

## **Consideration of Comments**

Generator Requirements at the Transmission Interface Project 2010-07

On January 20, 2012, Exelon submitted a <u>Level One Appeal of the standard process for FAC-003-3 and</u> <u>FAC-003-X</u> to NERC's Vice President of Standards and Training that stated the following: "Exelon believes that the NERC Standards Process Manual was not followed, and that based on the substantive changes made to both Standards following the Initial Ballot, NERC should have set the Standards for vote using a Successive Ballot rather than a Recirculation Ballot."

NERC's Vice President of Standards and Training submitted <u>a timely response</u> to the appeal that found that "Exelon...made its case that the [Standard Processes Manual] was not adhered to and that a change impacting applicability was made between the last successive and recirculation ballot." Accordingly, the Vice President of Standards and Training referred the issue to the Standards Committee for handling, suggesting the following options:

- 1. Re-post the standard for a successive ballot and recirculation ballot. Essentially set the clock back and correctly replay the last steps of the process.
- 2. Ask the SDT to remove the clarification language from the final standard and go directly to recirculation ballot.
- 3. Ask the SDT to redesign the challenged portion of the proposed standard.

He recommended that the Standards Committee pursue option 2. In a Standards Committee Executive Committee (SCEC) conference call on February 23, 2012, the SCEC directed NERC staff to void the FAC-003-3 and FAC-003-X recirculation ballot results of December 2011 and "remand the work to the drafting team with direction to take into account the issues raised in the Exelon appeal submitted in response to the recirculation ballot previously conducted and either: modify the language added following the initial ballot and then re-post the standard for a successive ballot, or remove the language added following the initial ballot and go directly to recirculation ballot."

The Project 2010-07 SDT considered Exelon's appeal in the context of other stakeholder comments submitted in the first successive ballot between October 5 and November 18, 2011. The SDT continues to believe that a reference to line of sight is clarifying.

With this line of sight reference, the SDT simply seeks to clarify the exception language based on the intent that has been agreed upon by the stakeholder body. In its <u>Consideration of Comments report</u> from the last formal comment period, which ended on July 17, 2011, the SDT explained "We believe that the one mile length is a reasonable approximation of line of sight, and that using a fixed starting

point (at the fenced area of the generation station switchyard) eliminates confusion and any discretion on the part of a Generator Owner or an auditor." With the addition of an explicit line of sight reference here, the SDT believes it has clarified its original intent and appropriately considered all comments submitted.

The SDT has modified 4.3.1 to include a reference to line of sight. 4.3.1 of FAC-003-X now reads:

Generator Owner that owns an overhead transmission line(s) that (1) extends greater than one mile or 1.609 kilometers beyond the fenced area of the generating station switchyard to the point of interconnection with a Transmission Owner's Facility or (2) does not have a clear line of sight from the generating station switchyard fence to the point of interconnection with a Transmission Owner's Facility and is operated at 200 kV and above and any lower voltage lines designated by the Regional Entity as critical to the reliability of the electric system in the region.

#### 4.3.1 of FAC-003-3 now reads:

Overhead transmission lines that (1) extend greater than one mile or 1.609 kilometers beyond the fenced area of the generating station switchyard to the point of interconnection with a Transmission Owner's Facility or (2) do not have a clear line of sight from the generating station switchyard fence to the point of interconnection with a Transmission Owner's Facility and are: Operated at 200kV or higher; or operated below 200kV identified as an element of an IROL under NERC Standard FAC-014 by the Planning Coordinator. Operated below 200 kV identified as an element of a Major WECC Transfer Path in the Bulk Electric System by WECC.

Both references to clear line of sight include a footnote stating: "Clear line of sight' means the distance that can be seen by the average person without special instrumentation (e.g., binoculars, telescope, spyglasses, etc.) on a clear day."

Additionally, "Regional Entity" has been removed from the applicability section of FAC-003-X because it is not a recognized Functional Entity.

The FAC-003-3 and FAC-003-X recirculation ballot results of December 2011 have been voided, and both standards are being posted for a 30-day concurrent comment period and successive ballot to allow stakeholders the opportunity to comment on these changes.

Members of the ballot pool should note that for this ballot, the SDT will be balloting **both** FAC-003-3 and FAC-003-X, but stakeholders should **not** vote as though they are choosing one or the other. The SDT plans to present FAC-003-3 alone to NERC's Board of Trustees, but it wants to have FAC-003-X ready to submit to the Board if, for some reason, neither FAC-003-2 nor FAC-003-3 are approved by FERC. Members of the ballot body should vote on the merits of each version of FAC-003 individually. **In** 

## NERC



# other words, stakeholders who support adding GOs to the applicability of FAC-003 should vote in the affirmative for both FAC-003-3 and FAC-003-X.

The Exelon appeal and NERC response are posted on the <u>2010-07 project page</u>.

Status of other standards that are part of Project 2010-07:

- FAC-001-1 and PRC-004-2.1a were adopted by NERC's Board of Trustees on February 9, 2012
- PRC-005-1.1a is currently posted for a 45-day concurrent comment and initial ballot.

No standards modified under Project 2010-07 will be filed with regulatory authorities until the Board of Trustees has acted on the complete package of four standards.

While this summary has been updated to reflect the status of FAC-003-3 and FAC-003-X, the SDT's responses to stakeholder comments below have not changed, except as they relate to FAC-003-3 and FAC-003-X.

All comments submitted may be reviewed in their original format on the standard's project page:

http://www.nerc.com/filez/standards/Project2010-07 GOTO Project.html

If you feel that your comment has been overlooked, please let us know immediately. Our goal is to give every comment serious consideration in this process! If you feel there has been an error or omission, you can contact the Vice President and Director of Standards, Herb Schrayshuen, at 404-446-2560 or at <u>herb.schrayshuen@nerc.net</u>. In addition, there is a NERC Reliability Standards Appeals Process.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The appeals process is in the Standard Processes Manual: <u>http://www.nerc.com/files/Appendix 3A Standard Processes Manual 20110825.pdf</u>.

## NERC

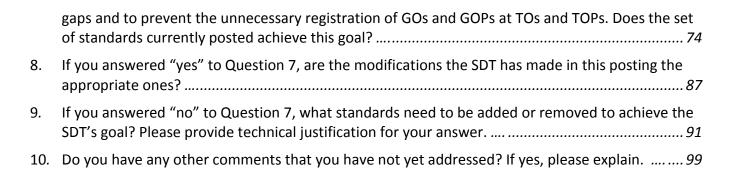


- Based on stakeholder comment, the SDT clarified the applicability language of FAC-001-1 and removed the Generator Owner from R4. Do you support the proposed redline changes to FAC-001-1? (Please refer to the posted FAC-001-1 technical justification document for more information about the SDT's rationale for its changes.) .... 12
- 3. With respect to FAC-003, many commenters focused on the half-mile qualifier in FAC-003. Some commenters found the half-mile length too short, others found it too long, and still others found the choice among the starting points of the switchyard, generating station, or generating substation to be confusing. The drafting team attempted to address all of these concerns with its latest proposed standard changes. The qualifier now reads: "...that extends greater than one mile beyond the fenced area of the generating station switchyard..." We believe that the one mile length is a reasonable approximation of line of sight, and that using a fixed starting point (at the fenced area of the generation switchyard) eliminates confusion and any discretion on the part of a Generator Owner or an auditor. Finally, we maintain that it is appropriate to include this qualifier for Generator Owners because there is a very low risk from vegetation within the line of sight, and thus the formal steps in this standard are not necessary to ensure reliability of these lines.

- 4. Do you support compliance timeframe for Generator Owners as included and explained in the Implementation Plans for FAC-003-X? .... 50

- 7. The SDT is attempting to modify a set of standards so that radial generator interconnection Facilities are appropriately accounted for in NERC's Reliability Standards, both to close reliability





### NERC

#### The Industry Segments are:

- 1 Transmission Owners
- 2 RTOs, ISOs
- 3 Load-serving Entities
- 4 Transmission-dependent Utilities
- 5 Electric Generators
- 6 Electricity Brokers, Aggregators, and Marketers
- 7 Large Electricity End Users
- 8 Small Electricity End Users
- 9 Federal, State, Provincial Regulatory or other Government Entities
- 10 Regional Reliability Organizations, Regional Entities

| G   | roup/Individual  | Commenter                  |         |         | Organization        |   |   | Regi | stered | d Ballo | ot Bod | y Segr | nent |   |    |
|-----|--|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------------------|---|---|------|--------|---------|--------|--------|------|---|----|
|     |  |                            |         |         |                     | 1 | 2 | 3    | 4      | 5       | 6      | 7      | 8    | 9 | 10 |
| 1.  | Group  | Gerald Beckerle            | SERC C  | DC Star | ndards Review Group | x |   | x    |        |         |        |        |      |   |    |
| 1.  | Scott Brame  | NCEMC                      | SERC 1, | 3, 4, 5 |                     |   |   |      |        |         |        |        |      |   |    |
| 2.  | Troy Willis  | Georgia Transmission Corp. | SERC 1  |         |                     |   |   |      |        |         |        |        |      |   |    |
| 3.  | Mike Hirst   | Cogentrix                  | SERC 5  |         |                     |   |   |      |        |         |        |        |      |   |    |
| 4.  | Bob Dalrymple  | TVA                        | SERC 1, | 3, 5, 6 |                     |   |   |      |        |         |        |        |      |   |    |
| 5.  | Matt Carden  | Southern Co.               | SERC 1, | 5       |                     |   |   |      |        |         |        |        |      |   |    |
| 6.  | Shardra Scott  | Gulf Power Co.             | SERC 3  |         |                     |   |   |      |        |         |        |        |      |   |    |
| 7.  | Kerry Sibley   | Georgia Transmission Corp. | SERC 1  |         |                     |   |   |      |        |         |        |        |      |   |    |
| 8.  | Andy Burch   | EEI                        | SERC 5  |         |                     |   |   |      |        |         |        |        |      |   |    |
| 9.  | Shaun Anders   | City of Springfield (CWLP) | SERC 1, | 3       |                     |   |   |      |        |         |        |        |      |   |    |
| 10. | Melinda Montgomery   | Entergy                    | SERC 1, | 3, 5    |                     |   |   |      |        |         |        |        |      |   |    |
| 11. | John Troha   | SERC Reliability Corp      | SERC 10 | )       |                     |   |   |      |        |         |        |        |      |   |    |
| 2.  |  |                            | Southv  | west Po | ower Pool Standards |   |   |      |        |         |        |        |      |   |    |
|     | Group Jonathan Hayes   |                            | Develo  | pmen    | t Team              |   | Х |      |        |         |        |        |      |   |    |
|     | Additional Member Additional Organization Region Segment Selection |                            |         |         |                     |   |   |      |        |         |        |        |      |   |    |

| Gr  | roup/Individual      | Commenter                     |          |            | Organ      | ization           |   |   | Reg | istere | d Ball | ot Boo | ly Seg | gmen | t | •  |
|-----|----------------------|-------------------------------|----------|------------|------------|-------------------|---|---|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|------|---|----|
|     |                      |                               |          |            |            |                   | 1 | 2 | 3   | 4      | 5      | 6      | 7      | 8    | 9 | 10 |
| 1.  | Jonathan Hayes       | Southwest Power Pool          | SPP      | 2          |            |                   |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 2.  | Robert Rhodes        | Southwest Power Pool          | SPP      | 2          |            |                   |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 3.  | Don Taylor           | Westar                        | SPP      | 1, 3, 5, 0 | 6          |                   |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 4.  | John Allen           | City Utilities of Springfield | SPP      | 1, 4       |            |                   |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 5.  | Sean Simpson         | MCPBPU                        | SPP      | 1, 3, 5    |            |                   |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 6.  | Louis Guidry         | CLECO                         | SPP      | 1, 3, 5    |            |                   |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 7.  | Mitch Williams       | Western Farmers               | SPP      | 1, 3, 5    |            |                   |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 8.  | Valerie Pinnamonti   | AEP                           | SPP      | 1, 3, 5    |            |                   |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 9.  | Bud Averill          | Grand River Dam Authority     | SPP      | 1, 3, 5    |            |                   |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 10. | Terri Pyle           | OGE                           | SPP      | 1, 3, 5    |            |                   |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 3.  |                      |                               | No       | rtheast    | Power Cooi | dinating Council, |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
|     | Group                | Guy Zito, Guy Zito            | No       | rtheast    | Power Cooi | dinating Council  |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   | Х  |
|     | Additional Member    | Additional Organ              | nizatio  | n          | Region     | Segment Selection |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 1.  | Alan Adamson         | New York State Reliability    | Counc    | il, LLC    | NPCC, NPC  | C 10              |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 2.  | Greg Campoli         | New York Independent Sy       | stem C   | Operator   | NPCC, NPC  | C 2               |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 3.  | Sylvain Clermont     | Hydro-Quebec TransEnerg       | gie      |            | NPCC, NPC  | C 1               |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 4.  | Chris de Graffenried | Consolidated Edison Co. c     | of New   | York, Inc. | NPCC, NPC  | C 1               |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 5.  | Gerry Dunbar         | Northeast Power Coordina      | ting Co  | ouncil     | NPCC, NPC  | C 10              |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 6.  | Brian Evans-Mongeo   | n Utility Services            |          |            | NPCC, NPC  | C 8               |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 7.  | Mike Garton          | Dominion Resources Serv       | ices, Ir | NC.        | NPCC, NPC  | C 5               |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 8.  | Kathleen Goodman     | ISO - New England             |          |            | NPCC, NPC  | C 2               |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 9.  | Chantel Haswell      | FPL Group, Inc.               |          |            | NPCC, NPC  | C 5               |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 10. | David Kiguel         | Hydro One Networks Inc.       |          |            | NPCC, NPC  | C 1               |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 11. | Michael R. Lombardi  | Northeast Utilities           |          |            | NPCC, NPC  | C 1               |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 12. | Randy MacDonald      | New Brunswick Power Tra       | nsmiss   | sion       | NPCC, NPC  | C 9               |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 13. | Bruce Metruck        | New York Power Authority      |          |            | NPCC, NPC  | C 6               |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 14. | Lee Pedowicz         | Northeast Power Coordina      | ting Co  | ouncil     | NPCC, NPC  | C 10              |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 15. | Robert Pellegrini    | The United Illuminating Co    | mpany    | /          | NPCC, NPC  | C 1               |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 16. | Si-Truc Phan         | Hydro-Quebec TransEnerg       | gie      |            | NPCC, NPC  | C 1               |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 17. | David Ramkalawan     | Ontario Power Generation      | , Inc.   |            | NPCC, NPC  | C 5               |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 18. | Saurabh Saksena      | National Grid                 |          |            | NPCC, NPC  | C 1               |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 19. | Michael Schiavone    | National Grid                 |          |            | NPCC, NPC  | C 1               |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |

| Group/Individua    | al Commenter                 | Or                         | ganization           |   |   | Regi | istere | d Ball | ot Boc | ly Seg | ment |   |    |
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|                    |                              |                            |                      | 1 | 2 | 3    | 4      | 5      | 6      | 7      | 8    | 9 | 10 |
| 20. Wayne Sipperly | New York Power Autho         | rity NPCC,                 | NPCC 5               |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 21. Tina Teng      | Independent Electricity      | System Operator NPCC,      | NPCC 2               |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 22. Donald Weaver  | New Brunswick System         | Operator NPCC,             | NPCC 2               |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 23. Ben Wu         | Orange and Rockland L        | Jtilities NPCC,            | NPCC 1               |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 24. Peter Yost     | Consolidated Edison Co       | o. of New York, Inc. NPCC, | NPCC 3               |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 4. Group           | Emily Pennel                 | Southwest Power            | Pool Regional Entity |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   | Х  |
| No additional me   |                              |                            |                      |   |   | 1    |        | 1      | 1      | 1      |      |   | 4  |
| 5. Group           | Will SMith                   | MRO NSRF                   |                      | Х | Х | х    | х      | х      | х      | х      |      |   | Х  |
|                    | nber Additional Organization |                            | on                   |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   | 1  |
| 1. Mahmood Safi    | OPPD                         | MRO 1, 3, 5, 6             |                      |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 2. Chuck Lawrence  |                              | MRO 1                      |                      |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 3. Jodi Jenson     | WAPA                         | MRO 1, 6                   |                      |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 4. Ken Goldsmith   | ALTW                         | MRO 4                      |                      |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 5. Alice Ireland   | XCEL/NSP                     | MRO 1, 3, 5, 6             |                      |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 6. Dave Rudolph    | BEPC                         | MRO 1, 3, 5, 6             |                      |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 7. Eric Ruskamp    | LES                          | MRO 1, 3, 5, 6             |                      |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 8. Joe DePoorter   | MGE                          | MRO 3, 4, 5, 6             |                      |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 9. Scott Nickels   | RPU                          | MRO 4                      |                      |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 10. Terry Harbour  | MEC                          | MRO 1, 3, 5, 6             |                      |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 11. Marie Knox     | MISO                         | MRO 2                      |                      |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 12. Lee Kittelson  | OTP                          | MRO 1, 3, 4, 5             |                      |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 13. Scott Bos      | MPW                          | MRO 1, 3, 5, 6             |                      |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 14. Tony Eddleman  | NPPD                         | MRO 1, 3, 5                |                      |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 15. Mike Brytowski | GRE                          | MRO 1, 3, 5, 6             |                      |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 16. Richard Burt   | MPC                          | MRO 1, 3, 5, 6             |                      |   |   | _    |        |        |        |        | _    | _ |    |
| 6. Group           | Charles W. Long              | SERC Planning Sta          | ndards Subcommittee  | х |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   | х  |
| Additional Mem     | ber Additional Organization  | Region Segment Selec       | tion                 |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 1. Pat Huntley     | SERC                         | SERC 10                    |                      |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 2. John Sullivan   | Ameren Services Co.          | SERC 1                     |                      |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 3. Philip Kleckley | SC Electric & Gas Co.        | SERC 1                     |                      |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 4. Bob Jones       | Southern Company Service     | es SERC 1                  |                      |   |   |      |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |

| Group/Individual      | Commenter                        | Organization                    |       |   | Reg | istere | d Ball | ot Bod | y Seg | ment |   |    |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|---|-----|--------|--------|--------|-------|------|---|----|
|                       |                                  |                                 | 1     | 2 | 3   | 4      | 5      | 6      | 7     | 8    | 9 | 10 |
| 5. Jason Adams        | TVA S                            | ERC 1                           |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 7. Group              | Frank Gaffney                    | Florida Municipal Power Ager    | ncy X |   | х   | х      | Х      | х      |       |      |   |    |
| Additional Membe      | r Additional Organization Re     | gion Segment Selection          | ·     |   |     |        |        |        |       | •    |   |    |
| 1. Timothy Beyrle     | City of New Smyrna Beach FR      | CC 4                            |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 2. Greg Woessner      | Kissimmee Utility Authority FR   | CC 3                            |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 3. Jim Howard         | Lakeland Electric FR             | CC 3                            |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 4. Lynne Mila         | City of Clewiston FR             | CC 3                            |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 5. Joe Stonecipher    | Beaches Energy Services FR       | CC 1                            |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 6. Cairo Vanegas      | Fort Pierce Utility Authority FR | CC 4                            |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 7. Randy Hahn         | Ocala Utility Services FR        | CC 3                            |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 8. Group              | Mike Garton                      | Dominion                        | X     |   | Х   |        | Х      | Х      |       |      |   |    |
| Additional Membe      | Additional Organization          | Region Segment Selection        |       | 1 |     | 1      |        |        | 1     |      |   | .1 |
| 1. Michael Gildea     | Dominion Resources Services      |                                 |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 2. Connie Lowe        | Dominion Resources Services      | Inc. NPCC 5, 6                  |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 3. Michael Crowley    | Virginia Electric and Power Co   | mpany RFC 1, 3                  |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 9. Group              | Annette M. Bannon                | PPL NERC Registered Affiliate   | s     |   | Х   |        | Х      | х      |       |      |   | 1  |
| Additional Membe      | er Additional Organization       | <b>Region Segment Selection</b> |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 1. Brent Ingebrigston | LG&E and KU Services Co.         | SERC 3                          |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 2. Don Lock           | PPL Brunner Island, LLC          | RFC 5                           |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 3.                    | PPL Martins Creek, LLC           | RFC 5                           |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 4.                    | PPL Holtwood, LLC                | RFC 5                           |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 5.                    | PPL Montour, LLC                 | RFC 5                           |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 6.                    | Lower Mount Bethel Energy, L     | _C RFC 5                        |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 7. Annete Bannon      | PPL Susquehanna, LLC             | RFC 5                           |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 8. Leland McMillan    | PPL Montana, LLC                 | WECC 5                          |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 10.                   |                                  | ACES Power Marketing Stand      | ards  |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| Group                 | Jason Marshall                   | Collaborators                   |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| Additional Membe      | Additional Organization          | Region Segment Selection        | ·     |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 1. Mohan Sachdeva     | Buckeye Power                    | RFC 3, 5, 6                     |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 2. Erin Woods         | East Kentucky Power Coopera      | tive SERC 1, 3, 5, 6            |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |
| 3. Michael Brytowski  | Great River Energy               | MRO 1, 3, 5, 6                  |       |   |     |        |        |        |       |      |   |    |

| Gro  | oup/Individual | Commenter   | Organization                                       |   |   | Reg | istere | d Ball | ot Boc | ly Seg | ment |   |    |
|------|----------------|---|--|---|---|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|------|---|----|
|      |                |   |  | 1 | 2 | 3   | 4      | 5      | 6      | 7      | 8    | 9 | 10 |
| 11.  | Group          | Steve Rueckert  | Western Electricity Coordinating Council           |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   | х  |
| No a | dditional memb | ers listed.   |  | T |   |     |        |        |        | Ŧ      |      |   |    |
| 12.  | Individual     | Jack Cashin   | Electric Power Supply Association                  |   |   |     |        | Х      | Х      |        |      |   |    |
| 13.  | Individual     | Natalie McIntire  | American Wind Energy Association                   |   |   |     |        | Х      |        |        |      |   |    |
| 14.  | Individual     | Tom Flynn   | Puget Sound Energy, Inc.                           | Х |   |     |        | х      | х      |        |      |   |    |
| 15.  | Individual     | Silvia Parada Mitchell  | Compliance & Responsbility Organization            | х |   | х   |        | х      | х      |        |      |   |    |
| 16.  | Individual     | Antonio Grayson   | Southern Company                                   | Х |   | Х   |        | Х      | Х      |        |      |   |    |
| 17.  | Individual     | Chris Higgins/Stephen<br>Enyeart/Chuck<br>Mathews/Charles<br>Sheppard | Bonneville Power Administration                    | X |   | Х   |        | X      | X      |        |      |   |    |
| 18.  | Individual     | Thad Ness   | American Electric Power                            | Х |   | х   |        | Х      | х      |        |      |   |    |
| 19.  | Individual     | Carla Bayer   | BP Wind Energy North America Inc.                  |   |   |     |        | Х      |        |        |      |   |    |
| 20.  | Individual     | John Bee on behalf of<br>Exelon                                       | Exelon   | x |   |     |        | х      |        |        |      |   |    |
| 21.  | Individual     | Dennis Sismaet  | Seattle City Light                                 | Х |   | Х   | Х      | Х      | Х      |        |      |   |    |
| 22.  | Individual     | Michelle D'Antuono  | Ingleside Cogeneration LP (Occidental<br>Chemical) |   |   |     |        | Х      |        |        |      |   |    |
| 23.  | Individual     | Michael Falvo   | Independent Electricity System Operator            |   | Х |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 24.  | Individual     | Greg Rowland  | Duke Energy  | Х |   | Х   |        | Х      | Х      |        |      |   |    |
| 25.  | Individual     | Darryl Curtis   | Oncor Electric Delivery Company LLC                | Х |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 26.  | Individual     | Kirit Shah  | Ameren   | Х |   | Х   |        | Х      | Х      |        |      |   |    |
| 27.  | Individual     | John Seelke   | PSEG   | Х |   | Х   |        | Х      | Х      |        |      |   |    |
| 28.  | Individual     | Andrew Z. Pusztai   | American Transmission Company                      |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   |    |
| 29.  | Individual     | RoLynda Shumpert  | South Carolina Electric and Gas                    |   |   | Х   |        | Х      | Х      |        |      |   |    |
| 30.  | Individual     | Ravi Bantu  | RES Americas Development                           |   |   |     |        | Х      |        |        |      |   |    |
| 31.  | Individual     | Katy Wilson   | Sempra Generation                                  |   |   |     |        | Х      |        |        |      |   |    |

| Gro | oup/Individual | Commenter            | Organization                          |   |   | Reg | istere | d Ball | ot Boc | ly Seg | ment |   |    |
|-----|----------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|------|---|----|
|     |                |                      |                                       | 1 | 2 | 3   | 4      | 5      | 6      | 7      | 8    | 9 | 10 |
| 32. | Individual     | Joe Petaski          | Manitoba Hydro                        | Х |   | Х   |        | Х      | Х      |        |      |   |    |
| 33. | Individual     | Chris de Graffenried | Consolidated Edison Co. of NY, Inc.   | Х |   | Х   |        | Х      | Х      |        |      |   |    |
| 34. | Individual     | Ed Davis             | Entergy Services                      | Х |   | Х   |        | Х      | Х      |        |      |   |    |
| 35. | Individual     | Alice Ireland        | Xcel Energy                           | Х |   | Х   |        | Х      | Х      |        |      |   |    |
| 36. | Individual     | Russell A. Noble     | Cowlitz County PUD                    |   |   | Х   | Х      | Х      |        |        |      |   |    |
| 37. | Individual     | Anthony Jablonski    | ReliabiltiyFirst                      |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   | Х  |
| 38. | Individual     | Donald Jones         | Texas Reliability Entity              |   |   |     |        |        |        |        |      |   | Х  |
| 39. | Individual     | Amir Hammad          | Constellation Power Source Generation |   |   |     |        | Х      |        |        |      |   |    |
| 40. | Individual     | Dennis Chastain      | Tennessee Valley Authority            | Х |   | Х   |        | Х      | Х      |        |      |   |    |

1. Based on stakeholder comment, the SDT clarified the applicability language of FAC-001-1 and removed the Generator Owner from R4. Do you support the proposed redline changes to FAC-001-1? (Please refer to the posted FAC-001-1 technical justification document for more information about the SDT's rationale for its changes.)

#### Summary Consideration:

The SDT thanks all stakeholders for their comments and their 87% approval for the FAC-001-1 changes posted for ballot in November 2011. Based on stakeholder feedback, the SDT has made the following minor changes to FAC-001-1:

-Corrected a typo in Applicability section 4.2.1 to change "within" to "with."

-Corrected a typo in the VSLs for R3 to ensure that parts 3.1.1 through 3.1.16 were referenced, rather than just 3.1.1 through 3.1.6.

-Changed references to "Transmission System" to "interconnected Transmission systems" to ensure consistency with the language elsewhere in the standard and in FAC-002-1.

Some stakeholders remain concerned about the intent of the SDT's work on FAC-001-1. The SDT reminded them that the scope is addressed in the <u>SAR</u>. The intent of the SAR is to address all reliability gaps associated with ownership or operation of an interconnection Facility by a generation entity (GO/GOP). The SDT determined that it should first address "low-hanging fruit" and believes these to be sole-use Facilities (see posted examples under "Supporting Materials") – that is, a Facility used to connect one or more generators to a Facility owned or operated by a transmission entity (TO/TOP). Through its deliberations, the SDT concluded that an interconnection Facility owned or operated by a GO or GOP that is more complex would likely require specific analysis and that such analysis would most likely be outside the scope of this SDT.

Concerned commenters were also referred to one of the SDT's resource documents: <u>Project 2010-07: Generator</u> <u>Requirements at the Transmission Interface Background Resource Document</u>.

Some commenters suggested changes to Requirements R1 or R4, which deal exclusively with the Transmission Operator and are outside the scope of the SDT's work.

One commenter suggested formatting changes. The SDT agrees with the commenter that there are a number of ways to format the standard with this SDT's revisions. However, the majority of stakeholders support the current format of the standard and no change was made.

One commenter suggested that the phrase "Generator Owner's existing Facility" be changed to "Generator Owner's existing Transmission Facility." The SDT does not agree with labeling a GO's Facility as "Transmission," in part because in

some areas (like Texas), GOs, by statute, can't own Transmission. It was also brought to the SDT's attention that in most cases, the Facility in question is referred to as the Interconnection Facility in documents filed by the GO with FERC. Therefore, the SDT intentionally modified language so that a Facility owned by a generation entity did not contain the term "Transmission."

One commenter did not agree with the overall clarifying change to the Applicability section, but the SDT reminded this commenter that this change was made to address previous comments that indicated that there was uncertainty as to whether "another Facility to its existing generation Facility" was meant to address connecting additional generators by the same GO. The SDT intends FAC-001-1 to apply only when the GO of an existing Facility executes an agreement to evaluate the reliability impact of connecting additional generation owned by another GO. No change made with respect to this comment.

A few stakeholders were concerned with the 45-day time frame included in the standard. The SDT pointed out that majority of stakeholders and the SDT support 45 days as a sufficient time frame because in many cases, the GO would simply need to adopt (document and publish) the Facility connection requirements of its TO. No change to that time frame was made.

| Organization   | Yes or No | Question 1 Comment   |
|----------------|-----------|--|
| Manitoba Hydro | Negative  | The intention of the NERC SDT in revising these standards is not clear. While<br>the Technical Justification document states that the SDT intended to focus<br>on a Generator Owner's radial interconnection facilities, the scope of the<br>revised standard (s) is not confined to such facilities. The very broadly<br>defined term "Facility" is used. Moreover, the Technical Justification<br>document's reference to the FERC decision in Cedar Creek as a basis for the<br>revision of additional standards is confusing, since that decision did not<br>specifically address the issue of radial facilities and supported NERC's<br>registration of GOs as TOs. |

**Response:** Thank you for your comment. The scope of this SDT is addressed in the <u>SAR</u>. The intent of the SAR is to address all reliability gaps associated with ownership or operation of an interconnection Facility by a generation entity (GO/GOP). The SDT determined that it should first address "low-hanging fruit" and believes these to be sole-use Facilities (see posted examples under "Supporting Materials") – that is, a Facility used to connect one or more generators to a Facility owned or operated by a

| Organization   | Yes or No | Question 1 Comment  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|-----------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |           | ons, we came to the conclusion that an interconnection Facility owned or<br>d likely require specific analysis and that such analysis would most likely be  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The SDT also refers the commenter to the document titled <u>Project 2010-07: Generator Requirements at the Transmission Interface</u><br><u>Background Resource Document</u> . Specifically, see the last paragraph on page 4 and first two on page 5.   |           |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Southern CompanyNo1) R4 is duplicative of R1 - either remove "maintain" from R1 or delete R4 -<br>both instances of "maintain" are not needed.â€, 2) The measures, as<br>written, provide no additional indication of the evidence that could be<br>presented to demonstrate compliance with the Reliability Standard<br>Requirements. They provide little guidance on assessing non-compliance<br>with the Requirements. â€,  |           |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>Response:</b> Thank you for your comment<br>will be submitted to the Issues Database  | -         | vith your suggestions, but both are outside the scope of this SDT. These items ssed in a future revision of FAC-001.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Southwest Power Pool Standards<br>Development Team   | No        | Based on the applicability section of FAC-001 we feel that the strike through should have been kept. It limited the requirement to just those generator owners who had agreements in place, which we feel is appropriate. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>Response:</b> Thank you for your comment. This change was made to address previous comments that indicated to the SDT there was uncertainty as to whether this was meant to address connecting additional generators by the same GO. The SDT intends FAC-001 to apply only when the GO of an existing Facility executes an agreement to evaluate the reliability impact of connecting additional generation owned by another GO. No change made with respect to this comment. |           |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Texas Reliability Entity   | No        | In Section 5.1, the reference to Regional Entity should be removed. There are no requirements that apply to the Regional Entity.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| In Requirements R1 and R4, "Planning Coordinator" should be adde<br>"Regional Entity." In the ERCOT Region it is the Planning Coordinat<br>maintains planning criteria and connection requirements. There is   |           |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| Organization      | Yes or No | Question 1 Comment  |
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|                   |           | requirement or any obligation (as indicated in the technical justification document) on the part of a GO to specifically execute an Agreement to evaluate the reliability impact of interconnecting a third party Facility. Therefore, this requirement's applicability is contingent on a prerequisite that may not occur, and that is under the control of the GO. This assumption on the part of the SDT unnecessarily complicates the compliance monitoring and enforcement of this standard. For instance, if an "Agreement" is not executed, a GO is not required to comply with the requirement, even though the GO may ultimately interconnect with another entity. The requirement should be modified to include an applicability trigger similar to that of FAC-002-1, so that once a GO "seek[s] to integrate," i.e., agrees to or is compelled to allow a third-party interconnection, then the requirement becomes applicable. Otherwise, the compliance and monitoring is subject to the SDT's speculation as indicated in this language included in the technical justification document: "However, the SDT cannot be certain this is the only example and it therefore proposes to add this new requirement to FAC-001-1. In doing so, the SDT acknowledges that the Generator Owner may not, at the time it agrees or is compelled to allow a third party to interconnect, have the necessary expertise to conduct the required interconnect, the SDT expects the Generator Owner and the third party to execute some form of an Agreement." |
|                   |           | comments are outside the scope of the <u>SAR</u> and the SDT's work because they at apply to the TO alone. We encourage you to consider submitting a SAR that   |
| Manitoba Hydro No |           | Manitoba Hydro has the following comments:  |
|                   |           | 1) The intention of the NERC SDT in revising these standards is not clear.  |

| Organization | Yes or No | Question 1 Comment   |
|--------------|-----------|--|
|              |           | While the Technical Justification document states that the SDT intended to focus on a Generator Owner's radial interconnection facilities, the scope of the revised standard (s) is not confined to such facilities. The very broadly defined term "Facility" is used. Moreover, the Technical Justification document's reference to the FERC decision in Cedar Creek as a basis for the revision of additional standards is confusing, since that decision did not specifically address the issue of radial facilities and supported NERC's registration of GOs as TOs.   |
|              |           | 2) If the drafting team intends to limit the scope of FAC-001-1 to GO owned radial generator interconnection facilities that are not deemed BES transmission and therefore would not require the registration of the GO as a TO, Manitoba Hydro disagrees with the proposed changes to FAC-001-1 as Generator Owners may not have the models or expertise to perform interconnection studies to determine if there is an impact on the Transmission Network. This concern is echoed in the technical justification document provided by NERC: 'the SDT acknowledges that the Generator Owner may not, at the time it agrees or is compelled to allow a third part to interconnect studies to meet this standard the Generator Owner will have to acquire such expertise. How the Generator Owner chooses to do so is not for the SDT to determine.' Although it may not be for the SDT to determine how a GO obtains technical expertise, ensuring that such expertise is acquired before a GO conducts the required interconnection studies and the Generator owner to NERC as this directly affects the reliability of |
|              |           | the BES. As a result, all interconnection requests should be implemented by<br>the TO providing the GO with connection to the BES regardless if the<br>interconnection point is within a Generation Owner facility or End-User<br>facility as the TO is in the best position to set unbiased connection<br>requirements to ensure the reliability of the BES is maintained. If the scope<br>of FAC-001-1 also applies to GO owned BES transmission facilities, Manitoba  |

| Organization | Yes or No | Question 1 Comment  |
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|              |           | Hydro strongly believes that the Compliance Registry should apply and the<br>GOs should be required to register as a TO and abide by all applicable<br>standards to that functional type. There is no need to change specific<br>Reliability Standards to allow the Generator Owner to perform only selected<br>TO functions. Reliability gaps would be better addressed if select GOs and<br>GOPs registered as TOs and TOPs to ensure all reliability standards,<br>including the protection standards, are met so the reliability of the BES is<br>maintained. At this time, this would not lead to a large number of extra<br>registrations since, as stated in the technical justification document,<br>'interconnection requests for Generator Owner Facilities are still relatively<br>rare. |
|              |           | 3) If the redline changes are implemented, GOs are removed from R4, thereby removing the obligation for GOs to maintain their connection requirements. If GOs are included in FAC-001, they should be held accountable to the same level as TOs and should be required to maintain their connection requirements. Requiring a GO to maintain connection requirements would be especially beneficial to the GO themselves. In the majority of instances, any GO that is an Applicable Entity for FAC-001 would initially be inexperienced in performing interconnection studies and would benefit from regular and frequent review of their connection requirements as experience and expertise are gained.  |
|              |           | 4) The revision to FAC-001-1 R2 may be problematic, depending on what<br>was intended. Under the revised requirement, the obligation to comply is<br>dependent on the execution of an agreement to evaluate reliability impacts<br>under FAC-002-1. However, FAC-002-1 does not clearly require the<br>execution of an agreement by the Generator Owner. FAC-002-1 only<br>requires the Generator Owner to "coordinate and cooperate on its<br>assessments with its Transmission Planner and Planning Authority".<br>Accordingly if a Generator Owner coordinates without executing an<br>agreement to perform an assessment, compliance with FAC-001 R1 will not   |

| Organization   | Yes or No   | Question 1 Comment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |   | be required.       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5) Manitoba Hydro would also like to point out that if the redline change<br>are implemented, it will greatly increase the complexity of coordination<br>required under FAC-002-1 for Transmission Planners/Planning Authoritie                                     |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | <b>Response:</b> Thank you for your comment. The scope of this SDT is addressed in the <u>SAR</u> . The intent of the SAR is to address all reliability gaps associated with ownership or operation of an interconnection Facility by a generation entity (GO/GOP). |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The intent of the modifications to this standard is to address the requirements of the GO prior to the interconnection of the third party to their Facilities. The reliability gap the SDT intends to close is the need for the GO to develop Facility connection requirements prior to interconnection. The SDT does agree that upon interconnection of a third party, other standards or registrations may apply as appropriate. |   |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The SDT also refers the commenter to the document titled Project 2010-07: Generator Requirements at the Transmission Interface Background Resource Document, which is posted on the project page. Specifically, see the last paragraph on page 4 and first two   |   |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

on page 5.

| Tennessee Valley Authority | No | Suggest that the overall structure of the standard be revised such that R1 -<br>R3 are applicable to the Transmission Owner (consistent with existing FAC-<br>001-0) and R4 (the new requirement) is applicable to the "applicable<br>Generator Owner". See further comments below. Support the proposed<br>revisions to R1 and R4, but suggest R4 be returned to R3 (consistent with<br>existing FAC-001-0).R3 in the balloted standard should be returned to R2  |
|----------------------------|----|--|
|                            |    | (consistent with existing FAC-001-0) and only be applicable to the<br>Transmission Owner. R3.1 (or R2.1 if moved back) should be "fixed", but it<br>may be beyond this SDT's charge. The use of "above" in the FAC-001-0<br>standard, or the proposed reference to "Requirements R1 or R2" in the<br>proposed standard do not make sense in combination with the colon used<br>at the end of the requirement. Suggest that R3.1 (or 2.1 if moved back) be<br>revised as written below and all sub-requirements of R3.1 be elevated |
|                            |    | (R3.1.1 becomes R3.2, R3.1.2 becomes R3.3, etc.)."R3.1 Performance   |

| Organization   | Yes or No | Question 1 Comment   |
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|  |           | requirements and/or planning criteria used to assess system impacts." R2 in<br>the balloted standard should become R4 and modified to incorporate the<br>connection requirements contained in R3 that can more reasonably be<br>expected of an "applicable Generator Owner". For instance, an "applicable<br>Generator Owner" might simply have a connection requirement for a third<br>party that addresses coordination of system impact studies with the<br>appropriate Transmission Owner(s), in lieu of R3.1, R3.1.1, and R3.1.2.<br>Suggest that R2 (or R4 if moved below existing FAC-001-0 requirements) be<br>revised as written below."R2 Each applicable Generator Owner that has<br>agreed to allow a third party Facility owner (Generation Facility,<br>Transmission Facility, or End-user Facility) to connect to the Transmission<br>system through use of pre-existing applicable Generator Owner Facilities<br>shall communicate it's Facility connection requirements to the third party.<br>The applicable Generator Owner Facility connection requirements shall<br>address the following items: R2.1 Coordination of system impact studies<br>with the Transmission Owner. R2.2 Voltage level and MW and MVAR<br>capacity or demand at point of connection. R2.3 Breaker duty and surge<br>protection. R2.4 System protection and coordination R2.5 Metering" Etc. |
|  | -         | e comment due consideration and agree that there are a number of ways to<br>ver, the majority of stakeholders support the current format of the standard.  |
| Northeast Power Coordinating<br>Council, Northeast Power<br>Coordinating Council | No        | The intent of the draft language in FAC-001-1 is to provide guidance for<br>addressing the alleged reliability gap that exists between GO/GOPs that<br>own/ operate transmission facilities but are not registered as TO/TOPs. The<br>impact of the revised language will depend on the characterization of the<br>generator lead after the "third party" connects to the existing generator<br>lead. IF the generator lead is owned by the TO utility after the third party<br>connection : The proposed DRAFT FAC-001 language suggests that within 45   |

days of a 3rd party having an executed Agreement to evaluate the reliability

| Organization | Yes or No | Question 1 Comment  |
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|              |           | impact of interconnecting, the existing generator needs to document and<br>publish facility connection requirements. The proposed language suggests<br>that a third party can commandeer existing generators leads and<br>interconnect. A reclassification would be required because "third party"<br>power would flow through the downstream portions of the existing leads.<br>This introduces significant challenges for defining ownership / transfer of<br>installed assets as well as real property, easements, operational jurisdiction,<br>O&M cost responsibility, etc. The FERC approved pro-forma Attachment<br>X Interconnection Agreement clearly states that the project Developer must<br>meet all Applicable Reliability Standards which means that all<br>requirements and guidelines of the Applicable Reliability Councils, and the<br>Transmission District to which the Developer's Large Generating Facility is<br>directly interconnected. As an example, to accommodate this NERC<br>proposal, the FERC approved NYISO pro-forma tariff would need to be<br>revised to allow this "third party" use. The pro-forma interconnection tariff<br>also states that the Developer must provide updated project information<br>prior to the Facilities Study. The Facilities Study might not be made until<br>several years after the Interconnection Request /Feasibility Study is made<br>("executed Agreement to evaluate the reliability impact of interconnecting"<br>in this proposed draft is akin to the Interconnection Request/Feasibility<br>Study). Placing the requirements for a potential "third party user", without<br>the generator having any knowledge of the potential reliability outcomes or<br>asset transfer / ownership issues is not a reasonable expectation. The<br>interconnection of a third party to an existing generator lead would force<br>existing generators to revise their Interconnection Agreements with FERC.<br>The "third party", would at a minimum, need to comply with the existing<br>Generators reliability obligations as specified in the Interconnection<br>Agreement.IF the third party connects to the GO owned generator lead, the<br>GO |

| Organization                            | Yes or No                                     | Question 1 Comment  |
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|   |   | of the SRIS and Facilities reports. The difficult thing for an existing GO would be to prepare, within 45 days of having an executed Agreement to evaluate the reliability impact of interconnecting a third party Facility to the Generator Owner's existing Facility, a document listing the requirements. To allow for the above possibilities, the language for applicability of FAC-001 to GO's or GOP's, should be :"Each applicable Generator Owner shall, at least 60 days prior to execution of a Facilities / Class Year Study Agreement to evaluate the reliability impact of interconnecting a third party Facility to the Generator Owner's existing Facility that is used to interconnect to the Transmission System, document and publish its Facility connection requirements to ensure compliance with NERC Reliability Standards and applicable Regional Entity, sub regional, Power Pool, and individual Transmission Owner planning criteria and Facility connection requirements." |
| document titled Technical Justification | <u>n: FAC-001-1</u> ), e<br>days as a suffici | rees with many of the comments (as indicated in the accompanying resource<br>especially those concerning the complexities of this process. The majority of<br>ient time frame because in many cases, the GO would simply need to adopt<br>rements of its TO. No change made.  |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY, Inc.     | No  | The language for FAC-001 Requirement R2 should be:"This requirement<br>shall apply to each applicable Generator Owner. Generator Owner filings<br>must be made at least 60 days in advance of execution of the final<br>interconnection study agreement in the Planning Coordinator's or<br>Transmission Planner's study process.Each applicable Generation Owner<br>must publish its Facility connection requirements to ensure compliance with<br>NERC Reliability Standards and applicable Regional Entity, sub regional,<br>Power Pool, and individual Transmission Owner planning criteria and Facility<br>connection requirements.The evaluation of the reliability impact(s) of<br>interconnecting a third party Facility to the Generator Owner's existing  |

Facility utilized for interconnection to the Transmission System must be

| Organization   | Yes or No                                   | Question 1 Comment   |
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|  |   | documented."   |
| document titled Technical Justification  | <u>: FAC-001-1</u> ), e<br>ays as a suffici | rees with many of the comments (as indicated in the accompanying resource<br>especially those concerning the complexities of this process. The majority of<br>ent time frame because in many cases, the GO would simply need to adopt<br>rements of its TO. No change made.  |
| Ingleside Cogeneration LP<br>(Occidental Chemical)   | No  | Unfortunately, the vital point of this requirement revolves around whether<br>or not a Generator Owner is compelled externally to allow access to their<br>interconnection facilities. If the GO is driving the connection for financial or<br>other business reasons, there is no reason they should not be responsible<br>for developing AND maintaining a facility connection requirements<br>document. Otherwise, when the local transmission system requirements<br>change for any reason, there will be no entity responsible to ensure that the<br>third party will conform as well.Conversely, if the GO should be compelled<br>to allow access to a third party, it is the responsibility of the "compeller" to<br>handle all the related reliability studies and documents. This may include<br>the development of a CFR which separates reliability tasks between the GO<br>and other entities - especially if a TSP registration is required. This ensures<br>that the Regional Entity, PUC, RTO, or other regulator must budget dollars<br>and resources directly related to their action - not cause them to be<br>directed to a GO. |
| <b>Response:</b> Thank you for your comment. The SDT agrees with many of the comments (as indicated in the accompanying resource document titled <u>Technical Justification: FAC-001-1</u> ), especially those concerning the complexities of this process. However, the issues you raise are beyond the scope of the SDT and its SAR. No change made. |   |  |
| PSEG   | No  | We revised this partial sentence to the following: "Each applicable<br>Generator Owner shall, within 45 days of having an executed Agreement to<br>evaluate the reliability impact of interconnecting a third party Facility to the<br>Generator Owner's existing Transmission Facility that is used for connection  |

| Organization | Yes or No | Question 1 Comment  |
|--------------|-----------|---|
|              |           | to the interconnected Transmission systems (under FAC-002-1),"- The<br>phrase "Generator Owner's existing Facility that is used to interconnect to<br>the Transmission System" was changed to "Generator Owner's existing<br>Transmission Facility that is used for connection to the interconnected<br>Transmission systems." - "Transmission" was added before Facility to<br>exclude connections elsewhere; "Transmission System" was changed to<br>"Transmission systems" because while "Transmission" and "System" are<br>defined in the NERC Glossary, "System" means "A combination of<br>generation, transmission, and distribution components." "Transmission<br>systems" do not have generation or distribution components, so a lower<br>case "system" is warranted In addition, the suggested phrase<br>"interconnected Transmission systems" (plural "systems") uses identical<br>language from FAC-002-1, except that we capitalized "Transmission. |

**Response:** Thank you for your comment. The SDT has addressed the proposed change to applicability according to your comments. The applicability section now reads: "Generator Owner with an executed Agreement to evaluate the reliability impact of interconnecting a third party Facility to the Generator Owner's existing Facility that is used to interconnect to the interconnected Transmission systems.

The SDT has been informed that in some areas (like Texas), GOs, by statute, can't own Transmission. It was also brought to the SDT's attention that in most cases, the Facility in question is referred to as the Interconnection Facility in documents filed by the GO with FERC. Therefore, the SDT intentionally modified language so that a Facility owned by a generation entity did not contain the term "Transmission."

| Seattle City Light                    | Affirmative | Key points are that (1) an executed agreement is required before<br>evaluations of impacts are necessary and (2) this only applies when a third<br>party is connecting to the generating interconnection line. |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Response: Thank you for your comment. |             |  |
| Electric Power Supply Association     | Yes         | All TO requirements for FAC-001-1 would apply if and when GO executes an Agreement to evaluate the reliability impact of interconnecting a third   |

| Organization                       | Yes or No | Question 1 Comment   |
|------------------------------------|-----------|--|
|                                    |           | party Facility to its existing generation interconnection Facility. The<br>execution of the agreement is necessary to comply with FAC-002-1 and start<br>the compliance clock with the applicable regulatory authority. Thus as the<br>Project 2010-07 Standard Drafting Team (SDT) in its technical justification<br>has stated, "If, and only if, the existing owner of a generator<br>interconnection Facility has an executed Agreement to evaluate the<br>reliability impact of interconnecting a third party Facility to its existing<br>generation Facility" then FAC-001-1 should apply. EPSA concurs with SDT's<br>conclusion.The SDT has examined the issue regarding if future requests for<br>transmission service on the interconnection Facility and in doing so<br>acknowledged that when that Facility adopted open access and was<br>providing transmission service it would necessitate re-evaluation of the<br>need for the Facility to be maintained in accordance with FAC-001-1,<br>Requirements 2 and 4. This service would indeed prompt the necessary<br>agreement the SDT contemplates in its technical justification of FAC-001-1.<br>EPSA believes this serves as the necessary trigger for evaluation of<br>Requirements 2 and 4 under FAC-001-1 for GOs. |
| Response: Thank you for your comme | ent.      |  |
| American Wind Energy Association   | Yes       | AWEA appreciates that this standard specifies that it has limited<br>applicability. For instance, only those generators that have an executed<br>agreement with a third party wishing to interconnect must document and<br>publish Facility connection requirements. We believe the proposed 45-day<br>time window is a minimum for GO/GOP owners of generator lead lines to<br>provide this documentation following execution of such an agreement.<br>Anything less than 45 days could result in a burdensome and hard to meet<br>deadline for GO/GOP staff. However, AWEA believes that extending this<br>time window for publishing Facility connection requirements to 90 days<br>after an executed agreement would be beneficial. We believe this will allow   |

the GO/GOP owners of generator leads more time to coordinate with their

| Organization                   | Yes or No       | Question 1 Comment   |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|--|
|                                |                 | interconnecting Transmission Providers and will result in more reliable and coordinated connection requirements for the generator lead.                              |
|                                |                 | y of stakeholders and the SDT support 45 days as a sufficient time frame<br>adopt (document and publish) the facility connection requirements of its TO              |
| SERC OC Standards Review Group | Yes             | Please verify within the applicability section (4.2.1) you intended to use the word "within" rather than some other wording.   |
|                                | g a third party | ended it to read "Generator Owner with an executed Agreement to evaluate<br>Facility to the Generator Owner's existing Facility that is used to interconnec<br>nade. |
| RES Americas Development       | Yes             | RES Americas and AWEA appreciate that this standard specifies that it has limited applicability. For instance, only those generators that have an                    |

**Response:** Thank you for your comment. The majority of stakeholders and the SDT support 45 days as a sufficient time frame because in many cases, the GO would simply need to adopt (document and publish) the facility connection requirements of its TO

| Organization                                    | Yes or No       | Question 1 Comment  |
|---|-----------------|---|
| No change made.                                 |                 |   |
| ACES Power Marketing Standards<br>Collaborators | Yes             | We largely agree with the changes the drafting team made but believe<br>some additional changes are necessary. In section 4.2.1 of the Applicability<br>Section, "within" should be "with". Because NERC's Glossary of Terms<br>establishes that an Agreement can be verbal and not enforceable by law,<br>section 4.2.1 should be further modified to clarify that it is a legally<br>enforceable and fully executed Agreement. The language in R3 in<br>parenthesis after Generation Owner should be modified to "once required<br>by Requirement R2". This makes it clearer that R3 does not apply until the<br>GO has an executed Agreement to evaluate a request by a third part to<br>interconnect. |
| recommendation as the requirement               | already contair | hat "within" should be "with". The SDT chose not to adopt the second<br>ns the term "executed." The SDT also chose not to adopt the third<br>ns the parenthetical (in accordance with Requirement R2) which we feel is  |
| Southwest Power Pool Regional<br>Entity         | Yes             |   |
| MRO NSRF  | Yes             |   |
| SERC Planning Standards<br>Subcommittee         | Yes             |   |
| Florida Municipal Power Agency                  | Yes             |   |
| Dominion  | Yes             |   |
| PPL NERC Registered Affiliates                  | Yes             |   |

| Organization                               | Yes or No | Question 1 Comment |
|--|-----------|--------------------|
| American Electric Power                    | Yes       |                    |
| BP Wind Energy North America Inc.          | Yes       |                    |
| Exelon                                     | Yes       |                    |
| Independent Electricity System<br>Operator | Yes       |                    |
| Duke Energy                                | Yes       |                    |
| Oncor Electric Delivery Company LLC        | Yes       |                    |
| Ameren                                     | Yes       |                    |
| American Transmission Company              | Yes       |                    |
| South Carolina Electric and Gas            | Yes       |                    |
| Sempra Generation                          | Yes       |                    |
| Xcel Energy                                | Yes       |                    |
| Cowlitz County PUD                         | Yes       |                    |
| Constellation Power Source<br>Generation   | Yes       |                    |
| ReliabiltiyFirst                           |           |                    |
| Entergy Services                           |           |                    |

| Organization                                | Yes or No | Question 1 Comment |
|---|-----------|--------------------|
| Western Electricity Coordinating<br>Council |           |                    |
| Puget Sound Energy, Inc.                    |           |                    |
| Compliance & Responsbility<br>Organization  |           |                    |
| Bonneville Power Administration             |           |                    |

#### 2. Do you support the one year compliance timeframe for Generator Owners as proposed in the Implementation Plan for FAC-001-1?

#### Summary Consideration:

The vast majority of commenters supported the one year compliance time frame in the Implementation Plan. A few commenters were concerned with this time frame and associated enforcement, in part based on similar issues addressed in recent CANs. The SDT did its best to clarify its intent as follows:

The SDT's intent is that the mandatory date (the date upon which the GO must be compliant with applicable requirements and measures) be the first calendar day of the first calendar quarter <u>one year after FAC-001-1's approval</u>. The SDT believes one year is sufficient time for the GO to become compliant where it has one or more in-place (which we interpret as synonymous with legacy or grandfathered) executed Agreement(s). If an Agreement is executed after the mandatory date, then the GO has 45 days to "document and publish its Facility connection requirements" (R2) and those requirements shall address items under R3.

No changes were made to the Implementation Plan.

| Organization                                       | Yes or No | Question 2 Comment  |
|--|-----------|---|
| Ingleside Cogeneration LP<br>(Occidental Chemical) | No        | Based upon similar issues addressed in Compliance Application Notices (CANs),<br>the drafting team needs to specify how the requirements apply to an in-place<br>"executed Agreement to evaluate the reliability impact of interconnecting a<br>third party Facility to the Generator Owner's existing Facility that is used to<br>interconnect to the Transmission System." In the view of Ingleside<br>Cogeneration LP, if the Agreement takes effect even one day before FAC-001-1<br>does, requirements R2 and R3 do not apply. Without this clarification, it is<br>possible that NERC's Compliance team will apply the requirements retroactively<br>- with minimum industry input. |

**Response:** Thank you for your comment. The SDT's intent is that the mandatory date (the date upon which the GO must be compliant with applicable requirements and measures) be the first calendar day of the first calendar quarter <u>one year after its</u> <u>approval</u>. The SDT believes one year is sufficient time for the GO to become compliant where it has one or more in-place (which we interpret as synonymous with legacy or grandfathered) executed Agreement(s). If an Agreement is executed after the mandatory date, then the GO has 45 days to "document and publish its Facility connection requirements" (R2) and those requirements shall

| Organization   | Yes or No  | Question 2 Comment   |
|--|--|--|
| address items under R3.  |  |  |
| Southwest Power Pool<br>Regional Entity  | No   | No action is required unless a GO has an executed third-party agreement. If a GO has an agreement, the standard already includes a 45-day timeframe for the GO to document and publish its facility connection requirements.   |
| compliant with applicable requi<br>approval. The SDT believes one<br>interpret as synonymous with le | rements and n<br>year is sufficie<br>gacy or grand | SDT's intent is that the mandatory date (the date upon which the GO must be<br>neasures) be the first calendar day of the first calendar quarter <u>one year after its</u><br>ent time for the GO to become compliant where it has one or more in-place (which we<br>fathered) executed Agreement(s). If an Agreement is executed after the mandatory<br>and publish its Facility connection requirements" (R2) and those requirements shall |
| Southern Company   | No   | See our response to Question 9.  |
| Response: See the SDT's respon   | se to Question                                     | n 9.   |
| Manitoba Hydro   | No   | See question 1 comments.   |
| Response: See SDT's response t   | o Question 1.                                      |  |
| Cowlitz County PUD   | Yes  | Cowlitz PUD (District) registered as a Transmission Owner shortly before FAC-<br>001-0 became effective and was forced to file a Mitigation Plan in order to<br>facilitate compliance. The District successfully completed compliance<br>implementation and documentation in eight months. The proposed one year<br>compliance timeframe is sufficient.  |
| Response: Thank you for your c   | omment and s                                       | support.   |
| Seattle City Light   | Yes  | The proposed changes for FAC-001-1 state a 45 day period to complete the evaluation. Not sure what the question is referring to regarding "1 year "?   |

| Organization   | Yes or No  | Question 2 Comment   |
|--|--|--|
| compliant with applicable require<br>approval. The SDT believes one vinterpret as synonymous with le | rements and n<br>year is sufficie<br>gacy or grand | SDT's intent is that the mandatory date (the date upon which the GO must be<br>neasures) be the first calendar day of the first calendar quarter <u>one year after its</u><br>ent time for the GO to become compliant where it has one or more in-place (which we<br>fathered) executed Agreement(s). If an Agreement is executed after the mandatory<br>and publish its Facility connection requirements" (R2) and those requirements shall |
| American Wind Energy<br>Association / RES Americas<br>Development                                    | Yes  | Yes, since there is no exigent reason why this standard needs to be put in place<br>at once, we support the one-year compliance timeframe. We believe that it will<br>allow generators a reasonable time to comply with the requirement.   |
| Response: Thank you for your co  | omment and s                                       | support.   |
| SERC OC Standards Review<br>Group  | Yes  |  |
| Southwest Power Pool<br>Standards Development Team   | Yes  |  |
| Northeast Power Coordinating<br>Council, Northeast Power<br>Coordinating Council                     | Yes  |  |
| MRO NSRF   | Yes  |  |
| SERC Planning Standards<br>Subcommittee  | Yes  |  |
| Florida Municipal Power<br>Agency  | Yes  |  |

| Organization                                    | Yes or No | Question 2 Comment |
|---|-----------|--------------------|
| Dominion  | Yes       |                    |
| PPL NERC Registered Affiliates                  | Yes       |                    |
| ACES Power Marketing<br>Standards Collaborators | Yes       |                    |
| Electric Power Supply<br>Association            | Yes       |                    |
| American Electric Power                         | Yes       |                    |
| BP Wind Energy North<br>America Inc.            | Yes       |                    |
| Exelon  | Yes       |                    |
| Independent Electricity<br>System Operator      | Yes       |                    |
| Duke Energy                                     | Yes       |                    |
| Oncor Electric Delivery<br>Company LLC          | Yes       |                    |
| Ameren  | Yes       |                    |
| PSEG  | Yes       |                    |
| American Transmission<br>Company                | Yes       |                    |

| Organization                                | Yes or No | Question 2 Comment |
|---|-----------|--------------------|
| South Carolina Electric and Gas             | Yes       |                    |
| Sempra Generation                           | Yes       |                    |
| Xcel Energy                                 | Yes       |                    |
| Constellation Power Source<br>Generation    | Yes       |                    |
| Western Electricity<br>Coordinating Council |           |                    |
| Puget Sound Energy, Inc.                    |           |                    |
| Compliance & Responsbility<br>Organization  |           |                    |
| Bonneville Power<br>Administration          |           |                    |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY,<br>Inc.      |           |                    |
| Entergy Services                            |           |                    |
| ReliabiltiyFirst                            |           |                    |
| Texas Reliability Entity                    |           |                    |

3. With respect to FAC-003, many commenters focused on the half-mile qualifier in FAC-003. Some commenters found the halfmile length too short, others found it too long, and still others found the choice among the starting points of the switchyard, generating station, or generating substation to be confusing. The drafting team attempted to address all of these concerns with its latest proposed standard changes. The qualifier now reads: "...that extends greater than one mile beyond the fenced area of the generating station switchyard..." We believe that the one mile length is a reasonable approximation of line of sight, and that using a fixed starting point (at the fenced area of the generation station switchyard) eliminates confusion and any discretion on the part of a Generator Owner or an auditor. Finally, we maintain that it is appropriate to include this qualifier for Generator Owners because there is a very low risk from vegetation within the line of sight, and thus the formal steps in this standard are not necessary to ensure reliability of these lines.

Taking into consideration that only one of the versions of FAC-003 will actually be implemented, a decision that will be made as Project 2007-07—Vegetation Management moves forward, do you support the proposed redline changes to FAC-003-X and FAC-003-3?

#### Summary Consideration:

The SDT thanks all stakeholders for their comments and their over 85% approval for the FAC-003-X and FAC-003-3 changes posted for ballot in November 2011. Based on stakeholder feedback, the SDT has made the following changes:

-Added a clarifying reference to line of sight in the GO exemption in section 4.3.1.

-Corrected a typo in 4.3.1.2 of FAC-003-3.

-Changed "RE" to "Regional Entity" in 4.3.1 of FAC-003-X.

As it discusses in the document titled "<u>Technical Justification Project 2010-07 Generator Requirements at the</u> <u>Transmission Interface</u>," the SDT recognizes that in many cases, generation Facilities are either (1) staffed and the overhead portion is within line of sight or (2) the overhead Facility is over a paved surface. Stakeholders have generally supported the rationale exempting these Facilities because incorporating them into FAC-003 would offer no reliability benefit. The SDT and industry comments support the position that these qualifiers represent a reasonable and appropriate risk prevention approach.

To clarify the exemption, the SDT has modified 4.3.1 to include a reference to line of sight. 4.3.1 of FAC-003-X now reads:

Generator Owner that owns an overhead transmission line(s) that (1) extends greater than one mile or 1.609 kilometers beyond the fenced area of the generating station switchyard to the point of interconnection with a Transmission Owner's Facility or (2) does not have a clear line of sight from the generating station switchyard fence to the point of interconnection with a Transmission Owner's Facility and is operated at 200 kV and above and any lower voltage lines designated by the Regional Entity as critical to the reliability of the electric system in the region.

#### 4.3.1 of FAC-003-3 now reads:

Overhead transmission lines that (1) extend greater than one mile or 1.609 kilometers beyond the fenced area of the generating station switchyard to the point of interconnection with a Transmission Owner's Facility or (2) do not have a clear line of sight from the generating station switchyard fence to the point of interconnection with a Transmission Owner's Facility and are: Operated at 200kV or higher; or operated below 200kV identified as an element of an IROL under NERC Standard FAC-014 by the Planning Coordinator. Operated below 200 kV identified as an element of a Major WECC Transfer Path in the Bulk Electric System by WECC.

Both references to clear line of sight include a footnote stating: "Clear line of sight' means the distance that can be seen by the average person without special instrumentation (e.g., binoculars, telescope, spyglasses, etc.) on a clear day."

With this reference, the SDT simply seeks to clarify the exception language based on the intent that has been agreed upon by the stakeholder body. In its <u>Consideration of Comments report</u> from the last formal comment period, which ended on July 17, 2011, the SDT explained "We believe that the one mile length is a reasonable approximation of line of sight, and that using a fixed starting point (at the fenced area of the generation station switchyard) eliminates confusion and any discretion on the part of a Generator Owner or an auditor." With the addition of an explicit line of sight reference here, the SDT believes it has clarified its original intent and appropriately considered all comments submitted.

Some stakeholders suggested changes that should have been submitted when Project 2007-07 was revising FAC-003-2, because these suggestions dealt with the standard as a whole rather than the changes made by this SDT to ensure that GOs are included in the standard's applicability.

One commenter remains concerned about the scope of the SDT. The SDT reminded this commenter that its scope is addressed in the <u>SAR</u> and that its intent is to address all reliability gaps associated with ownership or operation of an interconnection Facility by a generation entity (GO/GOP). The SDT also refers the commenter to the document titled

<u>Project 2010-07: Generator Requirements at the Transmission Interface Background Resource Document</u>. Specifically, see the last paragraph on page 4 and first two on page 5.

| Organization    | Yes or No | Question 3 Comment   |
|-----------------|-----------|--|
| Ameren Services | Negative  | (a) There is no technical basis for the one mile length exemption. In fact, one could<br>argue that a very short line, 300 feet in length, that experienced a fault from a tree at<br>"the end of the circuit", i.e near the switchyard fence, would have much more of an<br>impact on the BES because the fault would be limited by much less impedance.  |
|                 |           | (b) It is also unclear in this version if a GO that owned one line that was 1.2 miles in length would have to comply for the entire length of said line, or just 0.2 miles of said line. If the GO is responsible for 1.2 miles, then that argues that the first mile is important and consequently there is no basis for ignoring the first mile on other lines. If the GO is only responsible for 0.2 miles, what is the technical basis to ignore a mile? And would it be the first mile from the switchyard that is ignored, or is the middle mile, or the last mile where it connects to the TO? Or could the GO decide? Or could the GO pick sections of the line that amount to a mile that they can ignore? This seems like something that should be addressed for compliance. |
|                 |           | (c) The 2 year compliance time line is far too long. There is significant industry<br>evidence that was developed in the drafting of Version 2 that supports a one year<br>compliance time-line for new lines. This is evidenced in Version 2. Thus there is no<br>basis for the 2 years   |

**Response:** Thank you for your comment. As it discusses in the document titled "<u>Technical Justification Project 2010-07 Generator</u> <u>Requirements at the Transmission Interface</u>," the SDT recognizes that in many cases, generation Facilities are either (1) staffed and the overhead portion is within line of sight or (2) the overhead Facility is over a paved surface. Stakeholders have generally supported the rationale exempting these Facilities because incorporating them into FAC-003 would offer no reliability benefit. The SDT and industry comments support the position that these qualifiers represent a reasonable and appropriate risk prevention approach.

To clarify the exemption, the SDT has modified 4.3.1 to include a reference to line of sight.

With respect to your second comment, the SDT intended for the length qualifier to be just that; if the overhead portion of a Facility

| Organization  | Yes or No                             | Question 3 Comment  |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| exceeds the distance, the entire  | <u>Facility</u> is subj               | ect to the requirements of the standard.  |
| The SDT chose the time in the in and also based upon comments   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | plan based upon reasons it documented in the <u>accompanying implementation plan</u><br>rs.   |
| Wisconsin Public Service Corp<br>Electric Cooperative   | Negative                              | R1.2 refers to an encroachment due to a fall in. This is confusing because according to the dictionary "Webster's II" encroachment reads: "to intrude gradually", and a 'fall in' is not usually gradual.   |
| <b>Response:</b> Thank you for your constraints and did negative the second s |                                       | s outside the scope of the <u>SAR</u> . The SDT reviewed comments submitted as part of the mment had been submitted.  |
| Wisconsin Public Service Corp.  | Negative                              | The concern with the proposed wording is that many generating station may not have a "generating station switchyard" as implied by the proposed wording. Often the generator leads (e.g. 20 kV) will exit the generator and connect to transformers located in transformer bays directly adjacent to the plant. From the transformers the now greater than 200 kV lines will be routed to the point of interconnect or a generating unit switchyard, possibly miles or yards away. By no one's definitions would the transformer bays adjacent to the plant be considered a switchyard. The plant fence may be yards or hundreds of yards from the bays and on a multiple unit site, there may be a site fence or boundary, which could be comprise of fences, security patrols, or other barriers yards or miles from the transformer but enveloping the switchyard. The valid assumption made by the drafting team is that transmission lines within an area tightly controlled by the generator operator poses very little risk to the BES as a result of vegetation contact. This assumption is based on the valid observation that these areas are routinely occupied and observed by station personnel and as a result unexpected and unacceptable vegetation growth is highly unlikely because it is controlled by routine maintenance. It also correctly assumes that some distance past the controlled area is acceptable since this area would also be under near continuous observation. The problem comes in defining both a tightly controlled area and a line of site. We suggest the following: Controlled Area: A |

| Organization   | Yes or No  | Question 3 Comment  |
|--|--|---|
|  |  | perimeter around a power plant, power plants, or switchyard which is prevents<br>intrusion by the use of physical barriers, observation, or electronic monitoring and is<br>routinely occupied such that unexpected and unacceptable vegetation growth would<br>be observed and correct as a matter of routine maintenance. Line of Sight: A two<br>kilometer distance from the controlled area perimeter.  |
| Requirements at the Transmissic<br>overhead portion is within line or<br>rationale exempting these Facilit<br>comments support the position t  | <u>n Interface</u> ," th<br>f sight or (2) the<br>ies because inc<br>hat these quali | scusses in the document titled " <u>Technical Justification Project 2010-07 Generator</u><br>e SDT recognizes that in many cases, generation Facilities are either (1) staffed and the<br>e overhead Facility is over a paved surface. Stakeholders have generally supported the<br>orporating them into FAC-003 would offer no reliability benefit. The SDT and industry<br>fiers represent a reasonable and appropriate risk prevention approach.   |
|  |  | -   |
| Florida Reliability<br>Coordinating Council  | Negative   | There is no technical justification for excluding 1 mile beyond the fence in the applicability of generators.   |
| Requirements at the Transmission<br>overhead portion is within line or<br>rationale exempting these Facilit<br>comments support the position t | n Interface," th<br>f sight or (2) the<br>ies because inc<br>hat these quali         | scusses in the document titled " <u>Technical Justification Project 2010-07 Generator</u><br>e SDT recognizes that in many cases, generation Facilities are either (1) staffed and the<br>e overhead Facility is over a paved surface. Stakeholders have generally supported the<br>orporating them into FAC-003 would offer no reliability benefit. The SDT and industry<br>fiers represent a reasonable and appropriate risk prevention approach.   |
| Southern Company   | No   | â€,All of these comments pertain to FAC-003-3:  |
|  |  | <ol> <li>We suggest referring to the Implementation Plan in the Effective Date sub-section<br/>of Section A of the standard rather than repeating the content of the<br/>Implementation Plan in the standard. There exists unnessary duplication with<br/>including the information in both places.</li> <li>We suggest simplifying the purpose statement to more succinctly say the intent,<br/>for example: "To maintain a reliable transmission system by managing vegetation</li> </ol> |

| Organization | Yes or No | Question 3 Comment   |
|--------------|-----------|--|
|              |           | located on transmission rights of way to minimize vegetation encorachments and thereby minimize the risk of vegetation related outages". If this change is not acceptable, at least change the phrase "preventing the risk" to "minimizing the risk".  |
|              |           | 3) We feel that the Enforcement paragraphs between 4.3.1.3 and 5.0 seem to be out of place. Those paragraphs don't belong in this location - consider moving them to Section C. Compliance. The fourth paragraph belongs in the background section.  |
|              |           | <ol> <li>We suggest moving the background section to Section F. "Associated<br/>Documents". It gets in the way of getting to the requirements of the standard.</li> </ol>  |
|              |           | 5) We suggest moving Table 2 of the "Guideline and Technical Basis" document into R1, since it seems to be the only part of the document that is enforceable. Further we suggest that the Guideline and Technical Basis document be removed from the standard. The inclusion of this document in the standard makes the standard unweildy.   |
|              |           | 6) We suggest reordering the words in R1 to more clearly state the requirement.<br>Please consider this rephrasing: "For lines which are either an element of an IROL or<br>an element of a Major WECC Transfer Path, each applicable TO and applicable GO<br>shall manage vegetation to prevent encroachments into the MVCD of its applicable<br>line(s) when operating within their Rating during all Rated Electrical Operating<br>Conditions of the types shown below:" (remainder is unchanged).          |
|              |           | 7) We suggest reordering the words of R2 to more clearly state the requirement.<br>Please consider the this rephrasing: "For lines which are neither an element of an<br>IROL nor an element of a Major WECC Transfer Path, each applicable TO and<br>applicable GO shall manage vegetation to prevent encroachments into the MVCD of<br>its applicable line(s) when operating within its Rating and during all Rated Electrical<br>Operating Conditions of the types listed below:" (remainder is unchanged). |
|              |           | 8) On Page 11 of the posted clean draft standard, is the reference to the previous footnote 2 correct? We recommend eliminating footnotes where possible to minimize redirections.   |

| Organization  | Yes or No                        | Question 3 Comment   |
|---|----------------------------------|--|
|   |                                  | 9) The Rationale text-box on page 13 of the clean version of FAC-003-3 overlaps<br>some of the text of footnote #6. â€,â€,â€,  |
| Response: Thank you for your of                                 | comment.                         |  |
|   |                                  | implementation plan, the SDT simply followed the NERC-mandated document<br>uld deviate from that process and thus the SDT has not made it.   |
| scope of this SDT. Any redline of applicability. These comments | hanges the SDT<br>would have bee | hanges that go beyond making a standard applicable to a GO or GOP are beyond the<br>has made within standards were made to clarify or qualify the GO or GOP<br>on more appropriate to make during the comment period for Project 2007-07<br>sed the version of FAC-003 from which this SDT is working.   |
| We have modified the rational                                   | e box on page 1                  | 3 so that it does not overlap with the text of footnote 6.   |
| Dominion  | No                               | Dominion suggests in FAC-003-X; 4.3.1. Regional Entity be changed to RE as listed in 4.2.1 for consistency. Also Regional Entity is used throughout the rest of the document, suggest using RE for consistency overall. Dominion suggests in FAC-003-3; 4.3.1. adding station to the following "Overhead transmission lines that extend greater than one mile or 1.609 kilometers beyond the fenced area of the generation station switchyard and are" to show consistency as it is written in FAC-003-X 4.3.1.Further, Dominion is concerned that the technical justification characterized the exclusion (i.e., one mile or 1.609 kilometers beyond the fenced area of the generating station switchyard) as "approximate line of sign [sic] from a fixed point" and notes that this line of sight may be limited by local terrain. Where line of sight of the radial corridor is limited on a clear day due to terrain, the one mile exemption must be limited in distance to no more than the line of sight on a clear day beyond the fenced area. |

**Response:** Thank you for your comment. The SDT agrees with your comment about the Regional Entity, but will instead use Regional Entity throughout.

Thank you for your comment. As it discusses in the document titled "<u>Technical Justification Project 2010-07 Generator Requirements at</u>

| Organization   | Yes or No  | Question 3 Comment   |
|--|--|--|
| is within line of sight or (2) the ov<br>these Facilities because incorpor<br>position that these qualifiers rep                               | verhead Facility<br>ating them into<br>resent a reason                               | that in many cases, generation Facilities are either (1) staffed and the overhead portion<br>is over a paved surface. Stakeholders have generally supported the rationale exempting<br>FAC-003 would offer no reliability benefit. The SDT and industry comments support the<br>able and appropriate risk prevention approach.<br>4.3.1 to include a reference to line of sight.   |
| Exelon   | No   | FAC-003 - Exelon supports the one mile length qualifier, but feels that additional clarification is needed to determine the points of demarcation. There are too many differing physical configurations to use a "fence line" as a determination of applicability. Suggest that the tie line length be defined as "from the Generator Step up Transformer GSU to the point of interconnection between the GO and TO owned equipment." Also suggest that the standard define what constitutes a generation station switchyard.  |
| Requirements at the Transmission<br>overhead portion is within line or<br>rationale exempting these Facilit<br>comments support the position t | <u>n Interface</u> ," th<br>f sight or (2) the<br>ies because inc<br>hat these quali | scusses in the document titled " <u>Technical Justification Project 2010-07 Generator</u><br>e SDT recognizes that in many cases, generation Facilities are either (1) staffed and the<br>e overhead Facility is over a paved surface. Stakeholders have generally supported the<br>orporating them into FAC-003 would offer no reliability benefit. The SDT and industry<br>fiers represent a reasonable and appropriate risk prevention approach.  |
|  |  | 4.3.1 to include a reference to line of sight.   |
| Ingleside Cogeneration LP<br>(Occidental Chemical)   | No   | Ingleside Cogeneration LP is very concerned that the attempt to develop "bright-<br>line" criteria to assign applicability to either version of FAC-003 is misplaced. As seen<br>with NERC's recent proposed directive related to Generator-Transmission<br>interconnections, those thresholds can be arbitrarily reduced based upon regulators<br>aversion to risk - not scientific evidence. (As it stands today, NERC has proposed any<br>interconnection facility operating at 100 kV or higher and greater than 3 spans in<br>length be applicable - which is even stricter than the TO thresholds in FAC-003.)This<br>would suggest that a reliability assessment consistent with the TPL standards must |

| Organization  | Yes or No   | Question 3 Comment  |
|---|---|---|
|   |   | be the determining factor. If the Planning Coordinator or Transmission Planner can<br>show that the Generator-Transmission interconnection could contribute to a<br>violation of an SOL or IROL, then a vegetation management program may be in<br>order.Furthermore, there needs to be some level of common sense applied if a GO-<br>TO interconnection is located in an area where vegetation clearance is never an<br>issue. A one-size-fits-all requirement based upon vegetation growth in the sub-<br>tropics, should not automatically apply in the desert. In our view, every dollar spent<br>to control vegetation in an arid climate is one less dollar available to purchase<br>advanced telemetry, AGC systems, and other items which have a far greater impact<br>on reliability. |
| Requirements at the Transmission<br>overhead portion is within line of<br>rationale exempting these Facilitie | <u>n Interface</u> ," th<br>sight or (2) the<br>es because inco | scusses in the document titled " <u>Technical Justification Project 2010-07 Generator</u><br>e SDT recognizes that in many cases, generation Facilities are either (1) staffed and the<br>e overhead Facility is over a paved surface. Stakeholders have generally supported the<br>proprating them into FAC-003 would offer no reliability benefit. The SDT and industry<br>fiers represent a reasonable and appropriate risk prevention approach.   |
| To clarify the exemption, the SD  | T has modified  | 4.3.1 to include a reference to line of sight.  |
|   |   | holder comments submitted and believes this exemption adequately addresses the , while balancing the efforts necessary to support the standard from all entities.   |
| Manitoba Hydro  | No  | Manitoba Hydro does not support the changes being proposed in this project. If a<br>Generator Owner is required to register as a TO, all the Requirements applicable to a<br>TO should apply. There is no need to change specific Reliability Standards to allow<br>the Generator Owner to perform only selected TO functions.  |
| reliability gaps associated with c<br>refers the commenter to the do  | ownership or o<br>cument titled <mark>F</mark>                  | cope of this SDT is addressed in the <u>SAR</u> . The intent of the SAR is to address all peration of an interconnection Facility by a generation entity (GO/GOP). The SDT also <b>Project 2010-07: Generator Requirements at the Transmission Interface Background</b> paragraph on page 4 and first two on page 5.  |

| Organization   | Yes or No | Question 3 Comment  |
|--|-----------|---|
| Northeast Power Coordinating<br>Council, Northeast Power<br>Coordinating Council | No        | Suggest in FAC-003-X; 4.3.1. that Regional Entity be changed to RE as listed in 4.2.1 for consistency. Also Regional Entity is used throughout the rest of the document, suggest using RE for consistency. In FAC-003-3; 4.3.1. add station to the following: "Overhead transmission lines that extend greater than one mile or 1.609 kilometers beyond the fenced area of the generation station switchyard and are" to show consistency as it is written in FAC-003-X 4.3.1. The technical justification characterized the exclusion (i.e., one mile or 1.609 kilometers beyond the fenced area of the generation switchyard) as "approximate line of sight [sic] from a fixed point" and noted that this line of sight may be limited by local terrain. Where line of sight of the radial corridor is limited on a clear day due to terrain, the one mile exemption must be limited in distance to no more than the line of sight on a clear day beyond the fenced area. |

**Response:** Thank you for your comment. The SDT agrees with your comment about the Regional Entity, but will instead use Regional Entity throughout.

Thank you for your comment. As it discusses in the document titled "<u>Technical Justification Project 2010-07 Generator Requirements at</u> the Transmission Interface," the SDT recognizes that in many cases, generation Facilities are either (1) staffed and the overhead portion is within line of sight or (2) the overhead Facility is over a paved surface. Stakeholders have generally supported the rationale exempting these Facilities because incorporating them into FAC-003 would offer no reliability benefit. The SDT and industry comments support the position that these qualifiers represent a reasonable and appropriate risk prevention approach.

To clarify the exemption, the SDT has modified 4.3.1 to include a reference to line of sight.

| MRO NSRF | No | The NSRF agrees with the drafting committees desire to eliminate arbitrary and capricious behavior of auditors and industry staff by precisely defining the point at which measurement starts for the length of transmission line. The concern the NSRF has with the proposed wording is that many generating station may not have a "generating station switchyard" as implied by the proposed wording. Often the generator leads (e.g. 20 kV) will exit the generator and connect to transformers |
|----------|----|---|
|          |    | located in transformer bays directly adjacent to the plant. From the transformers   |

| Organization | Yes or No | Question 3 Comment   |
|--------------|-----------|--|
|              |           | the now greater than 200 kV lines will be routed to the point of interconnect or a generating unit switchyard, possibly miles or yards away. By no one's definitions would the transformer bays adjacent to the plant be considered a switchyard. The plant fence may be yards or hundreds of yards from the bays and on a multiple unit site, there may be a site fence or boundary, which could be comprise of fences, security patrols, or other barriers yards or miles from the transformer but enveloping the switchyard. The valid assumption made by the drafting team is that transmission lines within an area tightly controlled by the generator operator poses very little risk to the BES as a result of vegetation contact. This assumption is based on the valid observation that these areas are routinely occupied and observed by station personnel and as a result unexpected and unacceptable vegetation growth is highly unlikely because it is controlled by routine maintenance. It also correctly assumes that some distance past the controlled area is acceptable since this area would also be under near continuous observation. The problem comes in defining both a tightly controlled area and a line of site. We suggest the following: Controlled Area: A perimeter around a power plant, power plants, or switchyard which is prevents intrusion by the use of physical barriers, observation, or electronic monitoring and is routinely occupied such that unexpected and unacceptable vegetation growth would be observed and correct as a matter of routine maintenance. Line of Sight: NSRF recommends a two kilometer distance from the controlled area perimeter. Our assessment is that an individual of average height would have a line of site of approximately 4 Kilometers. Therefore, we recommended a distance of 2 kilometers from the Controlled Area of the plant to provide margin. The revised applicability statement would read as follows: "Generator Owner that owns an overhead transmission line(s) that extends greater than 2.0 kilometers beyond the Controlled |
|              |           | identify the acceptable distance for this standard and urge it to remove all   |

| Organization  | Yes or No   | Question 3 Comment  |
|---|---|---|
|   |   | references to English units. We strongly suggest this drafting team and all future<br>drafting team abandon the anachronistic English measurement system. This archaic<br>system, based on the length of an average barley corn, should be abandon in all<br>scientific and engineering endeavors.  |
| Requirements at the Transmission<br>overhead portion is within line of<br>rationale exempting these Faciliti<br>comments support the position t | n Interface," th<br>sight or (2) the<br>es because inc<br>hat these quali | iscusses in the document titled " <u>Technical Justification Project 2010-07 Generator</u><br>be SDT recognizes that in many cases, generation Facilities are either (1) staffed and the<br>e overhead Facility is over a paved surface. Stakeholders have generally supported the<br>orporating them into FAC-003 would offer no reliability benefit. The SDT and industry<br>fiers represent a reasonable and appropriate risk prevention approach.<br>4.3.1 to include a reference to line of sight. |
| Southwest Power Pool<br>Standards Development Team  | No  | There is a possibility of some conflict with the Bulk Electric System Definition. This should be consistent with the Transmission Owner requirements if the lead is determined part of the BES.   |
| exception of the distance exem  | ption for a gene<br>v. 3, 2011) doe                                       | GDT intended this standard to be applied to Facilities of GO and TO equally, with the erator interconnection Facility. The SDT also notes that FAC-003-2 (approved by the es not rely upon the BES definition to determine the facility to which this standard nsfer Path).   |
| South Carolina Electric and Gas   | No  | There should be no qualifying exemption to FAC-003 for Generator Owners.  |
| Requirements at the Transmission<br>overhead portion is within line of<br>rationale exempting these Faciliti                                    | n Interface," th<br>sight or (2) the<br>es because inc                    | iscusses in the document titled " <u>Technical Justification Project 2010-07 Generator</u><br>the SDT recognizes that in many cases, generation Facilities are either (1) staffed and the<br>the overhead Facility is over a paved surface. Stakeholders have generally supported the<br>orporating them into FAC-003 would offer no reliability benefit. The SDT and industry<br>fiers represent a reasonable and appropriate risk prevention approach.  |

| Organization   | Yes or No   | Question 3 Comment  |
|--|---|---|
| SERC Planning Standards<br>Subcommittee  | No  | We believe there should be no exemption for Generator Owners.   |
| Requirements at the Transmission<br>overhead portion is within line of<br>rationale exempting these Faciliti<br>comments support the position th | <u>n Interface</u> ," th<br>sight or (2) the<br>es because inc<br>nat these quali | scusses in the document titled " <u>Technical Justification Project 2010-07 Generator</u><br>the SDT recognizes that in many cases, generation Facilities are either (1) staffed and the<br>the overhead Facility is over a paved surface. Stakeholders have generally supported the<br>orporating them into FAC-003 would offer no reliability benefit. The SDT and industry<br>fiers represent a reasonable and appropriate risk prevention approach.   |
| PSEG   | No  |   |
| Infigen Energy US  | Affirmative   | Infigen finds the DST supporting details regarding FAC-003-X to be appropriate. We support maintaining "reasonable and appropriate" risk prevention measures to minimize encroachment that could trigger vegetation-related outages.  |
| Response: Thank you for your co  | omment and s  | upport.   |
| Seattle City Light   | Affirmative   | Key points are the greater than one mile with clear statement of "beyond the fenced area of the generating switchyard."   |
| Response: Thank you for your co  | omment and s  | upport.   |
| RES Americas Development /<br>American Wind Energy<br>Association  | Yes   | Applying the vegetation management requirements to only generator lead lines that<br>extend more than "one mile beyond the fenced area of the generating station<br>switchyard" strikes a reasonable balance among the many stakeholder positions<br>expressed on this topic. We think that as this criterion recognizes that there is little<br>need for a vegetation management plan for shorter lines, it should explicitly state<br>that this is true for all such facilities with lines of that length or smaller. |
| Response: Thank you for your co  | omment and s  | upport.   |

| Organization                                    | Yes or No     | Question 3 Comment  |
|---|---------------|---|
| Texas Reliability Entity                        | Yes           | In the description of the "second effective date" in FAC-003-X there is an erroneous reference to "Requirement R3," which should be corrected to "Requirement R1."  |
| Response: Thank you for your                    | comment and s | upport. This conforming change was made.  |
| Seattle City Light                              | Yes           | Key points are the greater than one mile with clear statement of "beyond the fenced area of the generating switchyard."   |
| Response: Thank you for your                    | comment and s | upport.   |
| ACES Power Marketing<br>Standards Collaborators | Yes           | We support the changes to FAC-003 suggested by the drafting team because we believe the drafting team has provided the best solution in face of a difficult problem. However, in general, we do not support registration of GOs and GOPs as TOs and TOPs or applicability of any TO/TOP requirements to the GO/GOP simply because they have a radial interconnection greater than one mile in length. While there may be some generators that own interconnecting facilities of significant length operated at a significant voltage that could impact BES reliability, we do not believe that the number of generating facilities that fit into that category is significantly large. When one considers that the majority of generators are still owned and operator by utilities that are also registered as a TO and TOP, there is only a minority subset of generators left that could be considered. NERC has the registration for this remaining set of generators and could use the data to evaluate how many of this remaining subset have interconnections owned by the generator that are substantial enough to affect reliability. It seems that NERC could determine the boundaries of this problem before registering anymore GOs and GOPs as TOs and GOPs. |

**Response:** Thank you for your comment and support.

| Organization                               | Yes or No | Question 3 Comment |
|--|-----------|--------------------|
| SERC OC Standards Review<br>Group          | Yes       |                    |
| Southwest Power Pool<br>Regional Entity    | Yes       |                    |
| Florida Municipal Power<br>Agency          | Yes       |                    |
| PPL NERC Registered Affiliates             | Yes       |                    |
| Electric Power Supply<br>Association       | Yes       |                    |
| American Electric Power                    | Yes       |                    |
| BP Wind Energy North<br>America Inc.       | Yes       |                    |
| Independent Electricity<br>System Operator | Yes       |                    |
| Duke Energy                                | Yes       |                    |
| Oncor Electric Delivery<br>Company LLC     | Yes       |                    |
| American Transmission<br>Company           | Yes       |                    |
| Sempra Generation                          | Yes       |                    |

| Organization                                | Yes or No | Question 3 Comment |
|---|-----------|--------------------|
| Entergy Services                            | Yes       |                    |
| Xcel Energy                                 | Yes       |                    |
| Cowlitz County PUD                          | Yes       |                    |
| Constellation Power Source<br>Generation    | Yes       |                    |
| Western Electricity<br>Coordinating Council |           |                    |
| Puget Sound Energy, Inc.                    |           |                    |
| Compliance & Responsbility<br>Organization  |           |                    |
| Bonneville Power<br>Administration          |           |                    |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY, Inc.         |           |                    |
| ReliabiltiyFirst                            |           |                    |
| Tennessee Valley Authority                  |           |                    |

4. Do you support compliance timeframe for Generator Owners as included and explained in the Implementation Plans for FAC-003-X?

## Summary Consideration:

The SDT thanks all stakeholders for their comments. The vast majority of stakeholders support the compliance timeframes as proposed and explained in the Implementation Plan for FAC-003-X.

One commenter found a typo in the effective dates section of FAC-003-X, where one section referenced R3 when it should have referenced R1. That has been corrected in both the standard and the Implementation Plan.

A few stakeholders thought that two years was too long for an Implementation Plan for this standard. The SDT reminded those commenters that the time frame was based on previous stakeholder comments and the fact that the Implementation Plan for <u>Version 0 standards</u> stated "the Version 0 Reliability Standards are generally a translation and clarification of existing operating policies and planning standards, entities that are incompliance with NERC policies and standards today are expected to be able to remain in compliance with the Version 0 Reliability Standards with their existing procedures, tools, and practices." This process occurred over more than two years. It is therefore reasonable to assume that GOs, having never had to comply with a vegetation management standard, be afforded adequate time to do so.

Beyond the corrected typo, no changes were made.

| Organization  | Yes or No | Question 4 Comment   |
|---|-----------|--|
| Ameren Services   | Negative  | The 2 year compliance time line is far too long. There is significant industry evidence that was developed in the drafting of Version 2 that supports a one year compliance time-line for new lines. This is evidenced in Version 2. Thus there is no basis for the 2 years. |
| <b>Response:</b> Thank you for your comment. The SDT choose the time in the implementation plan based upon comments of stakeholders and the fact that the implementation plan for <u>Version 0 standards</u> stated "the Version 0 Reliability Standards are generally a translation and clarification of existing operating policies and planning standards, entities that are incompliance with NERC policies |           |  |

| Organization   | Yes or No  | Question 4 Comment   |
|--|--|--|
| procedures, tools, and practices   | ." This process  | to remain in compliance with the Version 0 Reliability Standards with their existing s occurred over more than two years. It is therefore reasonable to assume that GOs, management standard, be afforded adequate time to do so.  |
| Texas Reliability Entity   | No   | A compliance timeframe for the applicable GOs of two years is too long and the scenario used as a basis provides no timing specifics or details. Moreover, the 12 months for an existing transmission line operated at 200kV or higher which is newly acquired by an asset owner and which was not previously subject to this standard is arguably the same situation as an applicable GO but the applicable GO has an additional 12 months to come into compliance.   |
| and the fact that the implement<br>translation and clarification of e<br>and standards today are expect<br>procedures, tools, and practices<br>having never had to comply with | ation plan for<br>xisting operati<br>ed to be able t<br>" This process<br>h a vegetation | SDT choose the time in the implementation plan based upon comments of stakeholders<br><u>Version 0 standards</u> stated "the Version 0 Reliability Standards are generally a<br>ing policies and planning standards, entities that are incompliance with NERC policies<br>to remain in compliance with the Version 0 Reliability Standards with their existing<br>s occurred over more than two years. It is therefore reasonable to assume that GOs,<br>management standard, be afforded adequate time to do so. The SDT does not believe<br>me as applying new requirements to a GO. |
| Ingleside Cogeneration LP<br>(Occidental Chemical)   | No   | Based upon similar issues addressed in Compliance Application Notices (CANs), the drafting team needs to specify when the first vegetation management inspection quarterly report, and any other requirement with an assigned interval in FAC-003-3 or FAC-003-X. Even if the decision is to adopt the same criteria proposed in CAN-0012, the industry is better served with a clear distinction made up front.   |
|  |  | is a comment that is outside the scope of the SDT, and in fact deals with a larger body of   |
| standards than just FAC-003. No  | change made  |  |
| PSEG   | No   | It's no longer applicable.   |

| Organization   | Yes or No   | Question 4 Comment   |
|--|---|--|
| staff will file FAC-003-2 with the<br>FAC-003-3 (proposed changes to<br>with the intention of eventually<br>and FAC-003-3 are not approved     | applicable reg<br>the BOT-ado<br>only filing FAC<br>I by FERC, the      | eloped under Project 2007-07 Vegetation Management). Based on this approval, NERC<br>gulatory authorities. The Project 2010-07 SDT will move forward with ballots for both<br>pted FAC-003-2) and FAC-003-X (proposed changes to the FERC-approved FAC-003-1)<br>C-003-3. The SDT has elected to carry FAC-003-X through to ballot because if FAC-003-2<br>SDT wants to be ready to file FAC-003-X to ensure that there is a functional entity<br>fece of line commonly known as the generator interconnection Facility. |
| though they are choosing one or<br>but it wants to have FAC-003-X r<br>FERC. Members of the ballot boo   | the other. As<br>eady to subm<br>dy should vote                         | vill be balloting <b>both</b> FAC-003-3 and FAC-003-X, but stakeholders should <b>not</b> vote as<br>stated above, the SDT plans to present FAC-003-3 alone to NERC's Board of Trustees,<br>it to the Board if, for some reason, neither FAC-003-2 nor FAC-003-3 are approved by<br>e on the merits of each version of FAC-003 individually. <b>In other words, stakeholders</b><br><b>of FAC-003 should vote in the affirmative for both FAC-003-3 and FAC-003-X.</b>   |
| Manitoba Hydro   | No  | See question 3 comments.   |
| Response: See the SDT's response   | se to Questior  | ı 3.   |
| Southwest Power Pool<br>Standards Development Team   | No  | The effective dates should be consistent with the original standard. If there is a reason for the extension we would like to know why.   |
| and the fact that the implement<br>translation and clarification of ex<br>and standards today are expected<br>procedures, tools, and practices | ation plan for<br>xisting operati<br>ed to be able t<br>." This process | SDT choose the time in the implementation plan based upon comments of stakeholders<br><u>Version 0 standards</u> stated "the Version 0 Reliability Standards are generally a<br>ing policies and planning standards, entities that are incompliance with NERC policies<br>o remain in compliance with the Version 0 Reliability Standards with their existing<br>s occurred over more than two years. It is therefore reasonable to assume that GOs,<br>management standard, be afforded adequate time to do so.         |
| Southern Company   | Yes   | The development of a working TVMP will take some time to initialize. The 1 year time frame for R3 is appropriate. The 2 year time frame for all other requirements is appropriate.   |

| Organization   | Yes or No    | Question 4 Comment   |
|--|--------------|--|
| Response: Thank you for your c                                   | omment and s | upport.  |
| Seattle City Light   | Yes          | The explanation deals with the fact that there are simultaneous revisions of FAC-003 underway by two different teams.  |
| Response: Thank you for your c                                   | omment and s | upport.  |
| MRO NSRF   | Yes          | There may be a typographical error on the effective date. As currently drafted the standard states: In those jurisdictions where regulatory approval is required, Requirement R1 applied to the Generator Owner becomes effective on the first calendar day of the first calendar quarter one year after the date of the order approving the standard from applicable regulatory authorities where such explicit approval for all requirements is required. In those jurisdictions where no regulatory approval is required, Requirement R3 becomes effective on the first day of the first calendar quarter one year of Trustees adoption. Should it be worded as follows? In those jurisdictions where regulatory approval is required, Requirement R1 applied to the Generator Owner becomes effective on the first calendar day of the first calendar quarter one year after the date of the order approval is required. In those jurisdictions where regulatory approval is required, Requirement R1 applied to the Generator Owner becomes effective on the first calendar day of the first calendar quarter one year after the date of the order approving the standard from applicable regulatory authorities where such explicit approval for all requirement R3 R1 becomes effective on the first day of the first calendar quarter one year following Board of Trustees adoption approval for all requirement R3 R1 becomes effective on the first day of the first calendar quarter one year following Board of Trustees adoption. |
| Response: Thank you for your c                                   | omment. The  | SDT agrees with you. "Requirement R3," will be corrected to "Requirement R1."  |
| RES Americas Development/<br>American Wind Energy<br>Association | Yes          | Yes, as with our comments to question 2, since there is no exigent reason why this<br>standard needs to be put in place at once, we support the proposed compliance<br>timeframe. We believe that it will allow generators a reasonable time to comply with<br>the requirement.  |

| Organization   | Yes or No    | Question 4 Comment |  |
|--|--------------|--------------------|--|
| Response: Thank you for your co  | omment and s | upport.            |  |
| SERC OC Standards Review<br>Group  | Yes          |                    |  |
| Northeast Power Coordinating<br>Council, Northeast Power<br>Coordinating Council | Yes          |                    |  |
| Southwest Power Pool<br>Regional Entity  | Yes          |                    |  |
| SERC Planning Standards<br>Subcommittee  | Yes          |                    |  |
| Florida Municipal Power<br>Agency  | Yes          |                    |  |
| Dominion   | Yes          |                    |  |
| PPL NERC Registered Affiliates   | Yes          |                    |  |
| ACES Power Marketing<br>Standards Collaborators                                  | Yes          |                    |  |
| Electric Power Supply<br>Association   | Yes          |                    |  |
| American Electric Power  | Yes          |                    |  |
| BP Wind Energy North   | Yes          |                    |  |

| Organization                                | Yes or No | Question 4 Comment |
|---|-----------|--------------------|
| America Inc.                                |           |                    |
| Exelon                                      | Yes       |                    |
| Independent Electricity<br>System Operator  | Yes       |                    |
| Duke Energy                                 | Yes       |                    |
| Oncor Electric Delivery<br>Company LLC      | Yes       |                    |
| American Transmission<br>Company            | Yes       |                    |
| South Carolina Electric and Gas             | Yes       |                    |
| Sempra Generation                           | Yes       |                    |
| Entergy Services                            | Yes       |                    |
| Xcel Energy                                 | Yes       |                    |
| Cowlitz County PUD                          | Yes       |                    |
| Constellation Power Source<br>Generation    | Yes       |                    |
| Western Electricity<br>Coordinating Council |           |                    |

| Organization                               | Yes or No | Question 4 Comment |
|--|-----------|--------------------|
| Puget Sound Energy, Inc.                   |           |                    |
| Compliance & Responsbility<br>Organization |           |                    |
| Bonneville Power<br>Administration         |           |                    |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY,<br>Inc.     |           |                    |
| ReliabiltiyFirst                           |           |                    |
| Tennessee Valley Authority                 |           |                    |

5. In the FAC-003-3 implementation plan, the SDT has attempted to account for a number of different scenarios that could play out with respect to the filing and approvals of FAC-003-2 and FAC-003-3. Do you support this approach? If there are other scenarios that the SDT needs to account for, please suggest them here.

## Summary Consideration:

The SDT thanks all stakeholders for their comments. The vast majority of stakeholders support the compliance timeframes as proposed and explained in the Implementation Plan for FAC-003-3.

One commenter thought that two years was too long for an Implementation Plan for this standard. The SDT reminded those commenters that the time frame was based on previous stakeholder comments and the fact that the Implementation Plan for Version 0 standards stated "the Version 0 Reliability Standards are generally a translation and clarification of existing operating policies and planning standards, entities that are incompliance with NERC policies and standards today are expected to be able to remain in compliance with the Version 0 Reliability Standards with their existing procedures, tools, and practices." This process occurred over more than two years. It is therefore reasonable to assume that GOs, having never had to comply with a vegetation management standard, be afforded adequate time to do so.

Some stakeholders expressed confusion about the relationship between FAC-003-3 and the recently BOT-approved FAC-003-2. The SDT acknowledges that in November 2011, NERC's Board of Trustees adopted FAC-003-2 – Transmission Vegetation Management (developed under Project 2007-07 Vegetation Management). Based on this approval, NERC staff will file FAC-003-2 with the applicable regulatory authorities. The Project 2010-07 SDT will move forward with ballots for both FAC-003-3 (proposed changes to the BOT-adopted FAC-003-2) and FAC-003-X (proposed changes to the FERCapproved FAC-003-1) with the intention of eventually only filing FAC-003-3. The SDT has elected to carry FAC-003-X through to ballot because if FAC-003-2 and FAC-003-3 are not approved by FERC, the SDT wants to be ready to file FAC-003-X to ensure that there is a functional entity responsible for managing vegetation on the piece of line commonly known as the generator interconnection Facility.

All stakeholders should note that for its recirculation ballot, the SDT will be balloting **both** FAC-003-3 and FAC-003-X, but stakeholders should **not** vote as though they are choosing one or the other. As stated above, the SDT plans to present FAC-003-3 alone to NERC's Board of Trustees, but it wants to have FAC-003-X ready to submit to the Board if, for some reason, neither FAC-003-2 nor FAC-003-3 are approved by FERC. Members of the ballot body should vote on the merits of each version of FAC-003 individually. **In other words, stakeholders who support adding GOs to the applicability of FAC-003 should vote in the affirmative for both FAC-003-3 and FAC-003-X.** 

| Organization   | Yes or No  | Question 5 Comment  |
|--|--|---|
| Manitoba Hydro   | No   | See question 3 comments.  |
| Response: See the SDT's respon   | se to Question   | n 3.  |
| Southern Company   | No   | We believe that a standard development process should not have parallel paths where<br>the same version is being modified by multiple teams. The uncertainty in which<br>development path leads to confusion in the industry and ultimately proves to have<br>wasted come resources for the path that does not come to fruition.  |
|  |  | e the SDT agrees this is not preferable, it was necessary given the urgency of both<br>ribe the scenarios and reasons for posting multiple versions.  |
| 2007-07 Vegetation Manageme<br>The Project 2010-07 SDT will mo<br>FAC-003-X (proposed changes to<br>elected to carry FAC-003-X through | nt). Based on t<br>ove forward w<br>o the FERC-app<br>ugh to ballot b<br>e that there is | adopted FAC-003-2 – Transmission Vegetation Management (developed under Project<br>this approval, NERC staff will file FAC-003-2 with the applicable regulatory authorities.<br>ith ballots for both FAC-003-3 (proposed changes to the BOT-adopted FAC-003-2) and<br>proved FAC-003-1) with the intention of eventually only filing FAC-003-3. The SDT has<br>because if FAC-003-2 and FAC-003-3 are not approved by FERC, the SDT wants to be<br>a functional entity responsible for managing vegetation on the piece of line commonly<br>ty. |
| Ingleside Cogeneration LP<br>(Occidental Chemical)   | Yes  | Ingleside Cogeneration agrees that the SDT's approach is thorough. We are far more concerned about FAC-003's applicability criteria and implementation time frame at this point - as stated in our responses to questions 3 and 4.  |
| Response: Thank you for your c   | omment and s   | upport. Please refer to the SDT's responses to Questions 3 and 4.   |
| ACES Power Marketing<br>Standards Collaborators  | Yes  | With recent NERC BOT approval of the FAC-003-2 standard, the drafting team should continue to monitor the standard progress with FERC and make necessary adjustments to the implementation plan.  |
| Response: Thank you for your c   | omment. The  | SDT acknowledges that FAC-003-2 was recently approved by the BOT. The SDT does not  |

| Organization  | Yes or No | Question 5 Comment   |
|---|-----------|--|
| see the need to revise t<br>FERC handles the filing |           | n plan, as it already accounts for a number of scenarios that could occur based on how   |
| Ameren  |           | (a) There is no technical basis for the one mile length exemption. In fact, one could<br>argue that a very short line, 300 feet in length, that experienced a fault from a tree at<br>"the end of the circuit", i.e near the switchyard fence, would have much more of an<br>impact on the BES because the fault would be limited by much less impedance.  |
|   |           | (b) It is also unclear in this version if a GO that owned one line that was 1.2 miles in<br>length would have to comply for the entire length of said line, or just 0.2 miles of said<br>line. If the GO is responsible for 1.2 miles, then that argues that the first mile is<br>important and consequently there is no basis for ignoring the first mile on other lines.<br>If the GO is only responsible for 0.2 miles, what is the technical basis to ignore a mile?<br>And would it be the first mile from the switchyard that is ignored, or is the middle<br>mile, or the last mile where it connects to the TO? Or could the GO decide? Or could<br>the GO pick sections of the line that amount to a mile that they can ignore? This<br>seems like something that should be addressed for compliance. |
|   |           | (c) The 2 year compliance time line is far too long. There is significant industry<br>evidence that was developed in the drafting of Version 2 that supports a one year<br>compliance time-line for new lines. This is evidenced in Version 2. Thus there is no<br>basis for the 2 years   |

**Response:** Thank you for your comment. As it discusses in the document titled "<u>Technical Justification Project 2010-07 Generator</u> <u>Requirements at the Transmission Interface</u>," the SDT recognizes that in many cases, generation Facilities are either (1) staffed and the overhead portion is within line of sight or (2) the overhead Facility is over a paved surface. Stakeholders have generally supported the rationale exempting these Facilities because incorporating them into FAC-003 would offer no reliability benefit. The SDT and industry comments support the position that these qualifiers represent a reasonable and appropriate risk prevention approach.

To clarify the exemption, the SDT has modified 4.3.1 to include a reference to line of sight.

With respect to your second comment, the SDT intended for the length qualifier to be just that; if the overhead portion of a Facility exceeds the distance, <u>the entire Facility</u> is subject to the requirements of the standard.

| Organization   | Yes or No | Question 5 Comment   |
|--|-----------|--|
| The SDT choose the time in the i and also based upon comments                    |           | on plan based upon reasons it documented in the <u>accompanying implementation plan</u><br>rs. |
| PSEG   | Yes       |  |
| SERC OC Standards Review<br>Group  | Yes       |  |
| Southwest Power Pool<br>Standards Development Team                               | Yes       |  |
| Northeast Power Coordinating<br>Council, Northeast Power<br>Coordinating Council | Yes       |  |
| MRO NSRF   | Yes       |  |
| SERC Planning Standards<br>Subcommittee  | Yes       |  |
| Florida Municipal Power<br>Agency  | Yes       |  |
| Dominion   | Yes       |  |
| PPL NERC Registered Affiliates   | Yes       |  |
| Electric Power Supply<br>Association   | Yes       |  |
| American Wind Energy   | Yes       |  |

| Organization                               | Yes or No | Question 5 Comment |
|--|-----------|--------------------|
| Association                                |           |                    |
| American Electric Power                    | Yes       |                    |
| BP Wind Energy North<br>America Inc.       | Yes       |                    |
| Exelon                                     | Yes       |                    |
| Seattle City Light                         | Yes       |                    |
| Independent Electricity<br>System Operator | Yes       |                    |
| Duke Energy                                | Yes       |                    |
| Oncor Electric Delivery<br>Company LLC     | Yes       |                    |
| American Transmission<br>Company           | Yes       |                    |
| South Carolina Electric and Gas            | Yes       |                    |
| RES Americas Development                   | Yes       |                    |
| Sempra Generation                          | Yes       |                    |
| Entergy Services                           | Yes       |                    |

| Organization                                | Yes or No | Question 5 Comment |
|---|-----------|--------------------|
| Xcel Energy                                 | Yes       |                    |
| Cowlitz County PUD                          | Yes       |                    |
| Texas Reliability Entity                    | Yes       |                    |
| Constellation Power Source<br>Generation    | Yes       |                    |
| Tennessee Valley Authority                  | Yes       |                    |
| Southwest Power Pool<br>Regional Entity     |           |                    |
| Western Electricity<br>Coordinating Council |           |                    |
| Puget Sound Energy, Inc.                    |           |                    |
| Compliance & Responsbility<br>Organization  |           |                    |
| Bonneville Power<br>Administration          |           |                    |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY,<br>Inc.      |           |                    |
| ReliabiltiyFirst                            |           |                    |

6. In its technical justification document, the SDT reviews all standards that had been proposed for substantive modification in the Ad Hoc Group's original support and explains why, with the exception of FAC-003, modifying them would not provide any reliability benefit. Do you support these justifications? If you believe the SDT needs to add more information to its rationale for any of these decisions, please include suggested language here.

## Summary Consideration:

The SDT thanks all stakeholders for their comments.

A few commenters pointed out that the wording in R1 and R2 of PRC-005-1a requires the same explicit reference to a generator interconnection Facility that was added in PRC-004-2a R2. The SDT is developing revisions to PRC-005-1a and will post them soon.

Many commenters encouraged the SDT to reexamine the standards and requirements that FERC and NERC applied to GOs and GOPs in their Milford/Cedar Creek order and draft compliance directive regarding generator leads. The SDT pointed out that the NERC <u>Standard Processes Manual</u> does not address the issue of how to deal with FERC Orders (that don't include explicit directives), or NERC directives, within the standards process, and until this round of comments, when NERC staff submitted comments, the SDT had no formal mandate that would have made it appropriate to consider the content of the proposed directive.

Based on stakeholder comments, the SDT expanded its technical justification document (posted under "Supporting Materials") to include any standard or requirement cited by FERC in its Milford/Cedar Creek orders or by NERC in its draft compliance directive. After another thorough review of these standards, the SDT continues to believe that there are clear and technical reliability-based reasons that support not adding GO and GOP requirements to these standards.

One commenter remains concerned about the scope of the SDT. The SDT reminded this commenter that its scope is addressed in the <u>SAR</u> and that its intent is to address all reliability gaps associated with ownership or operation of an interconnection Facility by a generation entity (GO/GOP). The SDT also refers the commenter to the document titled <u>Project 2010-07: Generator Requirements at the Transmission Interface Background Resource Document</u>. Specifically, see the last paragraph on page 4 and first two on page 5.

| Organization   | Yes or No | Question 6 Comment  |
|----------------|-----------|---|
| Manitoba Hydro | Negative  | The intention of the NERC SDT in revising these standards is not clear. While the Technical Justification document states that the SDT intended to focus on a Generator |

| confined to such facilities. The very broadly defined term "Facility" is use<br>the Technical Justification document's reference to the FERC decision in | nization Yes or No | Question 6 Comment  |
|--|--------------------|---|
|  |                    | Owner's radial interconnection facilities, the scope of the revised standard (s) is not<br>confined to such facilities. The very broadly defined term "Facility" is used. Moreover,<br>the Technical Justification document's reference to the FERC decision in Cedar Creek<br>as a basis for the revision of additional standards is confusing, since that decision did<br>not specifically address the issue of radial facilities and supported NERC's registration<br>of GOs as TOs. |

**Response:** Thank you for your comment. The scope of this SDT is addressed in the <u>SAR</u>. The intent of the SAR is to address all reliability gaps associated with ownership or operation of an interconnection Facility by a generation entity (GO/GOP). The SDT determined that it should first address "low-hanging fruit" and believes these to be sole-use Facilities (see posted examples under "Supporting Materials") – that is, a Facility used to connect one or more generators to a Facility owned or operated by a transmission entity (TO/TOP). Through our deliberations, we came to the conclusion that an interconnection Facility owned or operated by a GO or GOP that is more complex would likely require specific analysis and that such analysis would most likely be outside the scope of this SDT.

The SDT also refers the commenter to the document titled **Project 2010-07: Generator Requirements at the Transmission Interface Background Resource Document**. Specifically, see the last paragraph on page 4 and first two on page 5.

| Texas Reliability Entity | No | Our negative votes on FAC-003 reflect our concern that this project has not considered all of the applicable standards. Why did the SDT choose to only review the Ad Hoc Group's standards when there have been multiple registration appeals in which FERC and NERC have repeatedly cited specific additional TO/TOP standards that were determined to be applicable to GO/GOPs? This SDT project would serve a tremendous value to the ERO and in particular industry if it were to address the technical aspects of the following FERC ordered applicable standards: PRC-001-1 R2, R4; PRC-004-1 R1; TOP-004-2 R6; PER-003-1 R1; FAC-003-1 R1, R2; TOP-001-1a R1 and FAC-004-2 R2. The SDT team should analyze the FERC orders, the applicable standards indicated, and the circumstances and facts involved, and technically justify why no reliability gap exists if these standards are not applied to GO interface facilities. The SDT should include more "technical" information in its technical |
|--------------------------|----|--|
|                          |    | justification document. For example, in regards to TOP-004-2 R7, the SDT technical   |

| Organization  | Yes or No   | Question 6 Comment   |
|---|---|--|
|   |   | justification states that there is no reliability gap because, " because an operator<br>has a fiduciary obligation to protect a Facility for which it is operationally<br>responsible." An entity having a fiduciary obligation is not a technical justification of<br>why a reliability gap does not exist. Moreover, by that logic there would be no need<br>for many standards because every registered entity has a fiduciary obligation to<br>protect its facilities. |
| Orders (that don't include expl   | icit directives), o<br>mments, the SD                     | NERC <u>Standard Processes Manual</u> does not address the issue of how to deal with FERC<br>or NERC directives, within the standards process, and until this round of comments,<br>T had no formal mandate that would have made it appropriate to consider the content  |
| Project 2010-07 Generator Rec<br>Methodology and FAC-009-1—<br>methodology and communicat | uirements at th<br>Establish and Co<br>ing facility ratin | mment concerning TOP-004-2 R7, that in the document titled " <u>Technical Justification</u><br><u>ne Transmission Interface</u> " the SDT also stated "FAC-008-1—Facility Ratings<br>ommunicate Facility Ratings already infer that the reason for establishing a ratings<br>gs to the Reliability Coordinator, Planning Authority, Transmission Planner, and<br>Inning and operation of the Bulk Electric System."  |
| include any standard or require   | ement cited by I<br>ese standards, t                      | expanded our technical justification document (posted under "Supporting Materials") to FERC in its Milford/Cedar Creek orders or by NERC in its draft compliance directive. After he SDT continues to believe that there are clear and technical reliability-based reasons to these standards.   |
| PSEG  | No  | PRC-005-1 - Transmission and Generation Protection System Maintenance and<br>Testing was recommended by the Ad Hoc Group for modification, but not addressed<br>to the technical justification document. It should be.   |
|   | ence to a genera  | nave reviewed PRC-005-1a and believe that the wording in R1 and R2 of that standard ator interconnection Facility that was added in PRC-004-2a R2. The SDT is developing   |
|   | in post them sot  |  |

| Organization                              | Yes or No                                       | Question 6 Comment  |  |  |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| Agency                                    |   |   |  |  |
| Response: See the SDT's                   | response to Question                            | ۱7.   |  |  |
| Manitoba Hydro                            | No  | See Question 7 comments.  |  |  |
| Response: See the SDT's                   | Response: See the SDT's response to Question 7. |   |  |  |
| MRO NSRF                                  | No  | The NSRF has one concern with the current justification and definitions. At some point, if enough interconnections are made to generator outlet leads in accordance with FAC-001, the original generator operator will be a Transmission Operator and a Transmission Owner. This point in time needs to be explicitly defined by the drafting team.   |  |  |
| <b>Response:</b> The SDT canno<br>Entity. | act on this commer                              | nt. Registration is outside the scope of this SDT and resides with NERC and the Regional  |  |  |
| Manitoba Hydro                            |   | If the drafting team intends to limit the scope of FAC-001-1 to GO owned radial generator interconnection facilities that are not deemed BES transmission and therefore would not require the registration of the GO as a TO, Manitoba Hydro disagrees with the proposed changes to FAC-001-1 as Generator Owners may not have the models or expertise to perform interconnection studies to determine if there is an impact on the Transmission Network. This concern is echoed in the technical justification document provided by NERC: 'the SDT acknowledges that the Generator Owner may not, at the time it agrees or is compelled to allow a third part to interconnect, have the necessary expertise to conduct the required interconnect studies to meet this standard the Generator Owner will have to acquire such expertise. How the Generator Owner chooses to do so is not for the SDT to determine.' Although it may not be for the SDT to determine how a GO obtains technical expertise, ensuring that such expertise is acquired before a GO conducts the required interconnection studies should be a concern to NERC as this directly affects |  |  |

| Organization   | Yes or No                       | Question 6 Comment  |
|--|---------------------------------|---|
| the reliability of the BES. As a result, all<br>implemented by the TO providing the G<br>interconnection point is within a Gener<br>TO is in the best position to set unbiase<br>reliability of the BES is maintained. If th<br>owned BES transmission facilities, Man<br>Compliance Registry should apply and t<br>and abide by all applicable standards to<br>change specific Reliability Standards to<br>selected TO functions. Reliability gaps w<br>GOPs registered as TOs and TOPs to en<br>protection standards, are met so the re<br>this would not lead to a large number of<br>technical justification document, 'interv |                                 | the reliability of the BES. As a result, all interconnection requests should be<br>implemented by the TO providing the GO with connection to the BES regardless if the<br>interconnection point is within a Generation Owner facility or End-User facility as the<br>TO is in the best position to set unbiased connection requirements to ensure the<br>reliability of the BES is maintained. If the scope of FAC-001-1 also applies to GO<br>owned BES transmission facilities, Manitoba Hydro strongly believes that the<br>Compliance Registry should apply and the GOs should be required to register as a TO<br>and abide by all applicable standards to that functional type. There is no need to<br>change specific Reliability Standards to allow the Generator Owner to perform only<br>selected TO functions. Reliability gaps would be better addressed if select GOs and<br>GOPs registered as TOs and TOPs to ensure all reliability standards, including the<br>protection standards, are met so the reliability of the BES is maintained. At this time,<br>this would not lead to a large number of extra registrations since, as stated in the<br>technical justification document, 'interconnection requests for Generator Owner<br>Facilities are still relatively rare. |
| <b>Response:</b> Thank you for your c<br>in the document titled " <u>Technic</u>   |                                 | DT agrees this is a complex issue and did its best to outline how it arrived at its position FAC-001-1."  |
| indirectly with the RTO intercor<br>interconnection procedures fro   | mection proces<br>m Order 2003. | RTO, then the GO will be coordinating any interconnection studies either directly or<br>ss. If the GO is not part of an RTO, then the GO will be required to follow the pro forma<br>The Order 2003 procedures require the GO to coordinate any studies with an affected<br>y one, or more, TO on the other side of the GO's existing point of interconnection.   |
|  |                                 | lect set of standards so that they apply to GOs and GOPs as an alternative to registering<br>bes agree that upon interconnection of a third party, other standards or registrations   |
| Electric Power Supply<br>Association   | Affirmative                     | All TO requirements for FAC-001-1 would apply if and when GO executes an Agreement to evaluate the reliability impact of interconnecting a third party Facility to its existing generation interconnection Facility. The execution of the agreement is  |

necessary to comply with FAC-002-1 and start the compliance clock with the

| Organization                   | Yes or No    | Question 6 Comment   |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--|
|                                |              | applicable regulatory authority. Thus as the Project 2010-07 Standard Drafting Team<br>(SDT) in its technical justification has stated, "If, and only if, the existing owner of a<br>generator interconnection Facility has an executed Agreement to evaluate the<br>reliability impact of interconnecting a third party Facility to its existing generation<br>Facility" then FAC-001-1 should apply. EPSA concurs with SDT's conclusion. The SDT<br>has examined the issue regarding if future requests for transmission service on the<br>interconnection Facility and in doing so acknowledged that when that Facility adopted<br>open access and was providing transmission service it would necessitate re-evaluation<br>of the need for the Facility to be maintained in accordance with FAC-001-1,<br>Requirements 2 and 4. This service would indeed prompt the necessary agreement<br>the SDT contemplates in its technical justification of FAC-001-1. EPSA believes this<br>serves as the necessary trigger for evaluation of Requirements 2 and 4 under FAC-<br>001-1 for GOs.  |
| Response: Thank you for your c | omment and s | upport.  |
| Infigen Energy US              | Affirmative  | Infigen supports the FAC-001-1 technical analysis by the Project 2010-07 SDT, which states in part that "If, and only if, the existing owner of a generator interconnection Facility has an executed Agreement to evaluate the reliability impact of interconnecting a third party Facility to its existing generation Facility would the proposed FAC-001-1 apply". We agree with the SDT's reasoning that if the owner of the existing generator interconnection Facility agrees, or is compelled to allow a third party to interconnect, but can do so using existing agreements, contracts, and/or tariffs [to avoid requiring additional executed Agreement(s)], this is the most prudent and effective way to manage this process with continuity. In order to evaluate the reliability impact of interconnecting a third party Facility to the Generator Owner's existing Facility more expediently, it can avoid having to develop its own connection requirements or perform additional impact studies, to the extent possible. We find it reasonable to negotiate with the existing Transmission Owner, Transmission Planner, and/or Transmission Service Provider to manage this requirement, utilizing their |

| Organization  | Yes or No  | Question 6 Comment   |
|---|--|--|
|   |  | existing processes and Agreements for the purpose of fulfilling FAC-001-1.   |
| Response: Thank you for your c  | comment and s  | upport.  |
| Southern Company  | Yes  | Additional responses are needed to justify the exclusion of the list of requirements<br>and standards found in the recent FERC order denying the rehearing request of the<br>Compliance Registry Appeals of Cedar Creek and Milford. (135 FERC Para. 61,241).<br>Please see our response to Question 10 for a detailed discussion on this<br>topic.â€,â€,â€, |
| Orders (that don't include expli  | cit directives), o   | NERC <u>Standard Processes Manual</u> does not address the issue of how to deal with FERC<br>or NERC directives, within the standards process, and until this round of comments,<br>T had no formal mandate that would have made it appropriate to consider the content  |
| of the directive you reference.   |  |  |
| include any standard or require   | ment cited by I<br>ese standards, t                        | expanded our technical justification document (posted under "Supporting Materials") to<br>FERC in its Milford/Cedar Creek orders or by NERC in its draft compliance directive. After<br>he SDT continues to believe that there are clear and technical reliability-based reasons<br>ments to these standards.  |
| Based on your and other comm<br>include any standard or require<br>another thorough review of the   | ment cited by I<br>ese standards, t                        | FERC in its Milford/Cedar Creek orders or by NERC in its draft compliance directive. After he SDT continues to believe that there are clear and technical reliability-based reasons  |
| Based on your and other comm<br>include any standard or require<br>another thorough review of the<br>that support not adding GO and<br>Constellation Power Source | ment cited by F<br>ese standards, t<br>GOP requirem<br>Yes | ERC in its Milford/Cedar Creek orders or by NERC in its draft compliance directive. After<br>he SDT continues to believe that there are clear and technical reliability-based reasons<br>nents to these standards.<br>Constellation supports the SDT justifications and offers additional information in our<br>response to question 10.                     |

| Organization   | Yes or No    | Question 6 Comment  |
|--|--------------|---|
| American Wind Energy<br>Association  | Yes          | The reasoning of the SDT is comprehensive and makes a strong case for why there is<br>no need for additional standards to be applied to GO/GOP lead lines as they will not<br>improve the reliability of the Bulk Electric System. In fact, as noted above, such<br>additional standards may decrease reliability by diverting the GO/GOP's resources<br>from the operation of the equipment that actually produces electricity - the<br>generation equipment itself. |
| Response: Thank you for your c   | omment and s | upport.   |
| RES Americas Development   | Yes          | The reasoning of the SDT is comprehensive and makes a strong case for why there is<br>no need for additional standards to be applied to GO/GOP lead lines as they will not<br>improve the reliability of the Bulk Electric System. In fact, as noted above, such<br>additional standards may decrease reliability by diverting the GO/GOP's resources<br>from the operation of the equipment that actually produces electricity - the<br>generation equipment itself. |
| Response: Thank you for your c   | omment and s | upport.   |
| SERC OC Standards Review<br>Group  | Yes          |   |
| Southwest Power Pool<br>Standards Development Team                               | Yes          |   |
| Northeast Power Coordinating<br>Council, Northeast Power<br>Coordinating Council | Yes          |   |
| Southwest Power Pool<br>Regional Entity  | Yes          |   |

| Organization                                    | Yes or No | Question 6 Comment |
|---|-----------|--------------------|
| SERC Planning Standards<br>Subcommittee         | Yes       |                    |
| Dominion  | Yes       |                    |
| PPL NERC Registered Affiliates                  | Yes       |                    |
| ACES Power Marketing<br>Standards Collaborators | Yes       |                    |
| Electric Power Supply<br>Association            | Yes       |                    |
| American Electric Power                         | Yes       |                    |
| BP Wind Energy North<br>America Inc.            | Yes       |                    |
| Exelon  | Yes       |                    |
| Seattle City Light                              | Yes       |                    |
| Duke Energy                                     | Yes       |                    |
| Oncor Electric Delivery<br>Company LLC          | Yes       |                    |
| American Transmission<br>Company                | Yes       |                    |
| South Carolina Electric and                     | Yes       |                    |

| Organization                                | Yes or No | Question 6 Comment |
|---|-----------|--------------------|
| Gas   |           |                    |
| Sempra Generation                           | Yes       |                    |
| Xcel Energy                                 | Yes       |                    |
| Cowlitz County PUD                          | Yes       |                    |
| Western Electricity<br>Coordinating Council |           |                    |
| Puget Sound Energy, Inc.                    |           |                    |
| Compliance & Responsbility<br>Organization  |           |                    |
| Bonneville Power<br>Administration          |           |                    |
| Independent Electricity<br>System Operator  |           |                    |
| Ameren                                      |           |                    |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY, Inc.         |           |                    |
| Entergy Services                            |           |                    |
| ReliabiltiyFirst                            |           |                    |



| Organization               | Yes or No | Question 6 Comment |  |
|----------------------------|-----------|--------------------|--|
| Tennessee Valley Authority |           |                    |  |

## NERC

7. The SDT is attempting to modify a set of standards so that radial generator interconnection Facilities are appropriately accounted for in NERC's Reliability Standards, both to close reliability gaps and to prevent the unnecessary registration of GOs and GOPs at TOs and TOPs. Does the set of standards currently posted achieve this goal?

#### Summary Consideration:

The SDT thanks all stakeholders for their comments. Most commenters support the SDT's work and agree that the set of standards for which the SDT has proposed modification ensure that radial generator interconnection Facilities are appropriately accounted for in NERC's Reliability Standards.

One commenter continues to express confusion about the scope of the SDT's work in general. The SDT reminded this commenter that its scope is addressed in the <u>SAR</u>. The intent of the SAR is to address all reliability gaps associated with ownership or operation of an interconnection Facility by a generation entity (GO/GOP). The SDT determined that it should first address "low-hanging fruit" and believes these to be sole-use Facilities (see posted examples under "Supporting Materials") – that is, a Facility used to connect one or more generators to a Facility owned or operated by a transmission entity (TO/TOP). Through its deliberations, the SDT came to the conclusion that an interconnection Facility owned or operated by a GO or GOP that is more complex would likely require specific analysis and that such analysis would most likely be outside the scope of this SDT. The SDT also refers the commenter to the document titled <u>Project</u> <u>2010-07: Generator Requirements at the Transmission Interface Background Resource Document</u> (specifically, the last paragraph on page 4 and first two on page 5). The SDT has proposed the modification of a select set of standards so that they apply to GOs and GOPs as an alternative to registering all GOs and GOPs as TOs and TOPs, a strategy that has been widely supported by the stakeholder body. The SDT does agree that upon interconnection of a third party, other standards or registrations may apply as appropriate.

One commenter asked the SDT to specify what it means by "radial." By "radial generator interconnection Facilities," the SDT means sole-use Facilities (see posted examples under "Supporting Materials") – that is, a Facility used to connect one or more generators to a Facility owned or operated by a transmission entity (TO/TOP).

A few commenters suggested that the SDT address those standards cited by FERC and NERC in related projects. The SDT pointed out that the NERC <u>Standard Processes Manual</u> does not address the issue of how to deal with FERC Orders (that don't include explicit directives), or NERC directives, within the standards process. However, based on staekolder comments, the SDT has expanded its technical justification document (posted under "Supporting Materials") to include any standard or requirement cited by FERC in its Milford/Cedar Creek orders or by NERC in its draft compliance directive. After another thorough review of these standards, the SDT continues to believe that there are clear and technical reliability-based reasons that support not adding GO and GOP requirements to these standards.

One commenter suggested that the SDT include the GO in TOP-004-2 R6, but the SDT continues to maintain that no gap exists because TOP-002-2 R3 already requires the GO to coordinate with its host BA and TSP, who in turn are required to coordinate with their TOPs.

One commenter pointed out that the Data Retention section of the proposed PRC-004-2.1a also requires modification to include the generator interconnection Facility. The SDT agrees and made this change.

| Organization   | Yes or No  | Question 7 Comment  |
|----------------|--|---|
| Manitoba Hydro | Negative   | Manitoba Hydro has the following comments:  |
|                |  | 1) The intention of the NERC SDT in revising these standards is not clear. While the Technical Justification document states that the SDT intended to focus on a Generator Owner's radial interconnection facilities, the scope of the revised standard (s) is not confined to such facilities. The very broadly defined term "Facility" is used. Moreover, the Technical Justification document's reference to the FERC decision in Cedar Creek as a basis for the revision of additional standards is confusing, since that decision did not specifically address the issue of radial facilities and supported NERC's registration of GOs as TOs. |
|                | 2) Manitoba Hydro strongly disagrees with bypassing the NERC Compliance Registry<br>and only having a limited set of standards apply to the GOs 'interconnection facilities'<br>If a Generator Owner wants to own transmission facilities and it falls under the<br>definition of a Transmission Owner under the NERC Registry Criteria, then all the<br>Requirements applicable to a TO should apply. There is no need to change specific<br>Reliability Standards to allow the Generator Owner to perform only selected TO<br>functions. Reliability gaps would be better closed if select GOs and GOPs simply<br>registered as TOs and TOPs. At this time, this would not lead to a large number of<br>extra registrations since, as stated in the technical justification document,<br>'interconnection requests for Generator Owner Facilities are still relatively rare. |   |

**Response:** Thank you for your comment. The scope of this SDT is addressed in the <u>SAR</u>. The intent of the SAR is to address all reliability gaps associated with ownership or operation of an interconnection Facility by a generation entity (GO/GOP). The SDT determined that it should first address "low-hanging fruit" and believes these to be sole-use Facilities (see posted examples under

| Organization                    | Yes or No         | Question 7 Comment  |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|---|
| entity (TO/TOP). Through our d  | eliberations, we  | d to connect one or more generators to a Facility owned or operated by a transmission<br>e came to the conclusion that an interconnection Facility owned or operated by a GO or<br>specific analysis and that such analysis would most likely be outside the scope of this  |
|                                 |                   | ument titled <b>Project 2010-07: Generator Requirements at the Transmission Interface</b><br>see the last paragraph on page 4 and first two on page 5.  |
| all GOs and GOPs as TOs and TO  | DPs, a strategy t | lect set of standards so that they apply to GOs and GOPs as an alternative to registering<br>that has been widely supported by the stakeholder body. The SDT does agree that upon<br>ds or registrations may apply as appropriate.  |
| Manitoba Hydro                  | Negative          | Manitoba Hydro strongly disagrees with bypassing the NERC Compliance Registry and<br>only having a limited set of standards apply to the GOs 'interconnection facilities' If a<br>Generator Owner wants to own transmission facilities and it falls under the definition<br>of a Transmission Owner under the NERC Registry Criteria, then all the Requirements<br>applicable to a TO should apply. There is no need to change specific Reliability<br>Standards to allow the Generator Owner to perform only selected TO functions.<br>Reliability gaps would be better closed if select GOs and GOPs simply registered as<br>TOs and TOPs. At this time, this would not lead to a large number of extra<br>registrations since, as stated in the technical justification document, 'interconnection<br>requests for Generator Owner Facilities are still relatively rare. |
| and GOPs as an alternative to r | egistering all G  | GDT has proposed the modification of a select set of standards so that they apply to GOs<br>Os and GOPs as TOs and TOPs, a strategy that has been widely supported by the<br>on interconnection of a third party, other standards or registrations may apply as   |
| PSEG                            | No                | It would be helpful if the SDT defined what it means by the term "radial generator<br>interconnection Facilities." Does it mean interconnection Facilities that under Normal<br>Clearing for a fault do not interrupt flows on other BES Elements? This is also<br>confusing because of the radial exclusion included in the BES definition work in   |

| Organization  | Yes or No   | Question 7 Comment   |
|---|---|--|
|   |   | Project 2010-17. That definition would allow part of a three-terminal circuit to be excluded from the BES, while the other parts are included in the BES.  |
| examples under "Supporting N<br>by a transmission entity (TO/T  | Aaterials") – tha<br>OP). Through ou                    | adial generator interconnection Facilities," the SDT means sole-use Facilities (see posted<br>t is, a Facility used to connect one or more generators to a Facility owned or operated<br>r deliberations, we came to the conclusion that an interconnection Facility owned or<br>yould likely require specific analysis and that such analysis would most likely be outside  |
| Texas Reliability Entity  | No  | See comment 6.   |
| Response: See the SDT's response  | onse to Question  | 6.   |
| Manitoba Hydro  | No  | The SDT's proposed modifications gives special treatment to the Generator Owner in that it allows the Generator Owner TO status for a couple of standards (FAC-001, FAC-003 and PRC-004), but exempts the Generator Owner from many of the standards applicable to a TO. The NERC Registry Criteria defines the various functional entities. If a Generator Owner wants to own transmission facilities and it falls under the definition of a Transmission Owner under the NERC Registry Criteria, then all the Requirements applicable to a TO should apply. There is no need to change specific Reliability Standards to allow the Generator Owner to perform only selected TO functions. Reliability gaps would be better closed if select GOs and GOPs simply registered as TOs and TOPs. At this time, this would not lead to a large number of extra registrations since, as stated in the technical justification document, 'interconnection requests for Generator Owner Facilities are still relatively rare. |
| reliability gaps associated with<br>determined that it should first<br>"Supporting Materials") – that | ownership or o<br>address "low-ha<br>is, a Facility use | scope of this SDT is addressed in the <u>SAR</u> . The intent of the SAR is to address all<br>peration of an interconnection Facility by a generation entity (GO/GOP). The SDT<br>anging fruit" and believes these to be sole-use Facilities (see posted examples under<br>d to connect one or more generators to a Facility owned or operated by a transmission<br>e came to the conclusion that an interconnection Facility owned or operated by a GO or   |

| Organization  | Yes or No  | Question 7 Comment   |
|---|--|--|
| GOP that is more complex woul SDT.  | ld likely require  | specific analysis and that such analysis would most likely be outside the scope of this  |
|   |  | ument titled <b>Project 2010-07: Generator Requirements at the Transmission Interface</b><br>see the last paragraph on page 4 and first two on page 5.   |
| all GOs and GOPs as TOs and To  | OPs, a strategy t  | lect set of standards so that they apply to GOs and GOPs as an alternative to registering<br>that has been widely supported by the stakeholder body. The SDT does agree that upon<br>ds or registrations may apply as appropriate.   |
| Southwest Power Pool<br>Regional Entity   | No   | The Technical Justification document did not review the standards FERC identified in paragraphs 71 and 87 of 135 FERC ¶ 61,241 ORDER DENYING APPEALS OF ELECTRIC RELIABILITY ORGANIZATION REGISTRATION DETERMINATIONS. The SDT needs to review these standards to determine if changes are needed; otherwise, FERC will require registration of GOs and GOPs as TOs and TOPs to address reliability gaps. If the SDT determines no changes are needed to these FERC-identified standards, they should provide justification. |
| Orders (that don't include expl<br>expanded our technical justific<br>FERC in its Milford/Cedar Creel | icit directives) w<br>ation document<br>corders or by N<br>nat there are cle | NERC <u>Standard Processes Manual</u> does not address the issue of how to deal with FERC<br>within the standards process. However, based on your and other comments, we have<br>(posted under "Supporting Materials") to include any standard or requirement cited by<br>ERC in its draft compliance directive. After another thorough review of these standards,<br>ar and technical reliability-based reasons that support not adding GO and GOP  |
| Southern Company  | No   | We don't believe the effort realizes the goal because 1) it is inclusive of FAC-001 that does not need any modifications and 2) the effort needs to reinforce the appropriate justification not to include the additional standards FERC has identified in their Cedar Creek and Milford Orders.   |
| <b>Response:</b> The SDT thanks you how it arrived at its position in                                 |  | ent. The SDT believes that comment (1) is a complex issue and did its best to outline  |

| Organization   | Yes or No  | Question 7 Comment  |
|--|--|---|
| include explicit directives) within<br>technical justification document<br>Milford/Cedar Creek orders or b | n the standard<br>(posted under<br>vy NERC in its d  | ses Manual does not address the issue of how to deal with FERC Orders (that don't<br>s process. However, based on your and other comments, we have expanded our<br>"Supporting Materials") to include any standard or requirement cited by FERC in its<br>raft compliance directive. After another thorough review of these standards, the SDT<br>echnical reliability-based reasons that support not adding GO and GOP requirements to |
| Western Electricity<br>Coordinating Council  | No WECC casts an affirmative vote for the SDT proposal as a necessary but not sufficient step in addressing the GOTO matter. WECC, NERC, and the other Regions developed a subset of Standards and Requirements that were considered necessary to address potential gaps for transmission interconnection facilities and operations to be included in a proposed NERC Directive, which is expected to issue by year-end. The subset of requirements developed for the proposed NERC Directive were informed by the applicable FERC Orders. Consequently, it is important that the SDT address the comparative reliability risks between the proposed NERC Directive List and the SDT Proposal to assure that reliability gaps will not result from the SDT proposal. Please see NERC's proposed Directive for the rationale and technical justification. |   |
| Orders (that don't include explic  | tit directives), o   | NERC <u>Standard Processes Manual</u> does not address the issue of how to deal with FERC<br>or NERC directives, within the standards process, and until this round of comments,<br>T had no formal mandate that would have made it appropriate to consider the content   |
| Materials") to include any stand directive. After another thoroug  | ard or require<br>h review of the  | we have expanded our technical justification document (posted under "Supporting<br>ment cited by FERC in its Milford/Cedar Creek orders or by NERC in its draft compliance<br>ese standards, the SDT continues to believe that there are clear and technical reliability-<br>I GOP requirements to these standards.   |
| Florida Municipal Power<br>Agency  |  | FMPA believes that TOP-004-2 R6.2 ought to also be addressed in the standards as applicable to GOPs. The requirements reads:R6. Transmission Operators, individually and jointly with other Transmission Operators, shall develop, maintain, and  |

| Organization   | Yes or No | Question 7 Comment   |
|----------------|-----------|--|
|                |           | implement formal policies and procedures to provide for transmission reliability.<br>These policies and procedures shall address the execution and coordination of<br>activities that impact inter- and intra-Regional reliability, including:R6.2. Switching<br>transmission elements. Although planned outages are covered in other standards<br>applicable to a GOP, switching to close / synchronize a generator back to the system is<br>not specifically covered in the standards. Some have argued that TOP-002-2 R3 causes<br>GOPs to coordinate its current day plans with the TOP; however, the name of the<br>standard is "Transmission Operations Planning" and therefore implies the availability<br>of the generator and related equipment and not necessary implies the policies and<br>procedures for switching operations; which includes synchronization. FMPA cannot<br>imagine a generator that would not have such switching / synchronization policies<br>and procedures coordinated with its interconnecting TOP; as such would normally be<br>required through a Large Generator Interconnection Agreement through a pro forma<br>OATT; however, FMPA is not aware of any instance in the standards that covers this.<br>As such, FMPA recommends including TOP-004-2 R6.2 as being applicable to a GOP. |
|                |           | lon't agree that the gap exists because TOP-002-2 R3 already requires the GO to rn are required to coordinate with their TOPs.   |
| Manitoba Hydro |           | If the redline changes are implemented, GOs are removed from R4, thereby removing the obligation for GOs to maintain their connection requirements. If GOs are included in FAC-001, they should be held accountable to the same level as TOs and should be required to maintain their connection requirements. Requiring a GO to maintain connection requirements would be especially beneficial to the GO themselves. In the majority of instances, any GO that is an Applicable Entity for FAC-001 would initially be inexperienced in performing interconnection studies and would benefit from regular and frequent review of their connection requirements as experience and expertise are gained.  |

Response: Thank you for your comment. The SDT agrees this is a complex issue and did its best to outline how it arrived at its position

| Organization                                   | Yes or No  | Question 7 Comment  |  |
|--|--|---|--|
| in the document titled " <u>Techni</u>         | in the document titled "Technical Justification: FAC-001-1." |   |  |
| SERC OC Standards Review<br>Group              |  | Please list the set of standards are you referencing.   |  |
| Response: The SDT is referring                 | to those standa  | ards posted for comment (FAC-001-1, FAC-003-X, FAC-003-3, and PRC-004-2.1).   |  |
| Constellation Power Source<br>Generation, Inc. | Affirmative  | Constellation appreciates and supports the work of the standard drafting team. We recognize the significant time invested by technical experts from industry to consider the appropriate application of reliability standards to address concerns raised about coverage of transmission at the generator interface. The drafting team analysis identified the standards in need of revision to appropriately address the reliability concerns raised. Please see more detailed comments submitted in the Project 2010-07 comment form submitted on November 18, 2011. |  |
| Response: Thank you for your                   | comment and s  | upport.   |  |
| Infigen Energy US                              | Affirmative  | Infigen finds the SDT supporting measures and analysis regarding FAC-003-3 to be<br>appropriate, and believes that it is prudent for Generation Owners and Transmission<br>Owners to manage vegetation maintenance records/inspections accordingly. We<br>support maintaining "reasonable and appropriate" risk prevention measures to<br>minimize encroachment that could trigger vegetation-related outages.  |  |
| Response: Thank you for your                   | comment and s  | upport.   |  |
| PPL EnergyPlus LLC                             | Affirmative  | PPL Generation, LLC, on behalf of its NERC-registered subsidiaries, appreciates the effort by the Standard Development Team to address the GO-TO interface issues in a manner that enhances the reliability of the BES without adding unnecessary burden on Generators. As registered GOs/GOPs, the PPL Generation registered entities agree with the changes made by the SDT to these three standards. To the extent that GOs/GOPs are required to register as TOs/TOPs, PPL Generation would have   |  |

| Organization   | Yes or No        | Question 7 Comment  |
|--|------------------|---|
|  |                  | significant concerns with meeting the compliance requirements applicable to TOs in the standards included in the scope of this Project, as well as other TO/TOP requirements throughout other NERC standards.   |
| Response: Thank you for your c   | omment and s     | upport.   |
| Puget Sound Energy, Inc.   | Affirmative      | The changes to this standard are minor, and seem to be centered around including "generator Interconnection facilities" to R2. This added phrase and the statement in 1.4 Data Retention "Generator Owner that owns a generation Protection System" seems to assume that the generator owner and generator interconnection facilities owner is always the same. This is not always the case, and will make this standard language confusing to prepare evidence for. A suggestion would be to revise the language to allow for a separate generator owner and generator interconnection facilities owner.   |
| <b>Response:</b> Thank you for your c the Elements or Facilities that it |                  | DT believes that the language makes clear that an entity need only be concerned with  |
| <u> </u>   | Distribution Pro | the language in the Data Retention section and has modified that section as follows:<br>ovider that own a transmission Protection System and the Generator Owner that owns a<br>ection System"  |
| Southwest Transmission<br>Cooperative, Inc. / ACES<br>Power Marketing    | Affirmative      | We largely support the changes made by drafting team because we believe the drafting team has provided the best solution in face of a difficult problem. However, in general, we do not support registration of GOs and GOPs as TOs and TOPs or applicability of any TO/TOP requirements to the GO/GOP simply because they have a radial interconnection greater than one mile in length. While there may be some generators that own interconnecting facilities of significant length operated at a significant voltage that could impact BES reliability, we do not believe that the number of generating facilities that fit into that category is significantly large. When one considers that the majority of generators are still owned and operator by utilities that are also registered as a TO and TOP, there is only a minority subset of generators |

| Organization   | Yes or No      | Question 7 Comment   |
|--|----------------|--|
|  |                | left that could be considered. NERC has the registration for this remaining set of generators and could use the data to evaluate how many of this remaining subset have interconnections owned by the generator that are substantial enough to affect reliability. It seems that NERC could determine the boundaries of this problem before registering anymore GOs and GOPs as TOs and TOPs or before applying additional requirements through this effort on the GOs and GOPs. Subjecting a GO/GOP to any TO/TOP standards requirements should require a clear demonstration f the reliability gap in each instance. Some additional changes are necessary to FAC-001.   |
| <b>Response:</b> Thank you for your care referring to comments state |                | upport. We are unsure as to what changes to FAC-001 you feel are necessary unless you  |
| Ingleside Cogeneration LP<br>(Occidental Chemical)                   | Yes            | Although the SDT is nearing conclusion on the closing of reliability gaps, the<br>unnecessary registration of GOs and GOPs as TOs and TOPs is far from resolved in our<br>view. Ingleside Cogeneration's concern is based upon NERC's recent proposal to<br>dictate an interim GO-TO interconnection solution which completely bypasses the<br>Standards Development Process. Frankly, it seriously brings to question the nature of<br>the consensus-driven process - which appears to be moving in a dictatorial direction.  |
| Response: Thank you for your c                                       | comment and su | upport.  |
| American Wind Energy<br>Association                                  | Yes            | AWEA believes that the standards modifications proposed by the SDT should address<br>any genuine reliability gap with regard to generator lead lines, rather than just<br>perceived but unsupported threats. To that end, we support the approach that the<br>SDT appears to be taking of modifying a limited number of applicable standards so<br>that they apply to GO/GOP lead lines. In particular, we fully support the fact that the<br>SDT recognizes that GO/GOPs should not automatically be required to register as<br>TO/TOPs simply because of their ownership of generator lead lines. The SDT correctly<br>recognizes that such registration should be done based on a case-by-case<br>determination. As already noted, registering a GO/GOP as a TO/TOP may actually<br>decrease reliability. |

| Organization   | Yes or No    | Question 7 Comment   |
|--|--------------|--|
| Response: Thank you for your co  | omment and s | upport.  |
| RES Americas Development   | Yes          | We believe that the standards modifications proposed by the SDT should address any genuine reliability gap with regard to generator lead lines, rather than just perceived but unsupported threats. To that end, we support the approach that the SDT appears to be taking of modifying a limited number of applicable standards so that they apply to GO/GOP lead lines. In particular, we fully support the fact that the SDT recognizes that GO/GOPs should not automatically be required to register as TO/TOPs simply because of their ownership of generator lead lines. The SDT correctly recognizes that such registration should be done based on a case-by-case determination. As already noted, registering a GO/GOP as a TO/TOP may actually decrease reliability. |
| Response: Thank you for your co  | omment and s | upport.  |
| Southwest Power Pool<br>Standards Development Team                               | Yes          |  |
| Northeast Power Coordinating<br>Council, Northeast Power<br>Coordinating Council | Yes          |  |
| MRO NSRF   | Yes          |  |
| SERC Planning Standards<br>Subcommittee  | Yes          |  |
| Dominion   | Yes          |  |
| PPL NERC Registered Affiliates   | Yes          |  |
| ACES Power Marketing   | Yes          |  |

| Organization                               | Yes or No | Question 7 Comment |
|--|-----------|--------------------|
| Standards Collaborators                    |           |                    |
| Electric Power Supply<br>Association       | Yes       |                    |
| American Electric Power                    | Yes       |                    |
| BP Wind Energy North<br>America Inc.       | Yes       |                    |
| Exelon                                     | Yes       |                    |
| Seattle City Light                         | Yes       |                    |
| Independent Electricity<br>System Operator | Yes       |                    |
| Duke Energy                                | Yes       |                    |
| Oncor Electric Delivery<br>Company LLC     | Yes       |                    |
| Ameren                                     | Yes       |                    |
| American Transmission<br>Company           | Yes       |                    |
| Sempra Generation                          | Yes       |                    |
| Xcel Energy                                | Yes       |                    |

| Organization                               | Yes or No | Question 7 Comment |
|--|-----------|--------------------|
| Cowlitz County PUD                         | Yes       |                    |
| Constellation Power Source<br>Generation   | Yes       |                    |
| Puget Sound Energy, Inc.                   |           |                    |
| Compliance & Responsbility<br>Organization |           |                    |
| Bonneville Power<br>Administration         |           |                    |
| South Carolina Electric and Gas            |           |                    |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY, Inc.        |           |                    |
| Entergy Services                           |           |                    |
| ReliabiltiyFirst                           |           |                    |
| Tennessee Valley Authority                 |           |                    |

### 8. If you answered "yes" to Question 7, are the modifications the SDT has made in this posting the appropriate ones?

## Summary Consideration:

The SDT thanks all stakeholders for their comments. In this section, commenters either offered their support or directed the SDT to their comments on other questions in this report.

| Organization   | Yes or No   | Question 8 Comment  |  |
|--|---|---|--|
| Ameren   | No  | Please refre to our comments in reposnes to #3, #4, and #5 above.                     |  |
| <b>Response:</b> Please see the SDT's                      | responses to (  | Questions 3, 4, and 5.  |  |
| Texas Reliability Entity                                   | No  | See comment 6.  |  |
| <b>Response:</b> Please see the SDT's                      | response to Q   | uestion 6.  |  |
| Ingleside Cogeneration LP<br>(Occidental Chemical)         | No  | See comments to questions 1 through 4.  |  |
| Response: Please see the SDT's responses to Questions 1-4. |   |   |  |
| SERC Planning Standards<br>Subcommittee                    | No  | See our comments above for question # 3.  |  |
| <b>Response:</b> Please see the SDT's                      | response to C   | Question 3.   |  |
| South Carolina Electric and Gas                            | No  | The modifications are appropriate with the exception noted in question #3.            |  |
| Response: Please see the SDT's                             | <b>Response:</b> Please see the SDT's response to Question 3. |   |  |
| ACES Power Marketing                                       | No  | The modifications are largely the appropriate ones with the exceptions we noted in Q1 |  |

| Organization   | Yes or No      | Question 8 Comment  |
|--|----------------|---|
| Standards Collaborators  |                | and Q10.  |
| Response: Please see the SDT's                                   | responses to ( | Questions 1 and 10.   |
| Southwest Power Pool<br>Standards Development Team               | No             | We agree that the standards being addressed are correct. See above comments.<br>There are some issues with the determination of which facilities are deemed BES since<br>ownership of what may be a BES facility may not always be by a Transmission Owner.<br>All relevant standards should apply to BES facilities regardless of ownership. |
| Response: Thank you for your co                                  | omment.        |   |
| PSEG   | No             |   |
| Response:  | ·              |   |
| SERC OC Standards Review<br>Group                                |                | See comments on Question 7. If the standards referenced in question 7 are FAC-001, FAC-003 and PRC-004, we would answer yes to this question.   |
| Response: Thank you for your co                                  | omment and s   | support.  |
| Southern Company   | Yes            | â€,The version history table is incorrect - change version 3 to version 2.1.â€,â€,  |
| Response: Thank you for your co                                  | omment. We l   | nave made this change.  |
| RES Americas Development/<br>American Wind Energy<br>Association | Yes            | For the most, we agree that the SDT proposal strikes a reasonable balance and provides the requisite level of clarity and certainty necessary for GO/GOPs to understand their responsibilities and compliance requirements.   |
| Response: Thank you for your co                                  | omment and s   | support.  |
| MRO NSRF   | Yes            | The NSRF agrees if the drafting team incorporates as suggested improvements   |

| Organization   | Yes or No    | Question 8 Comment |
|--|--------------|--------------------|
| <b>Response:</b> Thank you for your co   | omment and s | upport.            |
| Northeast Power Coordinating<br>Council, Northeast Power<br>Coordinating Council | Yes          |                    |
| Dominion   | Yes          |                    |
| PPL NERC Registered Affiliates   | Yes          |                    |
| Electric Power Supply<br>Association   | Yes          |                    |
| American Electric Power  | Yes          |                    |
| BP Wind Energy North<br>America Inc.   | Yes          |                    |
| Exelon   | Yes          |                    |
| Seattle City Light   | Yes          |                    |
| Independent Electricity<br>System Operator                                       | Yes          |                    |
| Duke Energy  | Yes          |                    |
| Oncor Electric Delivery<br>Company LLC   | Yes          |                    |
| American Transmission  | Yes          |                    |

| Organization                             | Yes or No | Question 8 Comment |
|--|-----------|--------------------|
| Company                                  |           |                    |
| Sempra Generation                        | Yes       |                    |
| Xcel Energy                              | Yes       |                    |
| Cowlitz County PUD                       | Yes       |                    |
| Constellation Power Source<br>Generation | Yes       |                    |

# NERC

9. If you answered "no" to Question 7, what standards need to be added or removed to achieve the SDT's goal? Please provide technical justification for your answer.

### Summary Consideration:

The SDT thanks all stakeholders who submitted comments. Few stakeholders suggested that standards need to be added or removed to achieve the SDT's goal.

One commenter pointed out that PRC-005-1a required the same kind of change made in the proposed PRC-004-2.1a to ensure that generator interconnection Facility Protection Systems are included within that standard. The SDT agrees with this suggestion and has initiated a process to modify R1 and R2 in PRC-005-1a.

A few commenters returned to FAC-001-1 and stated their concern about the feasibility of adding FAC-001-1 to the applicability section of this standard. The SDT agrees with commenters that the issues surrounding the interconnection of a third party Facility to a GO's existing Facilities are complex ones, and reminded commenters that it did its best to address these complexities in the resource document titled "Technical Justification: FAC-001-1." The SDT also points out that if the GO is part of an RTO, then the GO will be coordinating any interconnection studies either directly or indirectly with the RTO interconnection process. If the GO is not part of an RTO, then the GO will be required to follow the pro forma interconnection procedures from Order 2003. The Order 2003 procedures require the GO to coordinate any studies with an affected system which could include Facilities owned by one, or more, TO on the other side of the GO's existing point of interconnection. The SDT acknowledges that upon interconnection of a third party, other standards or registrations may apply as appropriate.

Some commenters suggested that the SDT reexamine the standards cited in the Milford and Cedar Creek FERC orders. The SDT continues to find clear and technical reliability-based reasons that support not adding GO and GOP requirements to these standards and not requiring the GO or GOP to register as a TO or TOP. However, to address stakeholder concern, the SDT has expanded its technical justification document (posted under "Supporting Materials") to include any standard or requirement cited by FERC in its Milford/Cedar Creek orders or by NERC in its draft compliance directive.

| Organization       | Yes or No | Question 9 Comment       |
|--------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| Cowlitz County PUD | No        | N/A                      |
| Manitoba Hydro     | No        | See question 7 comments. |

| Organization                          | Yes or No                                       | Question 9 Comment   |  |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| <b>Response:</b> See the SDT's respon | Response: See the SDT's response to Question 7. |  |  |
| Southern Company                      | Yes   | Southern does not think that the revision to FAC-001-1 is necessary. A Generator<br>Owner (GO) cannot assess reliability impacts to the Bulk Electric System (BES) and<br>determine acceptability without support and involvement of the applicable owner and<br>operator of the Transmission System (i.e., the "interconnected TO" or "interconnected<br>TP"). A generator tie-line does not equate to a Transmission System. A GO must<br>already adhere to a TO's Facility connection requirements whether the GO wants to<br>connect additional facilities or a third parties' facilities to its own interconnection<br>Facilities. Stated another way, the GO does not need Facility Connection<br>requirements to govern how multiple units are tied to a collector bus so why are they<br>needed for a third party to connect to an existing tie-line? In either case it is the<br>interconnected TO or interconnected TP that has connection requirements that must<br>be fulfilled. The GO's Interconnected TP. A GO should not need to develop<br>"connection requirements" unless it is in the business of owning and operating<br>facilities independently of its interconnected TO or interconnected TP. We do not<br>believe a reliability gap exists in FAC-001-1 because the requestor for interconnecting<br>another Facility to an existing generation Facility must coordinate with the applicable<br>TO, TP, and PA in accordance with FAC-002-0 to ensure they meet all applicable facility<br>connection and performance requirements. If and when there is an agreement in<br>place for a third party to connect to a generator tie-line then the tie-line would<br>become part of the integrated system and its purpose and the owner's function would<br>likely warrant registration as a TO/TOP and FAC-001 would then apply. The following<br>excerpt from the 2010-07 Background Resource White Paper acknowledges that this<br>may be necessary: "The drafting team also acknowledges that, if another party<br>interconnects to a Facility owned by a Generator Owner, there may be the need to<br>address MOD or TPL standards. However, the drafting team believes tha |  |

| Organization | Yes or No | Question 9 Comment   |
|--------------|-----------|--|
|              |           | compliance registry. Entities that face this kind of scenario may also meet criteria applicable to other registrations such as Transmission Service Provider or Transmission Planner." [Arguments related to jurisdictional, interconnection policy and open access transmission tariff issues](1) Because of (a) jurisdiction under Section 215, (b) FERC's interconnection policy, and (c) the requirements of the pro forma open access transmission tariff (OATT), a GO should not be required to comply with FAC-001-1 until that GO's generating Facility reaches commercial operation. NERC should not make facilities subject to the mandatory reliability standards before the facilities are actually part of the BES.(a) Jurisdiction under FPA Section 215. First, it is not clear that NERC or FERC has jurisdiction under FPA Section 215 to require generation facilities that have not actually reached commercial operation to be subject to reliability standards. Section 215(a)(2) of the FPA defines the "Electric Reliability Organization" as "the organization certified by the Commission the purpose of which is to establish and enforce reliability standards for the bulk-power system, subject to Commission review." Further, (a)(3) provides that "The term includes requirements for the operation of existing bulk-power system facilities the design of planned additions or modifications to such facilities to the extent necessary to provide for reliability standards that address requirements for existing bulk-power system facilities (i.e., facilities that have reached "commercial operation") and for the design of new facilities" as meaning that new facilities must be designed to comply with existing reliability standards. However, it is not clear that this provision should be interpreted as requirements for celiability standards (including audit and penalties). Therefore, the GO with the existing generation facilities should not be requirements before the proposed generation facility into its Facility connection requirements before the pro |

| Organization | Yes or No | Question 9 Comment  |
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|              |           | interconnection policy. In addition, the revised FAC-001 would appear to place<br>restrictions on interconnection customers in contravention of Order Nos. 2003 and<br>2006 (Standard Large and Small Interconnection Procedures and Agreements). FERC<br>was very concerned about the ability of interconnection customers to interconnect<br>their generating facilities and gave them a fair amount of flexibility. However, this<br>revised FAC-001 would appear to restrict some of this flexibility. (i) Order No. 2003<br>gives the interconnection customer the ability to terminate a proposed<br>interconnection on ninety days notice. Therefore, the interconnection customer is not<br>required to build the facility. However, this revised FAC-001 appears to assume that<br>the interconnection customer does not have this flexibility. What if the<br>interconnection customer (the GO building a new generator on its site or the third<br>party building a new generation facility) decides to terminate the Large Generator<br>Interconnection Agreement (LGIA) or not proceed with the generation facility? In such<br>event, the GO may be required to revert to its previous Facility connection<br>requirements in order to accommodate the original configuration. (ii) The LGIA<br>permits modifications to the proposed interconnection. How would this affect the<br>Facility connection requirements? How long would the GO have to revise its Facility<br>connection requirements? In the event that there is a single modification, or perhaps<br>multiple modifications, how does the GO stay in compliance with this standard? (iii)<br>FAC-001-1, R4 provides that each GO with Facility connection requirements and each<br>TO shall maintain Facility connection Procedures (LGIP), Section 3.4 requires the posting<br>of certain interconnection information but the identity of the interconnection<br>customer is not to be disclosed (unless it is an Affiliate). Requirement R4 would<br>appear to potentially require disclosure of information and (more importantly) of the<br>interconnection customer's identity in contravention of the requirements |

| Organization | Yes or No | Question 9 Comment  |
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|              |           | existing generation facility. This statement is ambiguous. This statement could be<br>understood to mean that the GO of the existing generation Facility will enter into an<br>Agreement with the GO proposing to interconnect and the existing GO will evaluate<br>the impact of the proposed interconnection. However, requests to interconnect new<br>generation are processed under an OATT. In that case, it would be the Transmission<br>Provider (not the existing GO) that would evaluate the impact of interconnecting the<br>new facility. Thus, the language in FAC-001-1 would need to be revised to clarify that<br>the owner of the new facility will need to interconnect under the OATT of an<br>appropriate Transmission Provider (i.e., the Transmission Provider to which the<br>existing GO is interconnected, not with the existing GO). Therefore, the owner of the<br>new facility will most likely be the entity with the executed Agreement (with the<br>Transmission Provider). Another consideration is that the existing GO could be<br>developing a merchant transmission line. In that case, the existing GO would need to<br>evaluate whether it needs have its own OATT and OASIS. In that case, the new<br>generator owner would be interconnecting to the existing GO. However, the existing<br>GO's line would not be a generator tie-line. This issue is not clear from the draft<br>standard. (2) The following are suggested changes to FAC-001-1. (a) We recommend<br>the Purpose statement be revised to state, "To avoid adverse impacts on BES<br>reliability" (b) It is unclear in Applicability section 4.2.1 that the term "Agreement"<br>means that the GO has an executed agreement with a TO/TSP or that the GO and the<br>third party have an executed agreement. Without further explanation, the capitalized<br>term "Agreement." With respect to the capitalized term, "Transmission System," the<br>SDT should consider clarifying if it intends to propose adding this to the Glossary. (3)<br>Effect of the proposed revisions to FAC-001-1 on FAC-002-1.(a) As drafted, there are<br>scenarios under which a new GO may attempt to intercon |
|              |           | included in the evaluation of the interconnection various types of harm may occur. In   |

| Organization   | Yes or No                        | Question 9 Comment  |
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|  |                                  | such event, the TPs and PAs should be indemnified from any liability with respect to performance of the evaluations required by FAC-002. (b) FAC-001 and FAC-002 should be revised to be clear that the existing GO and any new GOs must coordinate any interconnection with the appropriate Transmission Provider, TP and PA.  |
| <b>Response:</b> Thank you for your in the document titled " <u>Techni</u> |                                  | SDT agrees this is a complex issue and did its best to outline how it arrived at its position <b>: FAC-001-1</b> ."   |
| indirectly with the RTO interco<br>interconnection procedures fro          | nnection proce<br>om Order 2003. | RTO, then the GO will be coordinating any interconnection studies either directly or<br>ss. If the GO is not part of an RTO, then the GO will be required to follow the pro forma<br>The Order 2003 procedures require the GO to coordinate any studies with an affected<br>y one, or more, TO on the other side of the GO's existing point of interconnection.   |
| The SDT does agree that upon   | interconnection                  | n of a third party, other standards or registrations may apply as appropriate.  |
| PSEG   | Yes                              | We believe that the Ad Hoc Group's suggestions regarding PRC-005-1 - Transmission<br>and Generation Protection System Maintenance were correct and that this standard<br>should have been modified by the SDT in a manner similar to the way the SDT<br>modified PRC-004-2. This would require modifying R1 and R2 in PRC-005-1a (the<br>current version) to include protection systems in the generator interconnection<br>Facility. In addition, the SDT should evaluate modifying PER-002-0 - Operation<br>Personnel Training. In doing so the SDT completes one of the open FERC directives in<br>Order 693. Paragraph 1363 addresses GOP training:1363. Further, the Commission<br>agrees with MidAmerican, SDG&E and others that the experience and knowledge<br>required by transmission operators about Bulk-Power System operations goes well<br>beyond what is needed by generation operators; therefore, training for generator<br>operators need not be as extensive as that required for transmission operators.<br>Accordingly, the training requirements developed by the ERO should be tailored in<br>their scope, content and duration so as to be appropriate to generation operations<br>personnel and the objective of promoting system reliability. Thus, in addition to<br>modifying the Reliability Standard to identify generator operators as applicable<br>entities, we direct the ERO to develop specific Requirements addressing the scope, |

| Organization  | Yes or No                 | Question 9 Comment   |
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|   |                           | content and duration appropriate for generator operator personnel.   |
| <b>Response:</b> Thank you for yo make that change. | ur comment. The           | SDT agrees with the comment concerning PRC-005-1a and will be initiating a process to  |
| requirements to any PER sta                         | indard <i>based on th</i> | to find that there are no clear and technical reliability reasons that support adding GOP <i>he fact that the GOP operates a generator interconnection Facility</i> . While the SDT does quirements for GOPs may be necessary, it does not see how these changes fall within its |
| Ingleside Cogeneration LP<br>(Occidental Chemical)  |                           | Ingleside Cogeneration LP believes that the set of standards proposed by the SDT is technologically accurate and defensible. The open issue is if the ERO and FERC expect more standards to be included - whether based upon sound reliability principals or not.                |
| Response: Thank you for yo                          | ur comment and s          | support.   |
| Western Electricity<br>Coordinating Council         |                           | PLease see response to question #7.  |
| Response: See the SDT's res                         | ponse to Question         | n 7.   |
| Texas Reliability Entity                            |                           | See comment 6.   |
| Response: See the SDT's res                         | ponse to Questior         | n 6.   |
| SERC OC Standards Review<br>Group                   |                           | See comments on Questions 7 & 8.   |
| Response: See the SDT's res                         | ponses to Questic         | ons 7 and 8.   |
| Florida Municipal Power                             |                           | see response to Question 7   |
|   |                           | 07   |

| Organization   | Yes or No   | Question 9 Comment   |
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| Agency   |   |  |
| Response: See the SDT's respon   | ise to Question                                       | ns 7.  |
| Manitoba Hydro   | omment. The   | The revision to FAC-001-1 R2 may be problematic, depending on what was intended.<br>Under the revised requirement, the obligation to comply is dependent on the<br>execution of an agreement to evaluate reliability impacts under FAC-002-1. However,<br>FAC-002-1 does not clearly require the execution of an agreement by the Generator<br>Owner. FAC-002-1 only requires the Generator Owner to "coordinate and cooperate<br>on its assessments with its Transmission Planner and Planning Authority". Accordingly<br>if a Generator Owner coordinates without executing an agreement to perform an<br>assessment, compliance with FAC-001 R1 will not be required. |
| in the document titled " <u>Technic</u>  |   |  |
| Southwest Power Pool<br>Regional Entity  |   | The SDT should consider the standards that FERC identified in 135 FERC ¶ 61,241.   |
| Orders (that don't include expli-<br>justification document (posted<br>Milford/Cedar Creek orders or b | cit directives).<br>under "Suppor<br>by NERC in its d | NERC <u>Standard Processes Manual</u> does not address the issue of how to deal with FERC<br>However, based on your and other comments, we have expanded our technical<br>rting Materials") to include any standard or requirement cited by FERC in its<br>draft compliance directive. After another thorough review of these standards, the SDT<br>echnical reliability-based reasons that support not adding GO and GOP requirements to  |

### 10. Do you have any other comments that you have not yet addressed? If yes, please explain.

#### Summary Consideration:

The SDT thanks all stakeholders for their comments. In this section, many stakeholders offered supportive comments. Others offered a variety of suggestions, many of which were addressed.

One commenter suggested that the word "system" should not be capitalized in "Transmission System" in FAC-001-1 because the NERC glossary term "System" does not apply within the standard. The SDT agreed with this suggestion, and changed all references to "Transmission System" to "interconnected Transmission systems" for consistency in other parts of the standard and with FAC-002. Another commenter pointed out that "within" should be "with" in Section 4.2.1, and the SDT made this change.

A few commenters repeated their concern with the exclusion in FAC-003 for GOs with specific kinds of interconnection Facilities. For these commenters, the SDT reemphasized that in many cases, generation Facilities are either (1) staffed and the overhead portion is within line of sight or (2) the overhead Facility is over a paved surface. Stakeholders have generally supported the rationale exempting these Facilities because incorporating them into FAC-003 would offer no reliability benefit. The SDT and industry comments support the position that these qualifiers represent a reasonable and appropriate risk prevention approach.

To clarify the exemption, the SDT has modified 4.3.1 to include a reference to line of sight.

Some stakeholders offered comments that were outside the scope of this SDT's work. A few offered comments on the overall strategy of the FAC-003-2 standard, and the SDT informed them that these comments should have been submitted when the Project 2007-7 Vegetation Management posted its work for comment.

One commenter suggested changes to the VSLs for R1 and R4. Because the SDT made no changes to these requirements, modifying the VSLs for these requirements is outside the scope of this team. This item will be added to the issues database.

Several stakeholders suggested the SDT review the standards cited in the draft NERC directive regarding generator interconnection leads and in the FERC orders regarding Milford and Cedar Creek. The SDT continues to find clear and technical reliability-based reasons that support not adding GO and GOP requirements to these standards and not requiring the GO or GOP to register as a TO or TOP. However, to address stakeholder concern, the SDT has expanded its technical justification document (posted under "Supporting Materials") to include any standard or requirement cited by FERC in its Milford/Cedar Creek orders or by NERC in its draft compliance directive.

| Organization                           | Yes or No     | Question 10 Comment   |
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| Gainesville Regional Utilities         | Negative      | 1. It would seem that the impetus for FAC003 is to eliminate vegetation related outages within the rights-of-way as defined and subject to the exclusions as stated in footnote   |
|  |               | 2. Thus the requirement is to manage the ROW to prevent vegetation related sustained outages with the measure being no outages. With grow-ins and fall-ins from within the defined ROW being controllable factors. 2. Including encroachments leaves the door open for fines to be imposed with no actual outage(s) having occurred. This may be like being found guilty of a crime that has not yet taken place. |
|  |               | 3. Combine vegetation related sustained outages by "grow-ins" and "blowing together of lines and vegetation located inside the ROW" as one item as they are both consequences of the growth of vegetation either vertically and horizontally.   |
|  |               | <ol><li>Leave vegetation related sustained outages by "fall-in" as a standalone as this will<br/>be related to structural problems occurring from a variety of sources.</li></ol>   |
|  |               | 5. Combine R3 and R7 to R1 (development and implementation of a Transmission Vegetation Management Plan which shall include documented maintenance strategies or procedures or processes or specifications, delineation of an annual work plan and completion of same). Thus this would be the competency based requirements as a program without execution is meaningless.                                       |
|  |               | 6. R1 and R2 become R2 and R3.  |
|  |               | s outside the scope of the <u>SAR</u> for this project. This SDT did review comments<br>t and found that a response to this comment was provided. No change made.   |
| Northern Indiana Public<br>Service Co. | Negative      | Ballot needs work   |
| Response: The SDT does not un          | derstand your | specific concern.   |

| Organization   | Yes or No   | Question 10 Comment   |
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| PSEG Energy Resources &<br>Trade LLC, PSEG Fossil LLC,<br>Public Service Electric and Gas<br>Co.   | Negative  | FAC-003-X is not applicable since FAC-003-2 was approved by the BOT on November 4, 2011   |
| Transmission Vegetation Manag<br>staff will file FAC-003-2 with the<br>FAC-003-3 (proposed changes to<br>with the intention of eventually<br>and FAC-003-3 are not approved  | gement (develo<br>applicable reg<br>the BOT-ador<br>only filing FAC<br>d by FERC, the                   | are correct that in November 2011, NERC's Board of Trustees adopted FAC-003-2 –<br>oped under Project 2007-07 Vegetation Management). Based on this approval, NERC<br>gulatory authorities. The Project 2010-07 SDT will move forward with ballots for both<br>oted FAC-003-2) and FAC-003-X (proposed changes to the FERC-approved FAC-003-1)<br>C-003-3. The SDT has elected to carry FAC-003-X through to ballot because if FAC-003-2<br>SDT wants to be ready to file FAC-003-X to ensure that there is a functional entity   |
| Note that for its recirculation bathough they are choosing one obut it wants to have FAC-003-X I FERC. Members of the ballot bo  | allot, the SDT w<br>r the other. As<br>ready to submi<br>dy should vote                                 | ece of line commonly known as the generator interconnection Facility.<br>vill be balloting <b>both</b> FAC-003-3 and FAC-003-X, but stakeholders should <b>not</b> vote as<br>stated above, the SDT plans to present FAC-003-3 alone to NERC's Board of Trustees,<br>it to the Board if, for some reason, neither FAC-003-2 nor FAC-003-3 are approved by<br>e on the merits of each version of FAC-003 individually. <b>In other words, stakeholders</b><br><b>of FAC-003 should vote in the affirmative for both FAC-003-3 and FAC-003-X.</b>   |
| Note that for its recirculation bathough they are choosing one obut it wants to have FAC-003-X I FERC. Members of the ballot bo  | allot, the SDT w<br>r the other. As<br>ready to submi<br>dy should vote                                 | <ul> <li>will be balloting both FAC-003-3 and FAC-003-X, but stakeholders should not vote as stated above, the SDT plans to present FAC-003-3 alone to NERC's Board of Trustees, it to the Board if, for some reason, neither FAC-003-2 nor FAC-003-3 are approved by e on the merits of each version of FAC-003 individually. In other words, stakeholders of FAC-003 should vote in the affirmative for both FAC-003-3 and FAC-003-X.</li> <li>Hydro-Quebec TransEnergie is casting a negative vote again because our comment from the last posting was not considered in the current draft: The minimum frequency of Vegetation Inspection should be based upon an average growth rates of smaller regions than all North America. Example, above the latitude of 50 degrees</li> </ul>  |
| Note that for its recirculation bat<br>though they are choosing one o<br>but it wants to have FAC-003-X in<br>FERC. Members of the ballot boo<br>who support adding GOs to the<br>Hydro-Quebec TransEnergie<br>Response: Thank you for your co | allot, the SDT w<br>r the other. As<br>ready to submi<br>dy should vote<br>applicability of<br>Negative | vill be balloting <b>both</b> FAC-003-3 and FAC-003-X, but stakeholders should <b>not</b> vote as stated above, the SDT plans to present FAC-003-3 alone to NERC's Board of Trustees, it to the Board if, for some reason, neither FAC-003-2 nor FAC-003-3 are approved by e on the merits of each version of FAC-003 individually. In other words, stakeholders of FAC-003 should vote in the affirmative for both FAC-003-3 and FAC-003-X. Hydro-Quebec TransEnergie is casting a negative vote again because our comment from the last posting was not considered in the current draft: The minimum frequency of Vegetation Inspection should be based upon an average growth rates of smaller regions than all North America. Example, above the latitude of 50 degrees North, the vegetation growth rates is limited. The Vegetation Inspection frequency in |

| Organization   | Yes or No   | Question 10 Comment   |
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| Operator   |   | for this standard.  |
| Management (developed under<br>the applicable regulatory author<br>to the BOT-adopted FAC-003-2)<br>only filing FAC-003-3. The SDT has<br>by FERC, the SDT wants to be re-   | Project 2007-0<br>ities. The Proje<br>and FAC-003-X<br>as elected to ca<br>ady to file FAC- | ovember 2011, NERC's Board of Trustees adopted FAC-003-2 – Transmission Vegetation 07 Vegetation Management). Based on this approval, NERC staff will file FAC-003-2 with ect 2010-07 SDT will move forward with ballots for both FAC-003-3 (proposed changes (proposed changes to the FERC-approved FAC-003-1) with the intention of eventually arry FAC-003-X through to ballot because if FAC-003-2 and FAC-003-3 are not approved -003-X to ensure that there is a functional entity responsible for managing vegetation enerator interconnection Facility. |
| Note that for its recirculation ballot, the SDT will be balloting <b>both</b> FAC-003-3 and FAC-003-X, but stakeholders should <b>not</b> vote as though they are choosing one or the other. As stated above, the SDT plans to present FAC-003-3 alone to NERC's Board of Trustees, but it wants to have FAC-003-X ready to submit to the Board if, for some reason, neither FAC-003-2 nor FAC-003-3 are approved by FERC. Members of the ballot body should vote on the merits of each version of FAC-003 individually. <b>In other words, stakeholders who support adding GOs to the applicability of FAC-003 should vote in the affirmative for both FAC-003-3 and FAC-003-X.</b> |   |   |
| PSEG Energy Resources &<br>Trade LLC/ Public Service<br>Electric and Gas Co./ PSEG<br>Fossil LLC   | Negative  | The phrase "generator Facility" should be "generator Transmission Facility," and the phrase "Transmission System" should be "Transmission system."  |
| <b>Response:</b> Thank you for your comment. We agree with your change to "Transmission system" but not to the addition of "Transmission" in the phrase "generator Facility." The SDT does not agree with labeling a GO's Facility as "Transmission," in part because in some areas (like Texas), GOs, by statute, can't own Transmission. It was also brought to the SDT's attention that in most cases, the Facility in question is referred to as the Interconnection Facility in documents filed by the GO with FERC. Therefore, the SDT intentionally modified language so that a Facility owned by a generation entity did not contain the term "Transmission."                |   |   |
| SERC Reliability Corporation   | Negative  | There should not be a weak link under the standard. This proposed revision would create a weak-link where a portion of the otherwise covered right-of-way would be exposed.   |
| esponse: Thank you for your cor  | nment. As it di   | iscusses in the document titled "Technical Justification Project 2010-07 Generator  |

| Organization   | Yes or No                        | Question 10 Comment   |
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| overhead portion is within line of<br>rationale exempting these Facilit  | sight or (2) the ies because inc | e SDT recognizes that in many cases, generation Facilities are either (1) staffed and the<br>e overhead Facility is over a paved surface. Stakeholders have generally supported the<br>orporating them into FAC-003 would offer no reliability benefit. The SDT and industry<br>fiers represent a reasonable and appropriate risk prevention approach.  |
| To clarify the exemption, the SE   | T has modified                   | 4.3.1 to include a reference to line of sight.  |
| New York State Department<br>of Public Service/ National<br>Association of Regulatory<br>Utility Commissioners | Negative                         | Understand that there is an open issue regarding the availablility of generation compliance documentation that needs to be satisfactorily addressed.  |
| Response: The SDT does not un  | derstand your                    | specific concern.   |
| Infigen Energy US  | Affirmative                      | Infigen supports the efforts of the SDT to ensure that Protection System<br>Misoperations affecting the reliability of the BES are thoroughly analyzed and<br>mitigated. Generator Owners are already analyzing Misoperations as/if they occur,<br>and are employing Corrective Action Plans to avoid future Misoperations. We support<br>maintaining "reasonable and appropriate" preventative measures and risk assessment<br>tools to ensure that misoperations are evaluated and corrected expediently.   |
| Response: Thank you for your c   | omment and s                     | upport.   |
| PPL EnergyPlus LLC/PPL NERC<br>Registered Affiliates   | Affirmative                      | PPL Generation, LLC, on behalf of its NERC-registered subsidiaries, appreciates the effort by the Standard Development Team to address the GO-TO interface issues in a manner that enhances the reliability of the BES without adding unnecessary burden on Generators. As registered GOs/GOPs, the PPL Generation registered entities agree with the changes made by the SDT to these three standards. To the extent that GOs/GOPs are required to register as TOs/TOPs, PPL Generation would have significant concerns with meeting the compliance requirements applicable to TOs in the standards included in the scope of this Project, as well as other TO/TOP |

| Organization   | Yes or No   | Question 10 Comment   |  |
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|  |   | requirements throughout other NERC standards.   |  |
| Response: Thank you for your c   | omment and s  | upport.   |  |
| SERC Reliability Corporation   | Affirmative   | The Generator Owner may be required to self-certify and report periodically to the region whether they have become applicable to the standard.  |  |
| Response: Thank you for your c   | omment and s  | upport.   |  |
| Southwest Transmission<br>Cooperative, Inc./ ACES Power<br>Marketing Standards<br>Collaborators/ ACES Power<br>Marketing | Affirmative   | The modifications to PRC-004-2.1 R2 could be interpreted as requiring the GO to<br>analyze Protection System Misoperations on the generator interconnection Facility<br>even if it does not own the Facility. We suggest modifying the requirement as shown<br>below to address this issue."The Generator Owner shall analyze Protection System<br>Misoperations on its generator and generator interconnection Facility that it owns"  |  |
|  | <b>Response:</b> Thank you for your comment. The SDT believes that the language makes clear that an entity need only be concerned with the Elements or Facilities that it owns. |   |  |
| SERC Reliability Corporation   | Affirmative   | With the understanding the Generator Interconnection FAcilities will be grouped with Transmission Protection Systems for analysis at the regional level.  |  |
| Response: Thank you for your c   | omment and s  | upport.   |  |
| Entergy Services   |   | We suggest that the Vegetation Management Standards should be consistent for<br>both the TO and GO facilities. We would also like to suggest an additional<br>Recommendation for added clarity regarding Category 3 Outages (Off-ROW Fall-in<br>Outages). We understand that the Category 3 Outages are not a violation of the<br>Standard, but we feel that there should be some level of comment added within the<br>Standard clearly stating that these Outages are "Reportable Only" during the<br>Quarterly Outage reports to the RE's, and that there are no associated<br>violations/sanctions for this Category Of Outage, and that an Off-ROW fall-in outage |  |

| Organization   | Yes or No  | Question 10 Comment   |
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|  |  | would not be considered an encroachment into the MVCD in any way. The Technical<br>Reference Document does a good job of clearly stating this in the Introduction on<br>Page 5 ("This standard is not intended to address outages such as those due to<br>vegetation fall-ins or blow-ins from outside the Right-of-Way, vandalism, human<br>activities or acts of nature.") and we feel that this should also be stated clearly in the<br>Standard.  |
| Requirements at the Transmis<br>overhead portion is within line<br>rationale exempting these Fac | <u>sion Interface</u> ," th<br>e of sight or (2) the<br>cilities because inc | scusses in the document titled " <u>Technical Justification Project 2010-07 Generator</u><br>e SDT recognizes that in many cases, generation Facilities are either (1) staffed and the<br>e overhead Facility is over a paved surface. Stakeholders have generally supported the<br>orporating them into FAC-003 would offer no reliability benefit. The SDT and industry<br>fiers represent a reasonable and appropriate risk prevention approach.   |
| To clarify the exemption, the  | e SDT has modified   | 4.3.1 to include a reference to line of sight.  |
| The remainder of your comn   | nent is outside the  | scope of this SDT.  |
| Southern Company   |  | We agree with the 2010-17 Standard Drafting Team's conclusion to not modify other standards such as those mentioned on page 4 of the Technical Justification document. In additon, we wish to provide the following support for exclusion of these specific standards. Southern Company believes NERC's Project 2010-07 SDT must challenge making revisions to the standards included in the FERC order on Cedar Creek and Milford. (This order supports NERC's requirement for those entities to register as a TO/TOP due to their ownership of generator interconnection circuits > 100kV.) We believe there are clear technical and reliability-based reasons that support not adding GO and GOP requirements to these standards and not requiring the GO or GOP to register as a TO or TOP. Furthermore, we also believe there are clear distinctions between GO/GOP responsibilities and TO/TOP responsibilities that must be maintained to ensure BES reliability. Revising standards to assign TO/TOP responsibilities to a GO/GOP or requiring a GO/GOP to register as a TO/TOP because of generator interconnection circuits > 100kV will reduce the clarity of these responsibilities. We have provided specific comments on each standard below: |

| Organization | Yes or No | Question 10 Comment  |
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|              |           | EOP-005-1 R1, R2, R6, R7R1 and R2 require each TOP to have and maintain a system restoration plan. R6 requires the TOP to train its operating personnel in implementing this plan. R7 requires the TOP to verify its restoration plan by actual testing or simulation. These requirements are clearly the role and responsibility of the TOP, not a GO/GOP who happens to have generator interconnection facilities in the TOP's control area. The GOP's roles and responsibilities are clearly and appropriately addressed EOP-005-2. The presence of a generator interconnection circuit > 100kV that happens to be owned by the GO instead of the TOP fundamentally does not change the roles and responsibilities of the TOP or the GOP. Thus, no changes due to EOP-005 are needed.   |
|              |           | FAC-014-2, R2: FAC-014-2 R2 states "The Transmission Operator shall establish SOLs (as directed by its Reliability Coordinator) for its portion of the Reliability Coordinator Area that are consistent with its Reliability Coordinator's SOL Methodology." FAC-<br>014-2 R2 should not be revised to include GOPs. The GO is required by FAC-008-1 R1 and FAC-009-1 (FERC approved version) and pending FAC-008-3 R3 and R6 (FAC-008-3 filed with FERC for approval) to document the Facility Ratings for a GO-owned generator interconnection circuit >100kV. The established Facility Rating must respect the most limiting applicable equipment rating in the circuit and must consider operating limitations and ambient conditions. The thermal or ampere rating of this circuit would equal its ampere operating limit and should be conveyed by the GO to the GOP if they are not the same entity. The operating voltage limits for this circuit are established by the applicable TO/TOP, not the GO or GOP. Therefore, we believe adding the GO to FAC-014-2 R2 would be redundant. |
|              |           | PER-003-1 R2, R2.1, R2.2PER-003-1 R2 and its sub-requirements state:"R2. Each<br>Transmission Operator shall staff its Real-time operating positions performing<br>Transmission Operator reliability-related tasks with System Operators who have<br>demonstrated minimum competency in the areas listed by obtaining and maintaining<br>one of the following valid NERC certificates (1): [Risk Factor: High][Time Horizon:<br>Real-time Operations]: R2.1. Areas of Competency R2.1.1. Transmission operations<br>R2.1.2. Emergency preparedness and operations R2.1.3. System operations R2.1.4.  |

| Organization | Yes or No | Question 10 Comment  |
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|              |           | Protection and control R2.1.5. Voltage and reactive R2.2. Certificates o Reliability<br>Operator o Balancing, Interchange and Transmission Operator o Transmission<br>Operator This requirement is specifically for TOPs. Personnel training for GOPs needs<br>to be addressed separately and not mingled with responsibilities of the TOP. The<br>GOPs role in supporting BES reliability needs to be clearly understood and defined<br>prior to establishing training requirements in the standards.   |
|              |           | PRC-001-1, R2, R2.2, R4, R6Generator Operators (GOPs) and the scope of protection<br>equipment for generation interconnection Facilities are already appropriately<br>accounted for in this standard in requirement R2 and sub-requirement R2.2 The<br>language used in requirement R2 which applies to the GOP uses the general terms<br>"relay or equipment failures" which would include not only generator relaying, but<br>generator interconnection relaying in the GOPs scope as well. The GOP is required to<br>notify the TOP and Host BA in R2.1 "if a protective relay or equipment failure reduces<br>system reliability." Requirement R2.2 requires the affected TOP to notify its RC and<br>affected TOPs and BAs. Thus, applying R2.2 to a GOP would be redundant to R2.1.<br>Requirement R4 states, "Each Transmission Operator shall coordinate protection<br>systems on major transmission lines and interconnections with neighboring<br>Generator Operators, Transmission Operators, and Balancing Authorities." A<br>generator interconnection tie line does not constitute a 'major tie line" or major<br>"interconnection with neighboring GOPs, TOPs, and BAs." Thus, R4 should not be<br>revised to include GOPs. If a GO exists within NERC that does own such<br>interconnection facilities, the responsibility for coordination of protection systems on<br>such a line or interconnection should be the responsibility of the TOP in that area, not<br>the GO/GOP. This may require formal agreements between the TO/TOP and GO/GOP,<br>since the GO may own protection equipment on his end. The same logic applies to |
|              |           | R6. R6 states, "Each Transmission Operator and Balancing Authority shall monitor the status of each Special Protection System in their area, and shall notify affected Transmission Operators and Balancing Authorities of each change in status." This is clearly the responsibility of the TOP and/or BA, not a GO/GOP who happens to have   |
|              |           | generator interconnection facilities in the area. An SPS function by definition is to  |

| Organization | Yes or No | Question 10 Comment   |
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|              |           | maintain BES reliability. If a GO/GOP has equipment within the equipment scope of a Special Protection System (SPS), responsibility for monitoring the SPS should be conveyed in a formal agreement as appropriate.   |
|              |           | TOP-001-1 R1Requirement R1 states, "Each Transmission Operator shall have the responsibility and clear decision-making authority to take whatever actions are needed to ensure the reliability of its area and shall exercise specific authority to alleviate operating emergencies." This is clearly the responsibility of the TOP, not a GO/GOP who happens to have generator interconnection facilities in the TOP's area. Thus, R1 should not be applied to a GO/GOP who owns or operates generator interconnection facilities. Furthermore, TOP-001-1 R3 (proposed to be covered in the future in the proposed IRO-001-2 R2 and R3) appropriately requires the GOP to comply with reliability directives issued by the TO "unless such actions would violate safety, equipment, regulatory or statutory requirements." These requirements effectively give the TOP the necessary decision-making authority over operation of all generator Facilities up to the point of interconnection. They also give the GOP the necessary authority to take appropriate actions to ensure safety and protection of the GO's equipment. Thus, no changes to TOP-001-1 are necessary. |
|              |           | TOP-004-2 R6, R6.1, R6.2, R6.3, R6.4Requirement R6 and its sub-requirements state:<br>"R6. Transmission Operators, individually and jointly with other Transmission<br>Operators, shall develop, maintain, and implement formal policies and procedures to<br>provide for transmission reliability. These policies and procedures shall address the<br>execution and coordination of activities that impact inter- and intra-Regional<br>reliability, including:R6.1. Monitoring and controlling voltage levels and real and<br>reactive power flows.R6.2. Switching transmission elements.R6.3. Planned outages of<br>transmission elements.R6.4. Responding to IROL and SOL violations."These are clearly<br>the responsibility of the TOP, not a GO/GOP who happens to have generator<br>interconnection facilities in the TOP's area. Thus, these requirements should not be<br>applied to a GO/GOP who owns or operates generator interconnection facilities. The<br>same logic applies here as stated above in our discussion on TOP-001-1. We believe it<br>is inappropriate and would be adverse to BES reliability to apply these requirements                       |

| Organization   | Yes or No | Question 10 Comment  |
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|  |           | to a GOP. TOP-004-2 effectively gives the TOP the necessary decision-making<br>authority over operation of all generator Facilities up to the point of interconnection.<br>They also give the GOP the necessary authority to take appropriate actions to ensure<br>safety and protection of the GO's equipment, such as opening high voltage generator<br>output breakers when required to protect the unit. Thus, no changes to TOP-004-2<br>are necessary.TOP-006-2 R3Requirement R3 states, "R3. Each Reliability Coordinator,<br>Transmission Operator, and Balancing Authority shall provide appropriate technical<br>information concerning protective relays to their operating personnel. The intent of<br>this requirement when applied to a GOP is already addressed in PRC-001-1 R1 which<br>states, "Each Transmission Operator, Balancing Authority, and Generator Operator<br>shall be familiar with the purpose and limitations of protection system schemes<br>applied in its area." Thus, no change to TOP-006-2 is necessary. â€,â€, |
| <b>Response:</b> Thank you for your comment and support. We agree that there are clear and technical reliability-based reasons that support not adding GO and GOP requirements to these standards and not requiring the GO or GOP to register as a TO or TOP. We have expanded our technical justification document (posted under "Supporting Materials") to include any standard or requirement cited by FERC in its Milford/Cedar Creek orders or by NERC in its draft compliance directive, and many of your explanations are included therein. |           |  |

| American Wind Energy | AWEA appreciates the opportunity to submit these comments on the NERC Project           |
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| Association          | 2010-07. AWEA supports the general direction indicated by both the Generator            |
|                      | Requirements at the Transmission Interface Ad Hoc Group and the Project 2010-07         |
|                      | Standards Development Team. We agree with the sentiments from both groups that          |
|                      | a GO or GOP that also owns or operates a generator lead line should not be required     |
|                      | to register as a TO or TOP strictly because they own or operate a generator lead line.  |
|                      | We also agree that requiring these GO/GOPs to comply with all the TO/TOP standards      |
|                      | would have little effect on or benefits to reliability of the Bulk Electric System, and |
|                      | could even detract from it. AWEA supports the intent and goal of the SDT to ensure      |
|                      | that all generator-owned Facilities are appropriately covered under NERC's Reliability  |
|                      | Standards. We also agree with the SDT that while many GO/GOPs operate Elements          |
|                      | and Facilities that might be considered by some entities to be Transmission, these are  |

| Organization                             | Yes or No     | Question 10 Comment  |
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|  |               | most often radial Facilities that are not part of the integrated grid, and as such should<br>not be subject to the same standards applicable to TO/TOPs, who own and operate<br>Transmission Elements and Facilities that are part of the integrated grid. Therefore,<br>we support the SDT's approach of identifying a very limited number of TO/TOP<br>standards, such as FAC-001 and FAC-003, which should also apply to GO/GOP owners<br>of generator lead lines. We would be concerned, however, if additional requirements<br>were added beyond FAC-001, FAC-003, and PRC-004. Consideration of any additional<br>standards with respect to generator lead lines should be done on a standard-by-<br>standard basis, reviewing the applicability of each standard as well as the impact on<br>the reliability of the Bulk Electric System. |
| Response: Thank you for your             | comment and s | upport.  |
| Bonneville Power<br>Administration       |               | BPA thanks you for the opportunity to comment on Project 2010-07, Generator<br>Requirements at the Transmission Interface. BPA stands in support of the proposed<br>revisions and has no comments or concerns at this time.  |
| Response: Thank you for your             | comment and s | upport.  |
| Constellation Power Source<br>Generation |               | Constellation appreciates and supports the work of the standard drafting team. We recognize the significant time invested by technical experts from industry to consider the appropriate application of reliability standards to address concerns raised about coverage of transmission at the generator interface. The drafting team analysis identified the standards in need of revision to appropriately address the reliability concerns raised. While the revision process focuses on specific standards, it is important to consider the reliability questions in the context of the full complement of reliability standards that apply to entities. For instance, the following standards already apply to generators and relate to the reliability considerations around transmission at the generator interface:                      |
|  |               | o PRC-001-1 addresses coordination of protection system components by requiring all GOs to ensure coordination of their protection system with interconnected parties.   |

| Organization | Yes or No | Question 10 Comment   |
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|              |           | Further, FAC-002 requires that all new facilities undergo reviews by the TOP, BA, etc.  |
|              |           | o PRC-004-1 requires all GOs to ensure that they analyze all misoperations on their protection system which would include the protection of the tie line.   |
|              |           | o TOP standards applicable to GOs aid coordination between a GO and a TO with<br>regards to the generator tie line by requiring all GOs to coordinate all maintenance<br>and emergency outages (both forced and planned) with all applicable interconnected<br>parties. Further, all ISO procedures require the same of GOs.  |
|              |           | o RC, TOP and/or BA certified operators control and are responsible for overseeing<br>that transmission. According to the NERC functional model, a Generator Operator is<br>defined as "operat(ing) generating unit(s) and perform(ing) the functions of supplying<br>energy and reliability related services." Given this limited scope, the Generator<br>Operator (GOP) cannot be considered as operating on the same level as the Reliability<br>Coordinator, Transmission Operator or Balancing Authority when it comes to real<br>time information on the status of the BES. The GOP does not monitor and control the<br>BES, rather the GOP only monitors and controls the generators that it operates and<br>relays information to other operating entities. |
|              |           | o IRO and TOP standards applicable to GOs include tie lines in their pool of resources to alleviate operational emergencies by requiring all GOs to operate as directed by their TOP, BA, or RC as directed and must render emergency assistance.   |
|              |           | o FAC-8 and FAC-9 manage rating methodology consistency by requiring all GOs to develop a methodology to rate all equipment, and that the RC has the authority to challenge the GO on that methodology. The onus is on the GO to either change their methodology and rating accordingly, or provide a technical justification as to why they cannot adopt the changes. Further, a generator will never be limited by its tie line, as a generator's profits are directly tied to its output. Therefore no generator would limit its facility to the equipment that is delivering that output.   |

**Response:** Thank you for your comment and support. We agree that it is important to consider the reliability questions in the context of the full complement of reliability standards, and we have endeavored to make these broader connections clear in our revised

| Organization   | Yes or No                          | Question 10 Comment  |
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| or requirement cited by FERC in justifications you also provided                 | its Milford/Ceo<br>are included th | "Supporting Materials"). That document has been expanded to include any standard<br>dar Creek orders or by NERC in its draft compliance directive, and the kinds of further<br>erein. After another thorough review of these standards, the SDT continues to believe<br>sed reasons that support not adding GO and GOP requirements to these standards.  |
| Cowlitz County PUD   |                                    | In answer to the SDT request for feedback on FERC's Order concerning Cedar Creek<br>and Milford, the District finds no technical reason to add any of the listed standard<br>requirements, and struggles to understand why FERC would even consider this listing<br>as applicable.   |
| Response: Thank you for your c   | omment and su                      | ipport.  |
| Southwest Transmission<br>Cooperative, Inc.                                      |                                    | In section 4.2.1 of the Applicability Section, "within" should be "with". Because<br>NERC's Glossary of Terms establishes that an Agreement can be verbal and not<br>enforceable by law, section 4.2.1 should be further modified to clarify that it is a<br>legally enforceable and fully executed Agreement. The language in R3 in parenthesis<br>after Generation Owner should be modified to "once required by Requirement R2".<br>This makes it clearer that R3 does not apply until the GO has an executed Agreement<br>to evaluate a request by a third part to interconnect. |
| recommendation as the require  | ment already o<br>ment already o   | gree that "within" should be "with." The SDT chose not to adopt the second<br>ontains the term "executed." The SDT also chose not to adopt the third<br>ontains the parenthetical (in accordance with Requirement R2) which we feel is   |
| Manitoba Hydro   |                                    | Manitoba Hydro would also like to point out that if the redline changes are implemented, it will greatly increase the complexity of coordination required under FAC-002-1 for Transmission Planners/Planning Authorities.  |
| <b>Response:</b> Thank you for your c<br>in the document titled " <u>Technic</u> |                                    | DT agrees this is a complex issue and did its best to outline how it arrived at its position FAC-001-1."   |

| Organization                               | Yes or No | Question 10 Comment  |
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| Compliance & Responsbility<br>Organization |           | NextEra Energy, Inc. (NextEra) appreciates the work of the Project 2010-07 Generator<br>Requirements at the Transmission Interface Standard Drafting Team (SDT) on a<br>subject that NextEra has a significant interest in resolving. In fact, NextEra has been a<br>member of the SDT and an active observer. Given the recent events - such as (a) the<br>North American Electric Reliability Commission's draft interim directive; (b) the denial<br>of the Milford and Cedar Cheek requests for reconsideration at the Federal Energy<br>Regulatory Commission (FERC) and (c) the record in this case which, at times, suggests<br>the SDT needs to more formally consider the Milford and Cedar Cheek Reliability<br>Standards - NextEra requests that SDT more formally consider the merits of each<br>Reliability Standard adopted the Milford and Cedar Cheek FERC orders and the NERC<br>draft interim directive. Although NextEra does not condone the manner in which<br>NERC issued the interim draft directive and stated so in its comments to NERC on the<br>interim draft directive, NextEra's overarching objective on this issue is to bring a<br>uniform, fair and technically supported approach that resolves the interface issue.<br>Thus, NextEra requests that the SDT (prior to proceeding any further or any additional<br>comments or votes on specific draft Reliability Standards) issue a technical paper that<br>point-by-point addresses the merits of including the Reliability Standards set forth in<br>the FERC Orders and NERC's draft interim directive, and requires takeholder,<br>including NERC staff, comment. For example, this technical paper would likely the<br>merits of NERC's draft interim directive appears to propose, NextEra does<br>believe a technical case can be made why NERC-certification is not required, and that<br>some degree of training related to the applicable Reliability Standards is reasonable.<br>Similar, on FAC-003 (as well as several other Standards), the draft interim directive<br>proposes a slightly different approach than the SDT. NextEra would rather these<br>approaches reconciled than be in conflict, |

| Organization  | Yes or No  | Question 10 Comment  |
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|   |  | transmission lead is required to comply with additional Reliability Standards. As<br>noted, above, this technical paper should be posted for stakeholder, including NERC<br>staff, comment. Accordingly, while NextEra would have preferred that NERC and the<br>Regional Entities express there interim draft directive approach on the record in this<br>proceeding, NextEra believes it is appropriate for the SDT to draft a comprehensive<br>technical paper that, with an open approach, considers the inclusion of additional<br>Reliability Standards, if appropriate, as a way of building lasting support for its<br>approach.           |
| work together to try to develop<br>has tried to provide the kind of<br>Materials"), which has been exp<br>NERC in its draft compliance dir<br>the standards introduced by FER               | a mutually agr<br>technical paper<br>anded to inclu<br>ective. The SDT<br>RC and NERC, b | upport. We certainly agree that is important for NERC staff and the SDT to continue to<br>eed upon solution for dealing with this reliability gap, and to a certain extent, the SDT<br>ryou suggest in its modified technical justification document (posted under "Supporting<br>de any standard or requirement cited by FERC in its Milford/Cedar Creek orders or by<br>does not, at this point, plan to develop a technical paper that discusses the merits of<br>ecause its current focus is on filing the FAC-001-1, FAC-003-3, and PRC-004-2.1a with<br>owever, this kind of technical paper may prove useful. We appreciate the suggestion. |
| Dominion  |  | No   |
| Tennessee Valley Authority  |  | No   |
| Exelon  |  | PRC-004 - suggest that the Standard state that responsibility for the analysis of missoperations of protective equipment shall be the responsibility of the owner of the protective equipment.   |
| <b>Response:</b> Thank you for your comment and support. The SDT believes that the language makes clear that an entity need only be concerned with the Elements or Facilities that it owns. |  |  |
| ReliabiltiyFirst  |  | ReliabilityFist has found a number of editiorial erros for the FAC-001-1 VSLs. They include the following:1. VSL R1 - should not reference sub-requirements, should reference the sub-parts consistent with the requirement (i.e. Requirement R1, Part   |

| Organization                 | Yes or No         | Question 10 Comment  |
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|                              |                   | 1.1, 1.2 or 1.3) 2. VSL for R3 - the VSL should referenced Requirement 3, Part 3.1.1 through 3.1.16 rather than what is currently stated (Requirement R3, Part 3.1.1 R3.1.6)   |
| this SDT because our changes | are limited to th | e we agree that the VSLs for R1 need to be updated, that change is outside the scope of<br>ose that incorporate the GO into the applicability of the requirement; the team made<br>e have, however, made the suggested changes to the VSLs for R3.   |
| RES Americas Development     |                   | RES and AWEA appreciates the opportunity to submit these comments on the NERC<br>Project 2010-07. We support the general direction indicated by both the Generator<br>Requirements at the Transmission Interface Ad Hoc Group and the Project 2010-07<br>Standards Development Team. We agree with the sentiments from both groups that<br>a GO or GOP that also owns or operates a generator lead line should not be required<br>to register as a TO or TOP strictly because they own or operate a generator lead line.<br>We also agree that requiring these GO/GOPs to comply with all the TO/TOP standards<br>would have little effect on or benefits to reliability of the Bulk Electric System, and<br>could even detract from it. RES and AWEA supports the intent and goal of the SDT to<br>ensure that all generator-owned Facilities are appropriately covered under NERC's<br>Reliability Standards. We also agree with the SDT that while many GO/GOPs operate<br>Elements and Facilities that might be considered by some entities to be Transmission,<br>these are most often radial Facilities that are not part of the integrated grid, and as<br>such should not be subject to the same standards applicable to TO/TOPs, who own<br>and operate Transmission Elements and Facilities that are part of the integrated grid.<br>Therefore, we support the SDT's approach of identifying a very limited number of<br>TO/TOP standards, such as FAC-001 and FAC-003, which should also apply to GO/GOP<br>owners of generator lead lines. We would be concerned, however, if additional<br>requirements were added beyond FAC-001, FAC-003, and PRC-004. Consideration of<br>any additional standards with respect to generator lead lines should be done on a<br>standard-by-standard basis, reviewing the applicability of each standard as well as the<br>impact on the reliability of the Bulk Electric System. |

| Organization   | Yes or No     | Question 10 Comment  |
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| Sempra Generation  |               | Sempra Generation also supports the comments, being concurrently filed, of the Electric Power Supply Association (EPSA).   |
| Response: Thank you for your co  | omment and su | upport.  |
| Puget Sound Energy, Inc.   |               | The changes to this standard are minor, and seem to be centered around including<br>"generator Interconnection facilities" to R2. This added phrase and the statement in<br>1.4 Data Retention "Generator Owner that owns a generation Protection System"<br>seems to assume that the generator owner and generator interconnection facilities<br>owner is always the same. This is not always the case, and will make this standard<br>language confusing to prepare evidence for. A suggestion would be to revise the<br>language to allow for a separate generator owner and generator interconnection<br>facilities owner. |
| <b>Response:</b> Thank you for your concerned with the Elements or         |               | upport. The SDT believes that the language makes clear that an entity need only be<br>it owns.   |
| SERC Planning Standards<br>Subcommittee/ SERC OC<br>Standards Review Group |               | The comments expressed herein represent a consensus of the views of the above-<br>named members of the SERC EC Planning Standards Subcommittee only and should<br>not be construed as the position of SERC Reliability Corporation, its board, or its<br>officers"   |
| Response: Thank you for your co  | omment and su | upport.  |

## END OF REPORT