

Southwest and Pacific Northwest/Rocky Mountains

Resource and energy adequacy is a significant concern across most of the Western Interconnection. Though new flexible resources have been added in California, peak demand projections have also increased in many parts of the west, and overall resource capacity is lower compared to 2020. Increasing demand and lower resource capacity could limit transfers.

MISO and New England

High electricity demand caused by above average temperatures is likely to exceed available capacity resources and require additional nonfirm transfers from surrounding areas.



ERCOT

Planning reserve margins increased to 15.3%; however, above average temperatures or less-than-expected wind output can cause energy challenges. Given significant penetration of wind resources, operators must have sufficient flexible resources to cover periods of low-wind output.