

Lesson Learned Auxiliary Relay Contact Contamination

Primary Interest Group

Transmission Owners (TO) Generation Owners (GO) Distribution Providers (DP)

Problem Statement

A substation circuit breaker may have failed to operate because of possible auxiliary relay contact oxidation.

Details

A fault occurred that required the associated protection system to actuate. One of the substation circuit breakers designed to open by the scheme failed to do so, correctly initiating a breaker failure operation. This caused adjacent protection schemes to correctly operate to isolate the fault.

Following the event, during troubleshooting, the breaker once again failed to trip on the first test attempt. In subsequent tests, the breaker operated properly.

Upon further investigation, the contacts for the auxiliary relays were examined and were noted to be visibly tarnished. This sequence of events indicates that possible sulfidation may have degraded circuit integrity and prevented the breaker from tripping.

Corrective Actions

The entity burnished the contacts for all auxiliary relays in the affected protection scheme, and performed functional tests that verified the integrity of the circuit before returning the protection scheme to service.

The entity evaluated its auxiliary relay contact maintenance practices and modified its inspection procedures to include inspecting (where possible and practical) for signs of contamination (corrosion, oxidation, sulfidation, environmental) and to clean the contacts if necessary as part of the maintenance interval.

Lesson Learned

The entity periodically functionally tests its protection system, which includes functional checks of auxiliary relay contacts. However, this event raised questions about contact integrity due to possible sulfidation, oxidation, and contamination. Entities should review and evaluate their maintenance and inspection practices for the auxiliary relay contacts to ensure these problems do not occur. Entities may also want to consider if any environmental factors warrant more frequent inspection of auxiliary relay contacts.



Click here for: <u>Lesson Learned Comment Form</u>

For more Information please contact:

NERC – Lessons Learned (via email) Steve Ashbaker (via email) or (801) 883-6840

Source of Lesson Learned: Western Electricity Coordinating Council

Lesson Learned #: 20120601

Date Published: June 19, 2012

Category: Relaying and Protection Systems

This document is designed to convey lessons learned from NERC's various activities. It is not intended to establish new requirements under NERC's Reliability Standards or to modify the requirements in any existing reliability standards. Compliance will continue to be determined based on language in the NERC Reliability Standards as they may be amended from time to time. Implementation of this lesson learned is not a substitute for compliance with requirements in NERC's Reliability Standards.