

## **Project 2016-02 Consideration of Issues and Directives**

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Order No. 822 March 2018

Directives from FERC Order No. 822		
Paragraph	Directive Language	Consideration of Issue or Directive
53	53. As discussed in detail below, however, the	The Project 2016-02 Standard Drafting Team (SDT) drafted
	Commission concludes that modifications to CIP-006-6 to provide controls to protect, at a minimum, communication links and data communicated between bulk electric system Control Centers are necessary in light of the critical role Control Center communications play in maintaining bulk electric system reliability. Therefore, we adopt the NOPR proposal and direct that NERC, pursuant to section 215(d)(5) of the FPA, develop modifications to the CIP	Reliability Standard CIP-012-1 Requirement R1 to require responsible entities to implement one or more documented plan(s) to mitigate the risk of unauthorized disclosure or modification of Real-time Assessment and Real-time monitoring data while being transmitted between Bulk Electric System (BES) Control Centers. Due to the sensitivity of the data being transmitted between the Control Centers, the SDT created the standard to apply to all impact levels of BES Cyber Systems (i.e., high, medium, or low impact).
	Reliability Standards to require responsible entities to implement controls to protect, at a minimum, communication links and sensitive bulk electric system data communicated between bulk electric system Control Centers in a manner that is appropriately tailored to address the risks posed to the bulk electric system by the assets being protected (i.e., high, medium, or low impact).	<ul> <li>Based on operational risk, the SDT determined that Real-time Assessments and Real-time monitoring data was the appropriate scope of the requirement. This critical information is necessary for immediate situational awareness and real-time operation of the BES.</li> <li>The SDT has drafted the requirement allowing Responsible Entities the flexibility to apply protection to the</li> </ul>

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		communication links, the data, or both, consistent with their operational environments to satisfy the security objective of the Commission's directive
		FERC Order No. 822 specifically references CIP-006-6, which pertains to physical security controls. CIP-006-6, Requirement R1, Part 1.10 focuses on protecting the nonprogrammable communication components between Cyber Assets within the same ESP for medium and high impact BES Cyber Systems. The SDT asserts that most of the communications contemplated by FERC Order No. 822 are not within the same ESP, and, as such, CIP-006-6, Requirement R1, Part 1.10 would not be the appropriate location for this requirement.
54	54. NERC and other commenters recognize that inter- Control Center communications play a critical role in maintaining bulk electric system reliability by, among other things, helping to maintain situational awareness and reliable bulk electric system operations through timely and accurate communication between Control Centers. <sup>59</sup> We agree with this assessment. In order for certain responsible entities such as reliability coordinators, balancing authorities, and transmission operators to adequately perform their reliability	The SDT agrees that inter-Control Center communications play a critical role in Bulk Electric System reliability. Responsible Entities should therefore apply security measures to mitigate the risk of unauthorized disclosure or modification of Real- time Assessment and Real-time monitoring data. Since the current CIP Reliability Standards do not address this, the SDT has designed the requirement to protect the data while it is being transmitted between inter-entity and intra-entity Control Centers.
	functions, their associated control centers must be capable of receiving and storing a variety of sensitive	The SDT has drafted a requirement that allows responsible entities to apply protection to the communication links, the

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	bulk electric system data from interconnected entities. Accordingly, we find that additional measures to protect both the integrity and availability of sensitive bulk electric system data are warranted. <sup>60</sup> We also understand that the attributes of the data managed by responsible entities could require different information protection controls. <sup>61</sup> For instance, certain types of reliability data will be sensitive to data manipulation type attacks, while other types of reliability data will be sensitive to eavesdropping type attacks aimed at collecting operational information (such as line and equipment ratings and impedances). NERC should consider the differing attributes of bulk electric system data as it assesses the development of appropriate controls.	data, or both to satisfy the security objective consistent with the capabilities of the responsible entity's operational environment.	
	Footnotes: <sup>59</sup> NERC Comments at 20. <sup>60</sup> Protecting the integrity of bulk electric system data involves maintaining and ensuring the accuracy and consistency of inter-Control Center communications. Protecting the availability of bulk electric system data involves ensuring that required data is available when		

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	<sup>61</sup> Moreover, in order for certain responsible entities to	
	adequately perform their Reliability Functions, the	
	associated control centers must be capable of receiving	
	and storing a variety of sensitive data as specified by the	
	IRO and TOP Standards. For instance, pursuant to	
	Reliability Standard TOP-003-3, Requirements R1, R3	
	and R5, a transmission operator must maintain a	
	documented specification for data and distribute its	
	data specification to entities that have data required by	
	the transmission operator's Operational Planning	
	Analyses, Real-time Monitoring and Real-time	
	Assessments. Entities receiving a data specification must	
	satisfy the obligation of the documented specification.	
55	55. With regard to NERC's development of modifications	The SDT drafted Reliability Standard CIP-012-1 to mitigate the
	responsive to our directive, we agree with NERC and	risk of unauthorized disclosure or modification of Real-time
	other commenters that NERC should have flexibility in	Assessments and Real-time monitoring data while being
	the manner in which it addresses the Commission's	transmitted between Control Centers. The SDT developed and
	directive. Likewise, we find reasonable the principles	objective-based rather than prescriptive requirement. This
	outlined by NERC that protections for communication	approach will allow Responsible Entities flexibility in protecting
	links and sensitive bulk electric system data	these communications networks and sensitive BES data in a
	communicated between bulk electric system Control	manner suited to each of their respective operational
	Centers: (1) should not have an adverse effect on	environments. It will also allow Responsible Entities to
	reliability, including the recognition of instances where	implement protection that considers the risks noted by the
	the introduction of latency could have negative results;	Commission. The SDT identified a need to mitigate the risk of
	(2) should account for the risk levels of assets and	unauthorized disclosure or modification of Real-time Assessment

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	information being protected, and require protections that are commensurate with the risks presented; and (3) should be results-based in order to provide flexibility to account for the range of technologies and entities involved in bulk electric system communications. <sup>62</sup>	and Real-time monitoring data regardless of asset risk level. The proposal requires protection for all Real-time Assessment and Real-time monitoring data while being transmitted between Control Centers.
	Footnote:	
	<sup>62</sup> See NERC Comments at 20-21.	
56	56. We disagree with the assertion of NIPSCO and G&T Cooperatives that the risk posed by bulk electric system communication networks does not justify the costs of implementing controls. Communications between Control Centers over such networks are fundamental to the operations of the bulk electric system, and the record here does not persuade us that controls for such networks are not available at a reasonable cost (through encryption or otherwise). Nonetheless, we recognize that not all communication network components and data pose the same risk to bulk electric system reliability and may not require the	The SDT noted the FERC reference to additional Reliability Standards (TOP-003-3 and IRO-010-2) and the responsibilities to protect the data in accordance with those standards. The SDT interpreted these references as examples of potentially sensitive BES data and chose to base the CIP-012 requirements on the data specifications in TOP-003-3 and IRO-010-2. This consolidates scoping and helps ensure that Responsible Entities mitigate the risk of the unauthorized disclosure or modification of Real-time Assessment and Real-time monitoring data, rather than leaving the scoping of sensitive bulk electric system data to individual Responsible Entities.
	same level of protection. We expect NERC to develop controls that reflect the risk posed by the asset or data being protected, and that can be implemented in a reasonable manner. It is important to recognize that certain entities are already required to exchange	The SDT drafted CIP-012-1 to address confidentiality and integrity of Real-time Assessment and Real-time monitoring data. This was accomplished by drafting the requirement to mitigate the risk from unauthorized disclosure or modification. The SDT asserts that the availability of this data is already

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	necessary real-time and operational planning data through secured networks using a "mutually agreeable security protocol," regardless of the entity's	required by the performance obligation of the TOP and IRO Reliability Standards.
	size or impact level. <sup>63</sup> NERC's response to the directives in this Final Rule should identify the scope of sensitive bulk electric system data that must be protected and specify how the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of each type of bulk electric system data should be protected while it is being transmitted or at rest.	The SDT drafted CIP-012-1 to address the data while being transmitted. The SDT contends that this data is maintained within BES Cyber Systems, and is afforded the protections of CIP-003 through CIP-011 while at rest.
	Footnote: <sup>63</sup> See Reliability Standards TOP-003-3, Requirement R5 and IRO-010-2, Requirement R3.	
58	58. Several commenters sought clarification whether Control Centers owned by multiple registered entities would be included under the Commission's proposal. We clarify that the scope of the directed modifications apply to Control Center communications from facilities at all impact levels, regardless of ownership.	The SDT drafted CIP-012-1 to apply to all impact levels of BES Cyber Systems (i.e., high, medium, or low impact), regardless of ownership. The SDT designed the requirement to mitigate the risk of unauthorized disclosure or modification of Real-time Assessment and Real-time monitoring data while being transmitted between inter-entity and intra-entity BES Control
	The directed modification should encompass communication links and data for intra-Control Center and inter-Control Center communications.	Centers.

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62	62. Several commenters addressed encryption and latency. Based on the record in this proceeding, it is reasonable to conclude that any lag in communication speed resulting from implementation of protections should only be measureable on the order of milliseconds and, therefore, will not adversely impact Control Center communications. Several commenters raise possible technical implementation difficulties with integrating encryption technologies into their current communications networks. Such technical issues should be considered by the standard drafting team when developing modifications in response to this directive, and may be resolved, e.g., by making certain aspects of the revised CIP Standards eligible for Technical Feasibility Exceptions.	The SDT developed an objective-based rather than prescriptive requirement. This approach will allow Responsible Entities flexibility in mitigating the risk of unauthorized disclosure or modification of Real-time Assessments and Real-time monitoring data in a manner suited to each of their respective operational environments. It will also allow Responsible Entities to implement protection that considers the risks noted by the Commission.