

M-4.1								
Inertia and Rate-of-Ch	ange-of-Frequency							
Submittal Date	Accepted March 16, 2022 November 30, 2021							
Proposal Type	New 🖂	Revision 🗆	Metric Analysis 🗆					
Definition	The metric will track and monitor Interconnection Frequency Response between the starting frequency (A- point) and the lowest nadir frequency (C-point).							
	 Red (actionable): Any statistical decline in the arresting period rolling five-year time trend or any instance or Under Frequency Load Shedding (UFLS) activation due to a sudden generation loss 							
Rating Criteria	• Yellow (monitor): Two or more consecutive years of decline in the arresting period, but statistically stable in the rolling five-year time trend							
	• White (stable): Statistically stable in the arresting period rolling five-year time trend, with no more than one year below the rolling five-year average							
	• Green (good/improving): Statistical improvement in the arresting period rolling five-year time trend							
	How will it be suited to indicate performance: Inertia is the tendency of the system to maintain 60 Hz during a disruption without any resource response. It is an essential component for the reliable operation of the bulk power system, particularly during disturbances and restoration. With the changes in resource mix to more renewable resources, inertia provided by traditional mechanical synchronous machines will be replaced by synthetic inertia provided by electronic power converters.							
	Without sufficient system inertia, loss of resource events that result in low frequency can quickly degrade (as measured by Rate of Change of Frequency (RoCoF) and result in tripping of the first stage of under frequency load shed (UFLS) before resources that provide primary frequency response can respond.							
Purpose	With the changes in generation resource mix, there is evidence of a decline in inertia in the different interconnections.							



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	In the BAL-003-2 Standard, the Interconnection Frequency Response Obligation (IFRO) is calculated on the that frequency will be arrested above the first stage of UFLS for the Interconnection Resource Loss Protec Criteria (RLPC).				
	The Interconnection A-C Frequency Response metric data will measure the ability of the Interconnection to arrest a frequency decline before it reaches the first stage of UFLS. Trends and analysis of this data will assist in assessing the impact of changing resource mix and the decline in inertia for the interconnections, as well as identify if additional actions may be needed to assure adequate frequency response in North America.				
Formula or Type of Statistical Analysis	Average and median A-C frequency response for all events selected by the NERC Frequency Working Group (FWG) via the Resources Subcommittee.				
Time Horizon	Historic view				
Metric Start Time or Baseline	2015 or when data is first available				
Data Collection Interval and Roll Up	Interconnection A-C Frequency Response will be calculated from the same events selected for the M-4 metric. M-4 frequency events are selected quarterly by the Frequency Working Group (FWG) utilizing event selection criteria defined in the FWG Frequency Event Selection Process Document. The M-4 frequency event Operating Year is from December 1st through November 30th.				
	The Interconnection A-C Frequency Response metric will utilize the same data sources currently used for the M-4 metric.				
Ease of Collection	Frequency data for all four Interconnections are available to NERC staff through the University of Tennessee by using the Frequency Monitoring Network (FNet). The data consists of sub-second high-speed frequency values (10 samples per second) captured by FNet's frequency disturbance recorders. Phasor Measurement Unit (PMU) may also be used, if available, for each Interconnection.				
Aggregation	Interconnection				
Links to NERC Standard	BAL-003-2				



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Data Source	10 samples per second FNET data from the University of Tennessee Knoxville (UTK) and other NERC data sources as validated by the Frequency Working Group (FWG) via the Resources Subcommittee. This became effective on December 1, 2020.								
Data Source Owner	Resources Subcommittee								
Data to be Submitted By	Balancing Authorities								
Revision History	Reviewed February 19, 2025								
PAS and NERC Staff Use									
Need for Validation or Pilot	N/A								
SMART Rating PAS SMART rating of proposed	Total Score	Specific/Simple	Measurable	Attainable	Relevant	Tangible/ Timely			
metric, metric revision, or new metric analysis method	14	2	3	3	3	3			
Publications and Documentation	PAS and NERC staff decide if metric reported in SOR report or other NERC publication. Style: Scatter plots and box plots of Interconnection A-C Frequency Response trends with linear regression for a minimum three-year period. Tables with minimum Interconnection A-C Frequency Response by year for the entire available dataset.								