as: (A) available and easily accessible loads to be restored for voltage control in network restoration on the bulk power system level.
			(B) loads of importance to health/safety/national security - police, hospitals, govt. offices. These are really distribution loads that are restored once the interconnection is restored and the transmission system is rebuilt.
			(C) restoring off-site power to key transmission facilities.
			NSTAR Electric believes that the mention of critical load should be replaced by the restoration of critical transmission and generation facilities necessary to restore load.

Question #3			
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment
			With regard to the Phase III/IV comments on EOP-005 Restoration Plans:
			1) Locking the restoration to single, contractual cranking path.
			Flexibility is an essential element of a robust restoration plan. It is impossible to define in advance what equipment will be available for service in the aftermath of a system collapse.
			The concept of an explicitly defined cranking path, locked into a restoration plan by contractual requirements, precludes flexibility and is restrictive-further complicating what may be an intricate process. Identifying and communicating the coordination necessary to provide the intended cranking path is a valid aspect of restoration. This is included in the second bullet of the Phase III/IV comments. The fourth bullet of the Phase III/IV comments should be removed from the SAR.
			2) R3 - Placing emphasis on restoring local transmission.
			There is no need for the bullet on R3. The recommendation as noted encourages the restoration of local transmission and load at a higher priority than reestablishing the interconnection. Restoring the interconnection is the highest priority. In the process of achieving that end, some, restoration of local transmission will be involved.
			This is in direct conflict with the industry comments on V0 Standards which requires modifications to assign priority to the integrity of the interconnection.
			Changing the emphasis of R3 should be removed from the SAR.
			3) R11.5 - Placing local load restoration above re-establishing the interconnection.
			This follows the same argument addressed above. Restoration of the interconnection is a higher priority that the restoration of local load.
			R11.5 should be retained in the SAR.
			R6 mentions providing training requirements, however this training requirement is already in PER-002- R3.1. There is also a training requirement in PER-004 R4 for the RC requirement. Duplication should be avoided and training requirements should be included in a training standard.
NPCC CP9 Reliability			In EOP-5, Compliance, Section 1.4.1 -NPCC requests clarification of the phrase "critical load
Standards Working Group			requirements".
			The phase can be interpreted as:
			(A) available and easily accessible loads to be restored for voltage control in network restoration on the

Question #3			
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment
			 bulk power system level. These are loads employed to expedite the restoration of the interconnection. (B) loads of importance to health/safety/national security - police, hospitals, govt. offices. These are really distribution loads that are restored once the interconnection is restored and the transmission system is rebuilt. (C) restoring off-site power to key transmission facilities.
			NPCC Participating members believe that the mention of critical load should be replaced by the restoration of critical transmission and generation facilities necessary to restore load.
			With regard to the Phase III/IV comments on EOP-005 Restoration Plans:
			1) Locking the restoration to single, contractual cranking path.
			Flexibility is an essential element of a robust restoration plan. It is impossible to define in advance what equipment will be available for service in the aftermath of a system collapse.
			The concept of an explicitly defined cranking path, locked into a restoration plan by contractual requirements, precludes flexibility and is restrictive-further complicating what may be an intricate process. Identifying and communicating the coordination necessary to provide the intended cranking path is a valid aspect of restoration. This is included in the second bullet of the Phase III/IV comments. The fourth bullet of the Phase III/IV comments should be removed from the SAR.
			2) R3- Placing emphasis on restoring local transmission.
			There is no need for the bullet on R3. The recommendation as noted encourages the restoration of local transmission and load at a higher priority than reestablishing the interconnection. Restoring the interconnection is the highest priority. In the process of achieving that end, some, minimal restoration of local transmission will be involved.
			This is in direct conflict with the industry comments on V0 Standards which requires modifications to assign priority to the integrity of the interconnection.
			Changing the emphasis of R3 should be removed from the SAR.
			3) R11.5- Placing local load restoration above re-establishing the interconnection.
			This follows the same argument addressed above. Restoration of the interconnection is a higher priority that the restoration of local load.
			R11.5 should be retained in the SAR.

Question #3				
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment	
			R6 mentions providing training requirements however this training requirement is already in PER-002- R3.1. There is also a training requirement in PER-004 R4 for the RC requirement.	
Response: We feel that the allow the SDT to address the	commonem at	ents mather and the appropriate the second s	ade are applicable to the standards effort and that the SAR contains sufficient flexibility to propriate time.	
MISO Emergency Preparedness and System Restoration Working Group	Ø		Regional Reliability Organizations (RRO's) do not have an active role in Emergency Operations, the applicability of EOP - 007 for RRO's is questionable. The requirements in EOP-007 should be applicable to the Reliability Coordinator function as it has the responsibility of maintaining integrity of the Bulk Electric System over a wide area and must coordinate its activities with its neighboring Reliability Coordinators.	
Response: We agree with the	he com	ment a	ind the revised SAR reflects this.	
Dominion Virginia Power			The existing standards (and the Functional Model) do not address the role of the Transmission Owner in system restoration. For example, assessment of the extent of isolation of a storm-ravaged system usually requires "boots on the ground" if normal data/voice communications are disrupted. Also, assessments of transmission asset damge requires visual inspections. Typically, it is Transmission Owner personnel who perform these assessments and inspections. Also, the repair of damaged transmission facilities and the determination of the readiness of those facilities to be re-energized is the responsibility of the asset owner. A determination of readiness for re-energization usually involves a re-examination of facility limits, calculation of short-circuit current availability, and an evaluation of protective relaying viability given the abnormal system topologies that can result from a major storm. These are typically Transmission Owner responsibilities. Transmission Owners have restoration plans to ensure that they are ready and able to perform these vital restoration tasks.	
Response: We do not believ	ve that	the TO	has an obligation for system restoration. Repair of facilities is beyond the scope of system	
restoration in these standa restoration as defined here assigned responsibilities.	rds. It is the	is a bu TOP ar	isiness obligation for the asset owner. We believe that the responsible entity for system Ind that the TOP will coordinate with whatever parties it needs to in order to accomplish its	
Southern Company Services, Inc.			Some items that need to be considered is that in some of the comments it recommends "Add a requirement for". Does this mean the standards drafting team must add a requirement or just have to consider adding the requirement and only do so if they think it is the right thing to do? Another example can be found in the scope section. The following statement is made: "EOP-005 only requires the Transmission Operator and the Balancing Authority to have a system resoration plan - the Reliability Coordinator does not have any requirement to have a system restoration plan." That is all that is said about it. Does this compel the standards drafting team to add a requirement for the Reliability Coordinator? Or does it merely mean that the SDT should consider adding a requirement? These examples need to be clear to the drafting team.	
Response: The scope of the to be limited to the 'To Do I	Response: The scope of the SAR is designed to provide the SDT with sufficient flexibility to address all necessary revisions. Work is not to be limited to the 'To Do List', nor are the items identified there mandatory revisions. We do believe that the RC does have a role in			
restoration planning. The S	SAR DT	believ	es that at a minimum there should be coordination between the various parties.	
Progress Energy Carolinas	\checkmark			

Question #3			
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment
			EOP-005:
			1. Requirements in EOP-005 should include a defintion of "periodically." We would recommend a periodicity of annually to coincide with annual requirement to review and update the restoration plan at least annually.
			2. R3 could be rolled into R1.
			EOP-006:
			The SAR indicates actions should be defined for R6. The actions taken to restore normal operations would depend on the operating emergency. Prescriptive actions should be avoided.
Response: We feel that the	comm	ents m	ade are applicable to the standards effort and that the SAR contains sufficient flexibility to
allow the SDT to address th	em at	the ap	propriate time.
Xcel Energy – NSP	Ŋ		Additional Standards that make reference to System Restoration Plans (e.g. EOP-001) should be
			reviewed and such references be removed from those standards as they are redundant, distracting, and
			provide no additional support to these standards being addressed in this SAR.
Response: Changes to other	r stand	lards s	uch as EOP-001 can be identified and passed on to the appropriate drafting team(s).
Manitoba Hydro			EOP-005-0 and -1
			Applicability - This should apply to Reliability Coordinators as well as TOs and BAs.
			R1 (-0 + -1) - As part of integrating the appendix items into the requirements section the last sentence
			of R1 could be eliminated.
			R5 (-0 + -1) - I think the testing period of the telecommunications systems should be defined as well as
			the type of testing that needs to be done. If auditors start asking questions about tests that are not
			defined or required its not fair to the entity being audited if they haven't performed that particular test.
			It should also be identified if main or backup systems need to be tested or if there should be backup
			systems.
			R6 (-0 + -1) - Reliability Coordinator needs to be included in the training of personnel as part of this
			standard. Also the type of training needs to be defined (simulations, table top exercises), and the base
			topics to be trained on (philosophy, building of islands, blackstart) should be defined.
			R7 (-0 + -1) - The type of testing of simulations should be defined; should dynamic stability studies, as
			sufficient unfortunately a simulation doesn't give you a complete enough evaluation
			PR(0) availability and location aren't enough to ensure the blackstart units can do the job, you also
			have to ensure the canability of the units and the number of units are sufficient to blackstart. Testing
			and studies need to be done to ensure the units can accomplish the task
			R8 (-1) - Verification should be done by dynamic voltage and frequency studies. Verification that the
			blackstart units are capable should be included with the "number, size, and location". The RRO isn't
			included in the Applicability section vet is looks like its their plan that the TO should be meeting instead
			of meeting the TO plan.

Question #3				
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment	
Commenter	Yes		Comment (a) - Its not clear as to which units this requirement is refering to, is it refering to a remote blackstart unit or other units on the system that need to be started as part of restoring the system? (R9.4.(-0) and R11.4.(-1) - For systems that have nuclear stations it should be made a part of their plans to give restoration of off-site power to the plants a high priority. (R9.5.1.(-0) and R11.5.1.(-1) - When tying two islands together the emphasis should be on minimizing the flow through the tie point once synched and closed rather than when voltage, frequency and phase angle permit. The resultant flow could be greater than expected if the system operator simply relies on the relaying to allow closing. Special attention should be paid to frequency and voltage when tying islands and bringing them as close as possible together prior to closing. R9.5.4.(-0) and R11.5.4.(-1) - Typically is not the surrounding areas that require shedding of load to reconnect. The surrounding areas usually means the stable or larger of areas meaning frequency in the surrounding areas should be good to start with. It's the area that want to synch that should be adding generation or shedding load to be able to synch with the surrounding areas. R10.(-1) - The word simulation comes up again, it should be defined what simulation is or whether its requirements", is it just identifying where critical loads exist so they can be brought on as part of the restoration plan. L.1.1.(-0) and 1.4.1.(-1) - its not clear what is meant by "identification of critical requirements", is it just identifying where critical loads exist so they can be brought on as part of the restoration plan. L.4.6.(-1) - the units to be started should be clarified. 1.4.7.(-1) - should refer to the TO retoration plan. If the reagional plan is included there needs to be a requirement to share the regional plan with the TOs. Attachment 1-EOP-005-0 and attachment EOP-005 - 3 It would be impractica	
			studies, voltage and frequency studies).	

Question #3				
Commenter	Yes	No	Comment	
			 R1.3.1 - What if it's the same one third that gets tested each year, the remaining two thirds may not be usable when the time comes to do a real restoration. You can't assume that each year a different one third will be tested. Also in order to provide training to plant personnel testing all blackstart units each year will ensure more plant operators are trained in the procedure. R1.3.2 - this needs to be more specific as to the type of testing required. Footer 1 - this should be included in the requirements section. EOP-009-0 R1 - Besides the RRO the TO has blackstart requirements that need to be met.	
Response: We feel that the	comme	ents m	ade are applicable to the standards effort and that the SAR contains sufficient flexibility to	
We de believe that the PC d	em at	the ap	propriate time.	
coordination between the v	arious	nartie	s	
Ameren			The VRE comments to EOP-005-1 are confusing. It is not certain to what these comments refer.	
Response: We feel that the	comme	ents m	ade are applicable to the standards effort and that the SAR contains sufficient flexibility to	
allow the SDT to address th	em at	the ap	propriate time.	
Midwest ISO, Inc.			This does not appear to be a yes-no question and may be an indication of the haste in putting this together. There are some good things mentioned in the SAR (better training, involvement of LSEs and Generators, etc.), but it appears this may well get out of control. The intent is to prepare for restoration, not to add scores of administrative requirements. We are concerned about the suggestion to have "blackstart agreements" and "cranking path agreements". Since we don't know how an event will evolve or propogate, restoration plans should be heavy on philosophy, simple to manage once implemented, and not overly prescriptive in detail. It appears this is going down a path to create a reference that will be used to second-guess operators after the fact when conditions require deviation from their plan.	
Response: The SAR DT than	ks you	for yo	ur comment and agrees that these are legitimate concerns.	
Entergy Services, Inc.			Should version 1 be the version subject to review and update? R1 - is the "loss of vital communications" necessary? This seems redundant to COM-001 R2 - the comment about correcting deficiencies during simulation exercises seems out of place. R3 - how is "coordination" defined? R10 & 10.1 - does this include testing of the generators as specified in EOP-009? Is it the same? Need clarification on this. VRFs need to be revisited. The proposed VRFs on the current ballot for thie Standards have administrative tasks rated as HIGH.	
			EOP-007-0 This standard contain requirements for a BCP that outlines blackstart unit testing requirements. Blackstart unit testing requirements should not be spread across several EOPs. Consolidate, Consider merging EOP-007 and 009, and the blackstart unit testing portions of EOP-005.	

Question #3	Question #3					
Commenter Yes No			Comment			
			EOP-009-0 See comments above.			
Response: The SAR will be a applicable to the standards time.	amend effort	ed to s and th	tate that the current standards will be reviewed. We feel that the comments made are at the SAR contains sufficient flexibility to allow the SDT to address them at the appropriate			
ITC Transmission			No comment.			
TXU Electric Delivery Company			No comment.			
Public Service Commission of SC			None identified.			
Entergy Services, Inc.			No additional revisions at this time.			
American Electric Power			None identified at this time.			
Kansas City Power & Light Company			No comment.			

Standard Authorization Request Form

Title of Proposed Standard Revisions to System Restoration and Blackstart Standards Project 2006-03

Request Date

October 26, 2006 January 18, 2007

SAR Reques	stor Information	SAR Type (<i>Check a box for each one that applies.</i>)		
Name	Richard J Kafka		New Standard	
Primary Cont	act Richard J Kafka		Revision to existing Standards EOP-005, EOP-006, EOP-007, EOP- 009	
Telephone Fax	(301) 469-5274 (301) 469-5235		Withdrawal of existing Standard	
E-mail	rjkafka@pepcoholdings.com		Urgent Action	

Purpose (Describe the purpose of the standard — what the standard will achieve in support of reliability.)

EOP-005-1 — System Restoration Plans

EOP-006-1 — Reliability Coordination - System Restoration

EOP-007-0 — Establish, Maintain, and Document a Regional Blackstart Capability Plan

EOP-009<u>-0</u> — Documentation of Blackstart Generating Unit Test Results

The purpose of revising the above four standards is to:

- 1. Provide an adequate level of reliability for the North American bulk power systems the standards are complete and the requirements are set at an appropriate level to ensure reliability.
- 2. Ensure they are enforceable as mandatory reliability standards with financial penalties the applicability to bulk power system owners, operators, and users, and as appropriate particular classes of facilities, are clearly defined; the purpose, requirements, and measures are results-focused and unambiguous; the consequences of violating the requirements are clear.
- 3. <u>IncorporateConsider</u> other general improvements described in the standards development work plan. (See attachments)
- 4. Consider stakeholder comments received during the initial development of the standards and other comments received from <u>Electric Reliability Organization (ERO)</u> regulatory authorities, as noted in the attached review sheets.
- 5. Satisfy the standards procedure requirement for five-year review of the standards.

Industry Need (Provide a detailed statement justifying the need for the proposed standard, along with any supporting documentation.)

When all else fails, the bulk power system requires a clearly defined and comprehensive set of standards to ensure the ability to successfully restore the integrity of the system. The existing standards lack specificity and measures to guide the industry in a consistent and reliable manner for system restoration.

EOP-005 iswas a Version 0 standard that was modified to add some requirements that were translated from the Phase III & IV measures thus creating a -1 version standard; EOP-006 is a -1 standard as of January 1, 2007; EOP-007, and EOP-009 are Version 0 standards. As the eElectric rReliability eOrganization begins enforcing compliance with reliability standards under Section 215 of the Federal Power Act in the United States and applicable statutes and regulations in Canada, the industry needs a set of clear, measurable, and enforceable reliability standards. The Version 0-current standards and the translation of Phase III & IV planning measures, while a good foundation, were translated from historical operating and planning policies and guides that were appropriate in an era of voluntary compliance. The Version 0-Version 0 standards, Phase III & IV standards, and recent updates were put in place as a temporary starting point to start up the eElectric rReliability eOrganization and begin enforcement of mandatory standards. However, it is important to update the standards in a timely manner, incorporating improvements to make the standards more suitable for enforcement and to capture prior recommendations that were deferred during the Version 0 and Phase III & IV translations.

In addition, FERC indicated it will not propose to accept or remand EOP-007-0, as it applies only to regional reliability organizations.

Brief Description (Describe the proposed standard in sufficient detail to clearly define the scope in a manner that can be easily understood by others.)

This project involves <u>reviewing and revising</u> upgrading the requirements in the four <u>referenced</u> standards <u>including</u>.

- Resolving the issue of associating compliance measures with Attachment 1-EOP-005 elements, Industry debate is needed over the contents of Attachment 1 in EOP-005. The attachment includes a list of elements that must be contained in a system restoration plan, 'if applicable'. The elements in the attachment need to be reviewed and the conditions under which an entity is exempt from including an element in its system restoration plan need to be specified. If possible, the required elements should be removed from the attachment and included in the body of the requirements.
- EOP-005 only requires the Transmission Operator TOP and the Balancing Authority BA to have a system restoration plan. The role of these and other entities, especially the Reliability Coordinator, needs to be defined. the Reliability Coordinator does not have any requirement to have a system restoration plan.
- Both EOP-005 and EOP-006 contain a mix of requirements that address advance planning and real-time operations. <u>The Standards Drafting Team (SDT) should</u> <u>consider the need to clearly delineate the two processes within the standards</u> <u>requirements.</u>
- These need to be carefully reviewed to ensure that the lines of authority clarified under the Reliability Coordination (Project 2006-03) and Real Time Transmission Operations and Balancing of Load and Generation (Project 2007-03) are fully supported in the refinement of this set of standards.
- <u>The elimination of EOP-007 and EOP-009 have some</u> 'fill-in-the-blank' components to eliminate in EOP-007-0 and EOP-009.
- The development may include oon the improvements to the standards deemed appropriate by the drafting team, with the consensus of stakeholders, consistent with establishing high quality, enforceable standards, and consistent with establishing technically sufficient bulk power system blackstart and reliability srestoration standards.

Work is not to be limited to the 'To Do Lists'. Those items shall be considered but are not mandatory revisions.

Throughout the process, the SDT should identify any conflicts that are found with other existing standards and bring them to the attention of the Standards Committee for resolution.

Reliability Functions

The Stand	ard will Apply t	o the Following Functions (Check box for each one that applies.)
	Reliability AuthorityCoo <u>rdinator</u>	Ensures the reliability of the bulk transmission system within its Reliability Authority area. This is the highest Reliability Authority. Responsible for the real-time operating reliability of its Reliability Coordinator Area in coordination with its neighboring Reliability Coordinator's wide area view.
	Balancing Authority	Integrates resource plans ahead of time, and maintains load- interchange-resource balance within its metered boundary and supports system frequency in real time.
	Interchange Authority	Authorizes valid and balanced Interchange Schedules. <u>Ensures</u> communication of interchange transactions for reliability evaluation purposes and coordinates implementation of valid and balanced interchange schedules between Balancing Authority Areas.
	Planning AuthorityCoo <u>rdinator</u>	Plans the Bulk Electric System. Assesses the longer-term reliability of its Planning Coordinator Area.
	Resource Planner	Develops a long-term (>one year) plan for the resource adequacy of <u>its</u> specific loads within <u>its portion of</u> a Planning <u>AuthorityCoordinator</u> area.
	Transmission Planner	Develops a long-term (>one year) plan for the reliability of transmission systems within its portion of the Planning Authority area. Develops a (>one year) plan for the reliability of the interconnected Bulk Electric System within its portion of the Planning Coordinator area.
	Transmission Service Provider	Provides transmission services to qualified market participants under applicable transmission service agreements Administers the transmission tariff and provides transmission services under applicable transmission service agreements (e.g., the pro forma tariff).
	Transmission Owner	Owns and maintains transmission facilities.
	Transmission Operator	Operates and maintains the transmission facilities, and executes switching orders. Ensures the real-time operating reliability of the transmission assets within a Transmission Operator Area.
	Distribution Provider	Provides and operates the "wires" between the transmission system and the customer. Delivers electrical energy to the End- use customer.
	Generator Owner	Owns and maintains-generation unit(s) generating facilities.
	Generator Operator	Operates generation unit(s) to provide real and reactive power.Operates generation unit(s) and performs the functions of supplying energy and Interconnected Operations Services.

Purchasing- Selling Entity	The function of purchasing or selling energy, capacity, and all necessary Interconnected Operations Services as required. Purchases or sells energy, capacity, and necessary reliability-related services as required.
Market Operator	Integrates energy, capacity, balancing, and transmission resources to achieve an economic, reliability-constrained dispatch. Interface point for reliability functions with commercial functions.
Load- Serving Entity	Secures energy and transmission <u>service</u> (and related generation <u>reliability-related</u> services) to serve the <u>end userEnd-use</u> <u>Customer</u> .

Reliability and Market Interface Principles

Ар	plica	ble Reliability Principles (Check box for all that apply.)
	1	Interconnected bulk electric systems shall be planned and operated in a coordinated manner to perform reliably under normal and abnormal conditions as defined in the NERC Standards.
	2	The frequency and voltage of interconnected bulk electric systems shall be controlled within defined limits through the balancing of real and reactive power supply and demand.
	3	Information necessary for the planning and operation of interconnected bulk electric systems shall be made available to those entities responsible for planning and operating the systems reliably.
	4	Plans for emergency operation and system restoration of interconnected bulk electric systems shall be developed, coordinated, maintained and implemented.
	5	Facilities for communication, monitoring and control shall be provided, used and maintained for the reliability of interconnected bulk electric systems.
	6	Personnel responsible for planning and operating interconnected bulk electric systems shall be trained, qualified, and have the responsibility and authority to implement actions.
	7	The security of the interconnected bulk electric systems shall be assessed, monitored and maintained on a wide area basis.
Do Pri	es th ncip	e proposed Standard comply with all of the following Market Interface es? (Select 'yes' or 'no' from the drop-down box.)
1.	The esse	planning and operation of bulk electric systems shall recognize that reliability is an ntial requirement of a robust North American economy. Yes
2.	An C adva	rganization Standard shall not give any market participant an unfair competitive ntage.Yes
3.	An C Yes	rganization Standard shall neither mandate nor prohibit any specific market structure.
4.	An C that	rganization Standard shall not preclude market solutions to achieving compliance with Standard. Yes
5.	An C infor non-	rganization Standard shall not require the public disclosure of commercially sensitive mation. All market participants shall have equal opportunity to access commercially sensitive information that is required for compliance with reliability standards. Yes

Related Standards

Standard No.	Explanation
<u>PER-002</u>	 <u>Applicable personnel must be trained in restoration and blackstart</u> procedures.
<u>—EOP-001</u>	

Related SARs

SAR ID	Explanation

Regional Differences

Region	Explanation
ERCOT	
FRCC	
MRO	
NPCC	
SERC	
RFC	
SPP	
WECC	

Standard Review Form Project 2006-03 System Restoration and Blackstart		
Standard #	EOP-005-0	Comments
Title	System Restoration Plans	Okay
Purpose		Okay
Applicability		Okay
Requirements	Conditions	Interconnection is capitalized.
	Who?	Okay
	Shall do what?	R2 mentions simulated exercises – where did that
		come from?
		R3 – isn't this a function of the extent of the
		outage?
		R5 – define periodically
		R6 – provide training requirements
		R8 – how do you verify?
		R115.2 – what does considered mean
		R11.5.3 – depends on extent
	Result or Outcome	Missing
Measures		2 M for 11 R
To Do List	FERC NOPR	
	 Include Measures 	; and
	 Identify time fram 	nes for training and review of restoration plan
	requirements to s	imulate contingencies and prepare operators for
	anticipated and u	nforeseen events.
	FERC staff report	
	 Periodicity of train 	ning
	 Lack of Measures 	
	o Drafting team sho	ank Team Comments ould address EOP-005, EOP-006 EOP-007 and EOP-
	009 concurrently.	Primarily, references in EOP-005, EOP-006, and
	EOP-009 to meet	RRU/Regional requirements need to be modified and
	EOP-007 needs to	
	O See Holes for EOF	
	Priority to integrit	is N of interconnection
	 BA doos not have 	all required information
	• Interdenendency	of planning and implementation missing as well as
	between function	al entities
	□ ISE & GO should	have plans
	 Additional element 	t consideration
	 Can't really test p 	lan
	Phase III/IV commen	ts
	 Add LSEs to Appli 	cability
	 Add a requirement 	t for a blackstart agreement between the
	transmission oper	ator and the generator owner - include items such as
	identification of ge	enerator owner/operator facilities required to
	participate in the	blackstart plan; when and how quickly a blackstart
	unit must respond	I; and what cranking path requires energization
	 Add a requirement 	t for a cranking path agreement between the
	transmission oper	ator and the generator owner/operator
	 Condense the req 	uirements and measures - R1 the requirement to
	develop the restor	ration plan and all the components required of that
	plan; and R2 the	requirement to prove and document that the plan

2006-03 System Restoration and Blackstart

works. Then, two measurements would follow: one to assess the contents of the plan and one to assess the simulation or testing of the
plan.
• Need to resolve the issue of the elements on the Attachment – are
these mandatory or not – there is a mismatch between R1 and levels
of non-compliance
• R3 – revise to place emphasis for TOP on restoring local transmission
system as preparation for restoring the integrity of the
\sim R4 – Add I SFs
 R5 – replace 'periodic' with a specific periodicity for testing
 R6 – add specificity to frequency and scope of required training
 R11.5 - replace the word, 'may' with: The affected Transmission
Operators shall not resynchronize the isolated area(s) with the
surrounding area(s) until the following conditions are met: the voltage,
frequency, and phase angle permit, the affected reliability
coordinator (s) and the adjacent areas are notified, and reliability
• Delete R11.5.4. It does not seem reasonable or logical for a control
area to be required to shed 5,000 MWs of load, for example, in order
for their neighbor to reconnect 1,000 MWs of their own load.
 R11.5. Should exclude islands within a system that do not affect
surrounding areas
VRF comments
 R1, 5 & 8 – Does not just apply to local restoration R2 – Could be broken up into 2 requirements
$\sim R_{11} A = \Delta m biguous$
\circ R11.5 - This needs to be looked at for 30 days - should be done prior
to access being granted.

Standard Review Form		
Project 2006-03 System Restoration and Blackstart		
Standard #	EOP-006-0	Comments
litte		Окау
	Coordination –	
Durnasa	System Restoration	Den/t need nomes
Purpose		Durit need names.
Applicability		
Applicability	Conditions	Okay
Requirements		Okay
	Shall da what?	OKdy DE burden is conitalized
		R5 – builden is capitalized
	Bocult or Outcome	No – define actions
Moocuroc		Missing Addressed by CESDT
To Do List		Addressed by CESD1.
TO DO LISU	 Poquiro that the r 	aliability coordinator be involved in the development
	 Require that the reliability coordinator be involved in the development and approval of restaration plans, and 	
	and approval of restoration plans, and 	
	FFRC staff report	
	\sim BC should be involved in approving TO & BA plans	
	\circ Expect new standard in November	
	Regional Fill-in-the-Blank Team Comments	
	• Drafting team should address FOP-005, FOP-006 FOP-007 and FOP-	
	009 concurrently Primarily references in EOP-005 EOP-006 and	
	EOP-009 to meet RRO/Regional requirements need to be modified and	
	EOP-007 needs to be more specific.	
	 See notes for EOP 	-007
Misc. Items		Compliance not specified but appears in CESDT
		version

Standard Review Form			
	Project 2006-03 System Restoration and Blackstart		
Standard #	EOP-007-0	Comments	
Title	Establish, Maintain,	Too long	
	and Document a		
	Regional Blackstart		
	Capability Plan		
Purpose		Need benefit or value proposition.	
Applicability		Need to check applicability for RRO as per SAR.	
Requirements	Conditions	Okay	
	Who?	Okay	
	Shall do what?	R1.1 – quicker if unit status changes	
	Result or Outcome	Missing	
Measures		M1 – need to spell out measures	
		M2 – define evidence	
To Do List	FERC NOPR		
	 Commission will r 	not propose to accept or remand EOP-007-0, as it	
	applies only to reg	gional reliability organizations.	
	FERC staff report		
	• Appropriateness of RRO questioned		
	Regional Fill-in-the-Blank Team Comments		
	o R1 & R2 considerations		
	V0 Industry Comments		
	 Clarify testing requirements 		
Misc. Items		Question reasonability of simulation as proof of	
		capability.	

Standard Review Form			
Project 2006-03 System Restoration and Blackstart			
Standard #	EOP-009-0	Comments	
Title	Documentation of	'Documentation of' could probably be dropped.	
	Blackstart Generating		
	Unit Test Results		
Purpose		Title and purpose do not align.	
		Same purpose as EOP-008.	
Applicability		Need to check applicability for GO & GOP as per	
		SAR.	
Requirements	Conditions	Okay	
	Who?	Okay	
	Shall do what?	R1 – do we need MW values?	
		R2 – within how many days?	
	Result or Outcome	Missing	
Measures		M1 only applies to R2 and needs to define	
		evidence.	
To Do List	FERC NOPR • No changes identified.		
	FERC staff report Lack of periodicity for testing Regional Fill-in-the-Blank Team Comments 		
	 Region mentioned in Requirements VO Industry Comments Distinction between RA & TO vs. RRO for test results 		

Questions for 2nd Posting

- 1. Do you agree with the revised scope of the proposed SAR?
- 2. The SAR DT has checked off a large number of responsible entities as being applicable entities. We have done this in order to provide sufficient flexibility to the eventual SDT and due to the fact that system restoration and blackstart can potentially touch so many different functional areas of operations.
 - a. Do you agree that the TOP should be responsible for securing blackstart services?
 - b. Do you agree that a Generator Owner and/or Generator Operator should have a documented plan for non-blackstart units to be restarted after a blackout?
- 3. Do you agree that the SAR is ready to move forward to the standards drafting stage?