

Management of Shared Cyber Infrastructure

Project 2016-02 CIP Standards – Management Virtualization

Project 2016-02 CIP Standards Drafting Team August 6, 2020

RELIABILITY | RESILIENCE | SECURITY













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Please use the Q&A feature in WebEx to ask any relevant questions during the presentation. We will be holding questions until the end of the presentation.



These changes to CIP standards are to **ENABLE** new methods/models

NOT

REQUIRE Them



- Management Plane/ Data Plane Concepts
- Protecting the Management of SCI
- SCI Management
- Management Systems, Management Interfaces and Management Modules
- Changes in CIP-005, CIP-007 and CIP-010
- Backwards Compatibility



Management Plane / Data Plane

- What is Shared Cyber Infrastructure (SCI)?
 - One or more programmable electronic devices (excluding Management Modules) and their software that share their computer or storage resources with one or more Virtual Cyber Assets or other Cyber Assets; including Management Systems used to initialize, deploy, or configure the SCI.
- The last posting in Aug 2019 introduced the concepts of the SCI Management Plane and SCI Data Plane.





Security Objectives for the **Protection of SCI**

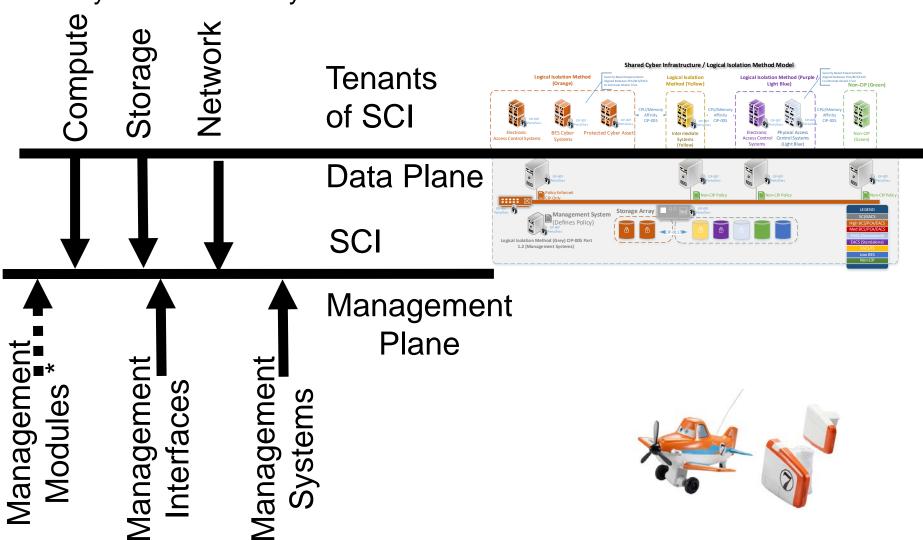
- Protect the SCI at least as well as the highest rated tenants running on that SCI (i.e. BES Cyber Systems)
 - How The addition of SCI as an Applicable System in the CIP Standards
- Protect the ability to configure or manage SCI from the tenants of that SCI
 - How The addition of new technical objectives around the concepts expressed in the "Management Plane"





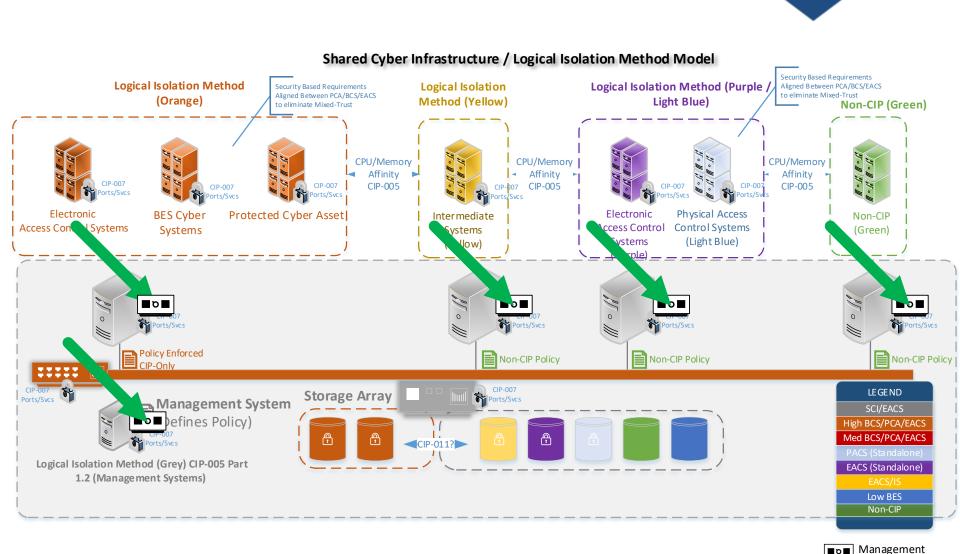
Management Plane / Data Plane

Virtual Cyber Assets or Cyber Assets





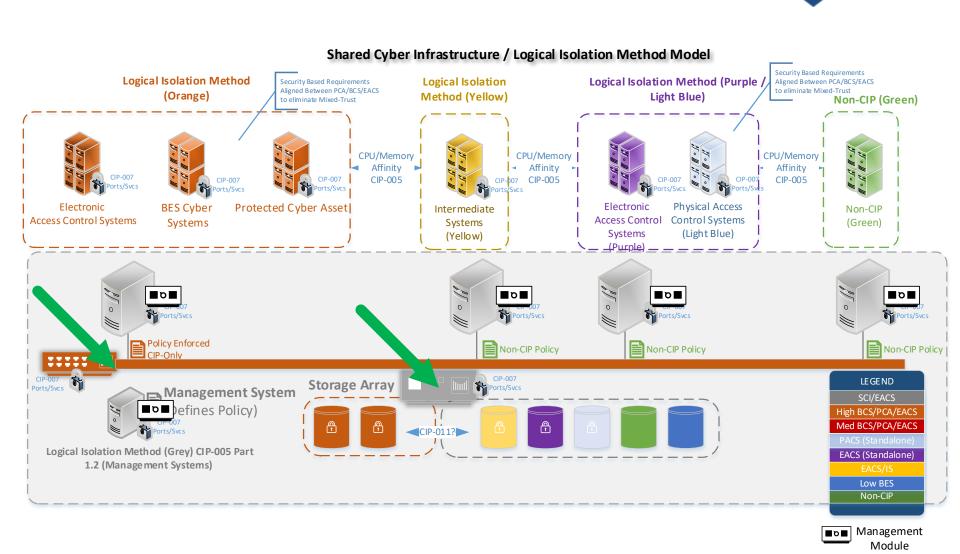
Management Modules



Module

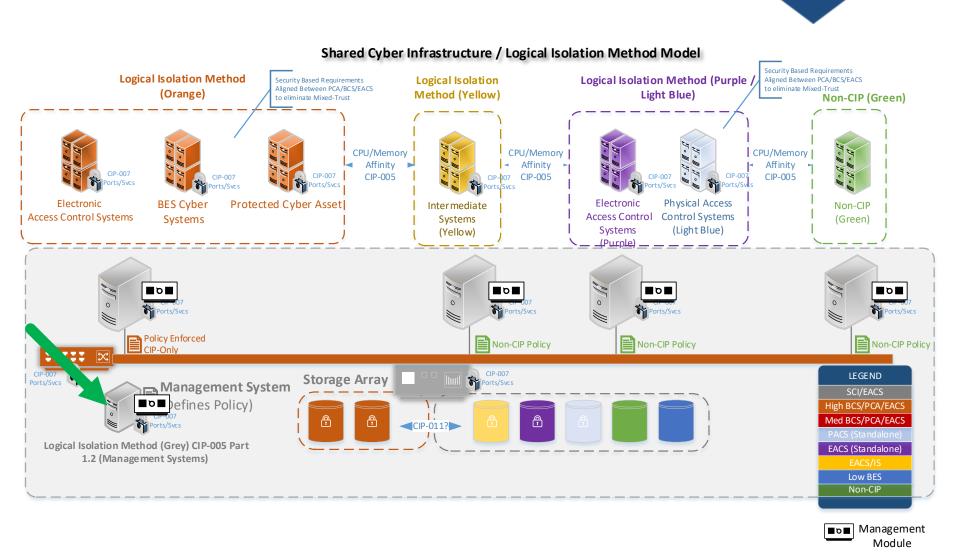


Management Interface





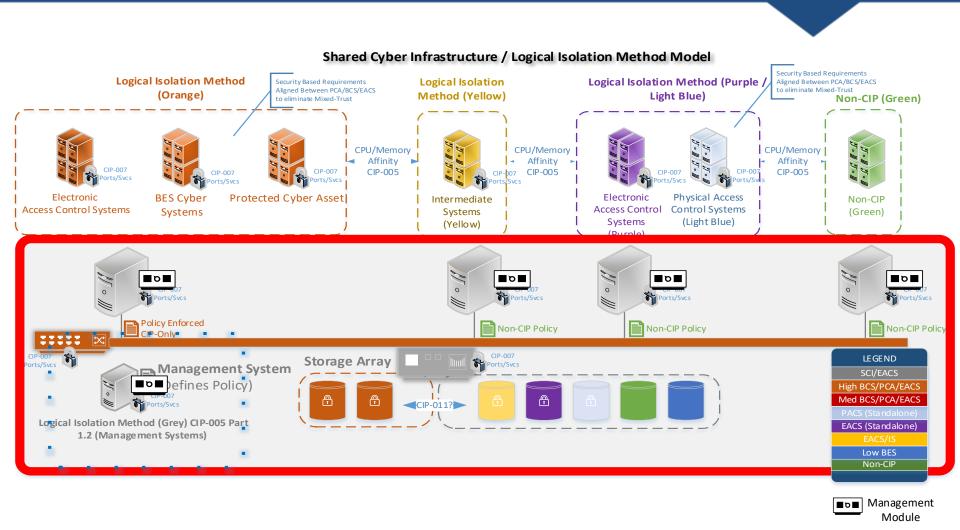
Management System





Part Applicable Systems	CIP-005-7 Table R1 – Logical Isolation Requirements	Measures
SCI hosting High or Medium Impact BCS or their associated PACS, EACMS, or PCA. Management Modules of SCI hosting High or Medium Impact BCS or their associated PACS, EACMS, or PCA. EACMS that perform logical isolation for a High impact BES Cyber System. EACMS that perform logical isolation for a Medium impact BES Cyber System.	 1.2.1. Management Systems may only share CPU and memory with other Management Systems and its associated SCI, per system capability. 1.2.2. Have one or more methods for permitting only needed and controlled communications to and from its Management Interfaces and Management Systems, logically isolating all other communications. 1.2.3. Deny communications from BES Cyber Systems and their associated PCAs to the Management Interfaces and Management Systems. 	 Examples of evidence may include, but is not limited to, documentation that includes the configuration of systems that enforce access control and logical isolation such as: Logically isolated out-of-band network infrastructure configuration (ACL, VLAN, VXLAN, MPLS, VRF, multi-context, or multi tenant environment) Physically isolated out-of-band network for dedicated Management Interfaces, Management Modules, or Management Systems SCI configuration or policies showing the isolation of the management plane resources (hypervisor, fabric, back-plane, or SAN configuration)

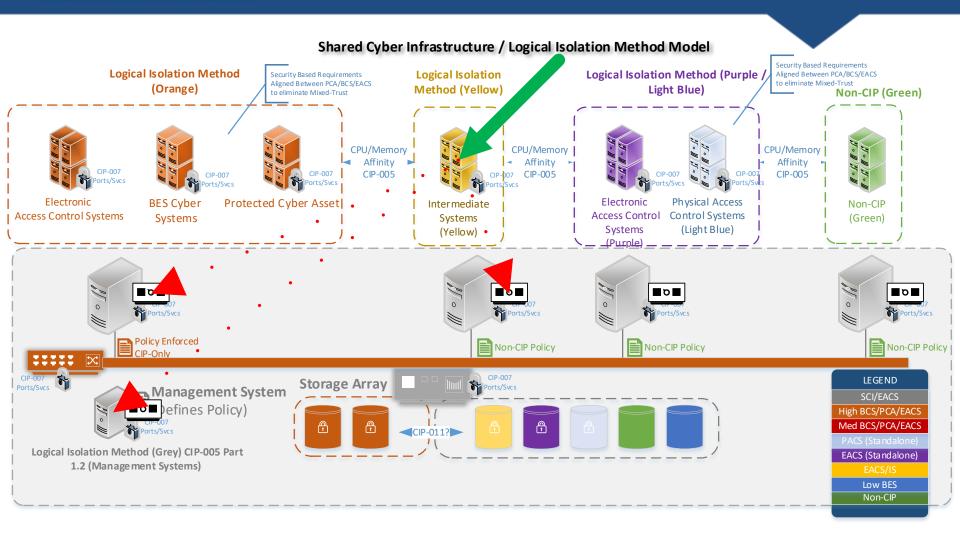






	CIP-005-6 Table R2 – Remote Access Management				
Part	Applicable Systems	Requirements	Measures		
2.1	High Impact BES Cyber Systems and their associated PCA.	Ensure that authorized Interactive Remote Access is through an Intermediate System.	Examples of evidence may include, but are not limited to, network, diagrams, architecture documents, or		
	Medium Impact BES Cyber Systems with IRA and their associated PCA.	intermediate system.	Management Systems reports that show all IRA is through an IS.		
	SCI with IRA hosting High or Medium Impact BCS or				
	their associated PACS, EACMS, or PCA.				
	Management Modules with IRA of SCI hosting High				
	or Medium Impact BCS or their associated PACS,				
	EACMS, or PCA				







	CIP-007-7	Table R1–System Hardening	
Part	Applicable Systems	Requirements	Measures
1.2	High Impact BES Cyber Systems and their associated PCA. Medium Impact BES Cyber Systems at Control Centers and their associated PCA. SCI at Control Centers hosting High or Medium Impact BCS or their associated PCA. Management Modules of SCI at Control Centers hosting High or Medium Impact BCS or their associated PACS, EACMS, or PCA Non-programmable communications components within a PSP that are not logically isolated from High or Medium impact BES Cyber Systems at	Protect against the use of unnecessary physical input/output ports used for network connectivity, console commands, or Removable Media.	An example of evidence may include, but is not limited to, documentation showing types of protection of physical input/output ports, either logically through system configuration or physically using a port lock or signage.





	CIP-007-7 Table R1–System Hardening				
Part	Applicable Systems	Requirements	Measures		
1.3	SCI hosting High or Medium Impact BCS or their associated PACS, EACMS, or PCA. Management Modules of SCI hosting High or Medium Impact BCS or their associated PACS, EACMS, or PCA.	Enable only services that have been determined to be needed by the Responsible Entity, per system capability.	 Examples of evidence may include, but are not limited to: Documentation of implemented hardening guidelines Configuration management reporting 		



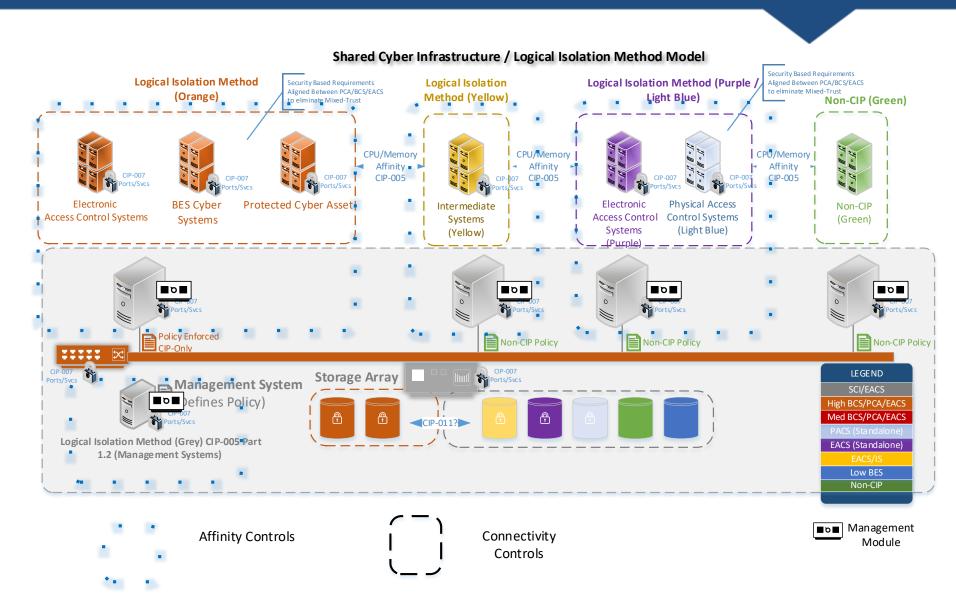


	CIP-007-7 Table R2 – Security Patch Management				
Part	Applicable Systems	Requirements	Measures		
2.1	High Impact BES Cyber Systems and their associated: 1. EACMS; 2. PACS; and 3. PCA Medium Impact BES Cyber Systems and their associated: 1. EACMS; 2. PACS; and 3. PCA SCI hosting High or Medium Impact BCS or their associated PACS, EACMS, or PCA. Management Modules of SCI hosting High or Medium Impact BCS or their associated PACS, EACMS, or PCA.	A patch management process for tracking, evaluating, and installing cyber security patches. The tracking portion shall include the identification of a source or sources that the Responsible Entity tracks for the release of cyber security patches for systems that are updateable and for which a patching source exists.	An example of evidence may include, but is not limited to, documentation of a patch management process and documentation or lists of sources that are monitored.		



CIP-010-4 Table R1 — Change Management				
Part Applicable Systems	Requirements	Measures		
1.1 High Impact BES Cyber Systems and their associated: 1. EACMS; 2. PACS; and 3. PCA Medium Impact BES Cyber Systems and their associated: 1. EACMS; 2. PACS; and 3. PCA SCI hosting High or Medium Impact BCS or their associated PACS, EACMS, or PCA. Management Modules of SCI hosting High or Medium Impact BCS or their associated PACS, EACMS, or PCA.	 Operating system(s) or firmware or images used to derive operating systems or firmware; Commercially available or open-source application software including Self-Contained Applications; Custom software installed including Self-Contained Applications; Logical network connectivity; Security patches applied; SCI configuration that: 1.1.6.1. Enforces electronic access control that permits only needed and controlled communication between systems with different impact ratings hosted on SCI; 1.1.6.2. Enforces logical isolation between systems with different impact ratings hosted on SCI; 1.1.6.3 Prevents sharing of CPU/Memory between systems with different impact ratings hosted on SCI; and 1.1.6.4 Enables or disables services on SCI. 	Examples of evidence may include, but are not limited to: • A change request record and associated electronic authorization (performed by the individual or group with the authority to authorize the change) in a change management system for each change		







		CIP-010-4 Table R1 – Change Management	
Part	Applicable Systems	Requirements	Measures
1.2	High Impact BES Cyber Systems and their associated: 1. EACMS; 2. PACS; and 3. PCA Medium Impact BES Cyber Systems and their associated: 1. EACMS; 2. PACS; and 3. PCA SCI hosting High or Medium Impact BCS or their associated PACS, EACMS, or PCA. Management Modules of SCI hosting High or Medium Impact BCS or their associated PACS, EACMS, or PCA.	 For each change to the items listed in Part 1.1: 1.2.1. Prior to the change, determine required cyber security controls in CIP-005 and CIP-007 that could be impacted by the change; 1.2.2. Following the change, verify that required cyber security controls determined in 1.2.1 are not adversely affected; and 1.2.3. Document the results of the verification. 	An example of evidence may include, but is not limited to, a list of cyber security controls verified or tested along with the dated test results.



	CIP-007-7	7 Table R2 – Security Patch Managementt	
Part	Applicable Systems	Requirements	Measures
1.4	High Impact BES Cyber Systems Medium Impact BES Cyber Systems SCI hosting High or Medium Impact BCS. Management Modules of SCI hosting High or Medium Impact BCS. Note: Implementation does not require the Responsible Entity to renegotiate or abrogate existing contracts (including amendments to master agreements and purchase orders). Additionally, the following issues are beyond the scope of Part 1.6: (1) the actual terms and conditions of a procurement contract; and (2) vendor performance and adherence to a contract.	Prior to a change associated with Requirement Parts 1.1.1, 1.1.2, and 1.1.5, and when the method to do so is available to the Responsible Entity from the software source: 1.4.1. Verify the identity of the software source; and 1.4.2. Verify the integrity of the software obtained from the software source.	An example of evidence may include, but is not limited to a change request record that demonstrates the verification of identity of the software source and integrity of the software was performed prior to the baseline change or a process which documents the mechanisms in place that would automatically ensure the identity of the software source and integrity of the software.



Doub		le R3 – Vulnerability Assessments	
3.1 High Impact BES Cyassociated: 1. EACMS; 2. PACS; and 3. PCA Medium Impact BE associated: 1. EACMS; 2. PACS; and 3. PCA SCI hosting High or associated PACS, E. Management Mod	yber Systems and their ES Cyber Systems and their r Medium Impact BCS or their ACMS, or PCA. Jules of SCI hosting High or CS or their associated PACS,	At least once every 15 calendar months, conduct a paper or active vulnerability assessment.	Examples of evidence may include, but are not limited to: A document listing the date of the assessment (performed at least once every 15 calendar months), the controls assessed for each BES Cyber System along with the method of assessment; or A document listing the date of the assessment and the output of any tools used to perform the assessment.



Backward Compatibility – Management Modules

- SCI One or more programmable electronic devices (excluding Management Modules) and their software that share their computer or storage resources with one or more Virtual Cyber Assets or other Cyber Assets; including Management Systems used to initialize, deploy, or configure the SCI.
- Existing Management Modules: Existing Management Modules remain as they were previously. The new requirements are built around Management Modules of SCI. Where SCI is not used , these particular requirements will not apply



Management Systems of SCI vs. Existing Management Systems

- Management Systems Any combination of Cyber Assets or Virtual Cyber Assets that establish and maintain the integrity of Virtual Cyber Assets or Cyber Assets, through control of the processes for initializing, deploying and configuring those assets and systems; excluding Management Modules.
- Existing Cyber Assets that are used for the management of systems such as a software distribution system management station or a anti malware management station but not used to initialize, deploy or configure SCI will remain classified as they were before.
- The exception are existing systems that are also used to manage the logical isolation of SCI such as a centralized firewall management station.

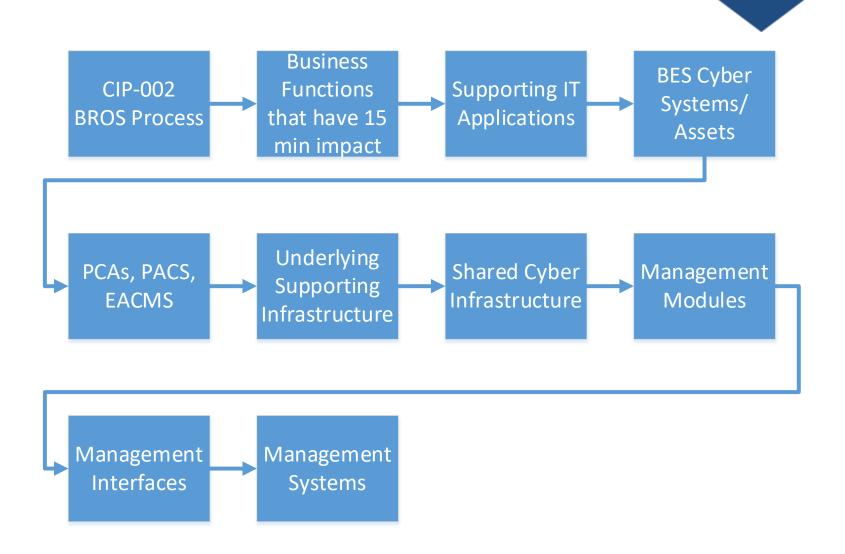


Management Systems of SCI vs. Existing Management Systems

- Example: A software distribution management system that manages software on BCAs - has administrative rights on BCA and is running as Virtual Cyber Asset on SCI
- The software distribution management system is not used to initialize, deploy or configure SCI - Not a Management System of SCI
- However this system, that is running as a VCA, may still be an Applicable System depending on how it is classified (i.e. PCA associated with a BCS, EACMS or Intermediate System)
- There may be logical isolation or affinity requirements for this software distribution management system as it is a VCA, however no requirements as a Management System of SCI



Guidance - Classification Process for the Management of SCI



Q&A Objectives



Informal Discussion

- Via the Q&A feature
- Chat only goes to the host, not panelists
- Respond to stakeholder questions

Other

- Some questions may require future team consideration
- Please reference slide number, standard section, etc., if applicable
- Team will address as many questions as possible
- Webinar and chat comments are not a part of the official project record
- Questions regarding compliance with existing Reliability Standards should be directed to ERO Enterprise compliance staff, not the Standard Drafting Team.





Questions and Answers



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