

Violation Risk Factor and Violation Severity Level Justifications

Project 2009-02 Real-time Monitoring and Analysis Capabilities

This document provides the Standard Drafting Team's (SDT) justification for assignment of Violation Risk Factors (VRFs) and Violation Severity Levels (VSLs) for each requirement in Project 2009-02.

Each requirement is assigned a VRF and a VSL. These elements support the determination of an initial value range for the Base Penalty Amount regarding violations of requirements in FERC-approved Reliability Standards, as defined in the ERO Sanction Guidelines.

The SDT applied the following NERC criteria and FERC Guidelines when proposing VRFs and VSLs for the requirements under this project.

NERC Criteria - Violation Risk Factors

High Risk Requirement

A requirement that, if violated, could directly cause or contribute to Bulk Electric System instability, separation, or a cascading sequence of failures, or could place the Bulk Electric System at an unacceptable risk of instability, separation, or cascading failures; or, a requirement in a planning time frame that, if violated, could, under emergency, abnormal, or restorative conditions anticipated by the preparations, directly cause or contribute to Bulk Electric System instability, separation, or a cascading sequence of failures, or could place the Bulk Electric System instability, separation, or a cascading sequence of failures, or could place the Bulk Electric System at an unacceptable risk of instability, separation, or cascading failures, or could hinder restoration to a normal condition.

Medium Risk Requirement

A requirement that, if violated, could directly affect the electrical state or the capability of the Bulk Electric System, or the ability to effectively monitor and control the Bulk Electric System. However, violation of a medium risk requirement is unlikely to lead to Bulk Electric System instability, separation, or cascading failures; or, a requirement in a planning time frame that, if violated, could, under emergency, abnormal, or restorative conditions anticipated by the preparations, directly and adversely affect the electrical state or capability of the Bulk Electric System, or the ability to effectively monitor, control, or restore the Bulk Electric System. However, violation of a medium risk

requirement is unlikely, under emergency, abnormal, or restoration conditions anticipated by the preparations, to lead to Bulk Electric System instability, separation, or cascading failures, nor to hinder restoration to a normal condition.

Lower Risk Requirement

A requirement that is administrative in nature and a requirement that, if violated, would not be expected to adversely affect the electrical state or capability of the Bulk Electric System, or the ability to effectively monitor and control the Bulk Electric System; or, a requirement that is administrative in nature and a requirement in a planning time frame that, if violated, would not, under the emergency, abnormal, or restorative conditions anticipated by the preparations, be expected to adversely affect the electrical state or capability of the Bulk Electric System, or the ability to effectively monitor, control, or restore the Bulk Electric System.

FERC Violation Risk Factor Guidelines

Guideline (1) - Consistency with the Conclusions of the Final Blackout Report

The Commission seeks to ensure that VRFs assigned to Requirements of Reliability Standards in these identified areas appropriately reflect their historical critical impact on the reliability of the Bulk-Power System. In the VSL Order, FERC listed critical areas (from the Final Blackout Report) where violations could severely affect the reliability of the Bulk-Power System:

- Emergency operations
- Vegetation management
- Operator personnel training
- Protection systems and their coordination
- Operating tools and backup facilities
- Reactive power and voltage control
- System modeling and data exchange
- Communication protocol and facilities



- Requirements to determine equipment ratings
- Synchronized data recorders
- Clearer criteria for operationally critical facilities
- Appropriate use of transmission loading relief.

Guideline (2) – Consistency within a Reliability Standard

The Commission expects a rational connection between the sub-Requirement VRF assignments and the main Requirement VRF assignment.

Guideline (3) – Consistency among Reliability Standards

The Commission expects the assignment of VRFs corresponding to requirements that address similar reliability goals in different Reliability Standards would be treated comparably.

Guideline (4) – Consistency with NERC's Definition of the Violation Risk Factor Level

Guideline (4) was developed to evaluate whether the assignment of a particular VRF level conforms to NERC's definition of that risk level.

Guideline (5) – Treatment of Requirements that Co-mingle More Than One Obligation

Where a single Requirement co-mingles a higher risk reliability objective and a lesser risk reliability objective, the VRF assignment for such requirements must not be watered down to reflect the lower risk level associated with the less important objective of the Reliability Standard.

NERC Criteria - Violation Severity Levels

VSLs define the degree to which compliance with a requirement was not achieved. Each requirement must have at least one VSL. While it is preferable to have four VSLs for each requirement, some requirements do not have multiple "degrees" of noncompliant performance and may have only one, two, or three VSLs.

VSLs should be based on NERC's overarching criteria shown in the table below:

Lower VSL	Moderate VSL	High VSL	Severe VSL
The performance or product measured almost meets the full intent of the requirement.	The performance or product measured meets the majority of the intent of the requirement.	The performance or product measured does not meet the majority of the intent of the requirement, but does meet some of the intent.	The performance or product measured does not substantively meet the intent of the requirement.

FERC Order of Violation Severity Levels

FERC's VSL guidelines are presented below, followed by an analysis of whether the VSLs proposed for each requirement in the standard meet the FERC Guidelines for assessing VSLs:

Guideline 1 – Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Not Have the Unintended Consequence of Lowering the Current Level of Compliance

Compare the VSLs to any prior levels of non-compliance and avoid significant changes that may encourage a lower level of compliance than was required when levels of non-compliance were used.

Guideline 2 – Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Ensure Uniformity and Consistency in the Determination of Penalties

A violation of a "binary" type requirement must be a "Severe" VSL.

Do not use ambiguous terms such as "minor" and "significant" to describe noncompliant performance.

Guideline 3 – Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Consistent with the Corresponding Requirement

VSLs should not expand on what is required in the requirement.

Guideline 4 – Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Based on A Single Violation, Not on A Cumulative Number of Violations

Unless otherwise stated in the requirement, each instance of non-compliance with a requirement is a separate violation. Section 4 of the Sanction Guidelines states that assessing penalties on a per-violation per-day basis is the "default" for penalty calculations.

VRF Justification

The requirements in IRO-018-1 and TOP-010-1 were developed to address certain issues related to the Real-time monitoring and analysis capabilities used by operators of the BES. IRO-018-1 contains five requirements applicable to Reliability Coordinators (RCs), while TOP-010-1 contains seven analogous requirements for Transmission Operators (TOPs) and Balancing Authorities (BAs). A Medium VRF is proposed for all requirements in both standards according to the guidelines as explained below.

VRF Justifications – IRO-018-1 (R1-R5) and TOP-010-1 (R1-R7)			
Proposed VRF	Medium		
FERC VRF G1 Discussion	Guideline 1- Consistency w/ Blackout Report. N/A. The requirements are not directly connected to conclusions from the 2003 Blackout, but rather address specific recommendations from NERC Technical Committees.		
FERC VRF G2 Discussion	Guideline 2- Consistency within a Reliability Standard. The requirements have no sub-requirements so a single VRF was assigned.		
FERC VRF G3 Discussion	Guideline 3- Consistency among Reliability Standards. These are new requirements. The VRFs in IRO-018-1 are consistent with those contained in TOP-010-1.		
FERC VRF G4 Discussion	Guideline 4- Consistency with NERC Definitions of VRFs. A VRF of Medium is consistent with the NERC VRF definition. The requirements in IRO-018-1 and TOP-010-1 address issues related to the quality and availability of monitoring and analysis capabilities used by RCs, TOPs, and BAs in maintaining reliable operations. Violation of any of these requirements could directly affect the ability to effectively monitor and control the Bulk Electric System. However, violation of any of these requirements is unlikely to lead to Bulk Electric System instability, separation, or cascading failures. Therefore, a VRF of Medium is appropriate.		

VRF Justifications – IRO-018-1 (R1-R5) and TOP-010-1 (R1-R7)		
FERC VRF G5 Discussion	Guideline 5- Treatment of Requirements that Co-mingle More than One Obligation. Each requirement contains one objective, therefore a single VRF is assigned to each requirement.	

VSL Justification

Proposed VSLs – IRO-018-1, R1			
Lower	Moderate	High	Severe
N/A	N/A	The Reliability Coordinator's Operating Process or Operating Procedure to address the quality of the Real-time data necessary to perform its Real-time monitoring and Real-time Assessments did not include one of the elements listed in Part 1.1 and Part 1.2.	The Reliability Coordinator's Operating Process or Operating Procedure to address the quality of the Real-time data necessary to perform its Real-time monitoring and Real-time Assessments did not include any of the elements listed in Part 1.1 and Part 1.2;
			OR
			The Reliability Coordinator did not implement an Operating Process or Operating Procedure to address the quality of the Real-time data necessary to

perform its Real-time
monitoring and Real-time
Assessments.

VSL Justifications – IRO-018-1, R1			
NERC VSL Guidelines	Consistent with NERC's VSL Guidelines. The requirement may be described by elements or quantities to evaluate degrees of compliance. Two VSLs are specified for a graduated scale.		
FERC VSL G1	There is no prior compliance obligation related to the subject of this standard.		
Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Not Have the Unintended Consequence of Lowering the Current Level of Compliance			
FERC VSL G2 Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Ensure Uniformity and Consistency in the Determination of Penalties Guideline 2a: The Single Violation Severity Level Assignment Category for "Binary" Requirements Is Not Consistent	The proposed VSL is written to ensure uniformity and consistency in the determination of penalties. Guideline 2a: The proposed VSL is not binary.		

Guideline 2b: Violation Severity Level Assignments that Contain Ambiguous Language	Guideline 2b: The proposed VSL does not use ambiguous terms, supporting uniformity and consistency in the determination of similar penalties for similar violations.
FERC VSL G3 Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Consistent with the Corresponding Requirement	The proposed VSL is worded consistently with the corresponding requirement.
FERC VSL G4 Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Based on A Single Violation, Not on A Cumulative Number of Violations	The proposed VSL is not based on a cumulative number of violations.

Proposed VSLs – IRO-018-1, R2			
Lower	Moderate	High	Severe
N/A	N/A	N/A	The Reliability Coordinator did not provide its System Operators with indication(s) of the quality of Real-time data used to perform its Real-time monitoring and Real-time Assessments.

VSL Justifications – IRO-018-1, R2		
NERC VSL Guidelines	Consistent with NERC's VSL Guidelines. The requirement does not have elements or quantities to evaluate degrees of compliance. A VSL of Severe is assigned for non-compliance.	
FERC VSL G1	There is no prior compliance obligation related to the subject of this standard.	
Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Not Have the Unintended Consequence of Lowering the Current Level of Compliance		
FERC VSL G2	The proposed VSL is written to ensure uniformity and consistency in the determination of penalties.	
Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Ensure Uniformity and Consistency in the Determination of Penalties		
Guideline 2a: The Single Violation Severity Level Assignment Category for "Binary" Requirements Is Not Consistent	Guideline 2a: The proposed VSL is binary and assigned a Severe VSL.	
Guideline 2b: Violation Severity Level Assignments that Contain Ambiguous Language	Guideline 2b: The proposed VSL does not use ambiguous terms, supporting uniformity and consistency in the determination of similar penalties for similar violations.	
FERC VSL G3	The proposed VSL is worded consistently with the corresponding requirement.	

Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Consistent with the Corresponding Requirement	
FERC VSL G4 Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Based on A Single Violation, Not on A Cumulative Number of Violations	The proposed VSL is not based on a cumulative number of violations.

Proposed VSLs – IRO-018-1, R3			
Lower	Moderate	High	Severe
N/A	N/A	The Reliability Coordinator's Operating Process or Operating Procedure to maintain the quality of any analysis used in its Real-time Assessments did not include one of the elements listed in Part 3.1 and Part 3.2.	The Reliability Coordinator's Operating Process or Operating Procedure to maintain the quality of any analysis used in its Real-time Assessments did not include any of the elements listed in Part 3.1 and Part 3.2.; OR The Reliability Coordinator did not implement an Operating Process or Operating Procedure

	to maintain the quality of any analysis used in its Real-time
	Assessments.

VSL Justifications – IRO-018-1, R3		
NERC VSL Guidelines	Consistent with NERC's VSL Guidelines. The requirement may be described by elements or quantities to evaluate degrees of compliance. Two VSLs are specified for a graduated scale.	
FERC VSL G1	There is no prior compliance obligation related to the subject of this standard.	
Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Not Have the Unintended Consequence of Lowering the Current Level of Compliance		
FERC VSL G2 Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Ensure Uniformity and Consistency in the Determination of Penalties Guideline 2a: The Single Violation Severity Level Assignment Category for "Binary" Requirements Is Not Consistent	The proposed VSL is written to ensure uniformity and consistency in the determination of penalties. Guideline 2a: The proposed VSL is not binary.	

Guideline 2b: Violation Severity Level Assignments that Contain Ambiguous Language	Guideline 2b: The proposed VSL does not use ambiguous terms, supporting uniformity and consistency in the determination of similar penalties for similar violations.
FERC VSL G3	The proposed VSL is worded consistently with the corresponding requirement.
Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be	
Consistent with the	
Corresponding Requirement	
FERC VSL G4	The proposed VSL is not based on a cumulative number of violations.
Violation Severity Level	
Assignment Should Be Based on	
A Single Violation, Not on A	
Cumulative Number of	
Violations	

Proposed VSLs – IRO-018-1, R4			
Lower Moderate High Severe			
N/A	N/A	N/A	The Reliability Coordinator did not provide its System Operators with indication(s) of the quality of any analysis used in its Real-time Assessments.

VSL Justifications – IRO-018-1, R4		
NERC VSL Guidelines	Consistent with NERC's VSL Guidelines. The requirement does not have elements or quantities to evaluate degrees of compliance. A VSL of Severe is assigned for non-compliance.	
FERC VSL G1 Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Not Have the Unintended Consequence of Lowering the Current Level of Compliance	There is no prior compliance obligation related to the subject of this standard.	
FERC VSL G2 Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Ensure Uniformity and Consistency in the Determination of Penalties	The proposed VSL is written to ensure uniformity and consistency in the determination of penalties.	

Guideline 2a: The Single Violation Severity Level Assignment Category for "Binary" Requirements Is Not Consistent	Guideline 2a: The proposed VSL is binary and assigned a Severe VSL.
Guideline 2b: Violation Severity Level Assignments that Contain Ambiguous Language	Guideline 2b: The proposed VSL does not use ambiguous terms, supporting uniformity and consistency in the determination of similar penalties for similar violations.
FERC VSL G3 Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Consistent with the Corresponding Requirement	The proposed VSL is worded consistently with the corresponding requirement.
FERC VSL G4 Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Based on A Single Violation, Not on A Cumulative Number of Violations	The proposed VSL is not based on a cumulative number of violations.

Proposed VSLs – IRO-018-1, R5			
Lower	Moderate	High	Severe
N/A	N/A	N/A	The Reliability Coordinator did not utilize an independent alarm

	process monitor that provides notification(s) to its System Operators when a failure of its Real-time monitoring alarm
	processor has occurred.

VSL Justifications – IRO-018-1, R5		
NERC VSL Guidelines	Consistent with NERC's VSL Guidelines. The requirement does not have elements or quantities to evaluate degrees of compliance. A VSL of Severe is assigned for non-compliance.	
FERC VSL G1	There is no prior compliance obligation related to the subject of this standard.	
Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Not Have the Unintended Consequence of Lowering the Current Level of Compliance		
FERC VSL G2	The proposed VSL is written to ensure uniformity and consistency in the determination of penalties.	
Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Ensure Uniformity and Consistency in the Determination of Penalties		
Guideline 2a: The Single Violation Severity Level Assignment Category for "Binary" Requirements Is Not Consistent	Guideline 2a: The proposed VSL is binary and assigned a Severe VSL.	

Guideline 2b: Violation Severity Level Assignments that Contain Ambiguous Language	Guideline 2b: The proposed VSL does not use ambiguous terms, supporting uniformity and consistency in the determination of similar penalties for similar violations.
FERC VSL G3 Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Consistent with the Corresponding Requirement	The proposed VSL is worded consistently with the corresponding requirement.
FERC VSL G4 Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Based on A Single Violation, Not on A Cumulative Number of Violations	The proposed VSL is not based on a cumulative number of violations.

Proposed VSLs – TOP-010-1, R1			
Lower	Moderate	High	Severe
N/A	N/A	The Transmission Operator's Operating Process or Operating Procedure to address the quality of the Real-time data necessary to perform its Real-time monitoring and Real-time Assessments did not include one	The Transmission Operator's Operating Process or Operating Procedure to address the quality of the Real-time data necessary to perform its Real-time monitoring and Real-time Assessments did not include any

of the elements listed in Part 1.1 and Part 1.2.	of the elements listed in Part 1.1 and Part 1.2;
	OR
	The Transmission Operator did not implement an Operating Process or Operating Procedure to address the quality of the Real-time data necessary to perform its Real-time monitoring and Real-time Assessments.

VSL Justifications – TOP-010-1, R1		
NERC VSL Guidelines	Consistent with NERC's VSL Guidelines. The requirement may be described by elements or quantities to evaluate degrees of compliance. Two VSLs are specified for a graduated scale.	
FERC VSL G1	There is no prior compliance obligation related to the subject of this standard.	
Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Not Have the Unintended Consequence of Lowering the Current Level of Compliance		
FERC VSL G2 Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Ensure	The proposed VSL is written to ensure uniformity and consistency in the determination of penalties.	

Uniformity and Consistency in the Determination of Penalties Guideline 2a: The Single Violation Severity Level Assignment Category for "Binary" Requirements Is Not Consistent	Guideline 2a: The proposed VSL is not binary.
Guideline 2b: Violation Severity Level Assignments that Contain Ambiguous Language	Guideline 2b: The proposed VSL does not use ambiguous terms, supporting uniformity and consistency in the determination of similar penalties for similar violations.
FERC VSL G3 Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Consistent with the Corresponding Requirement	The proposed VSL is worded consistently with the corresponding requirement.
FERC VSL G4 Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Based on A Single Violation, Not on A Cumulative Number of Violations	The proposed VSL is not based on a cumulative number of violations.

Proposed VSLs – TOP-010-1, R2			
Lower	Moderate	High	Severe
N/A	N/A	The Balancing Authority's Operating Process or Operating Procedure to address the quality of the Real-time data necessary to perform its analysis functions and Real-time monitoring did not include one of the elements listed in Part 2.1 and Part 2.2.	The Balancing Authority's Operating Process or Operating Procedure to address the quality of the Real-time data necessary to perform its analysis functions and Real-time monitoring did not include any of the elements listed in Part 2.1 and Part 2.2.; OR
			The Balancing Authority did not implement an Operating Process or Operating Procedure to address the quality of the Real- time data necessary to perform its analysis functions and Real- time monitoring.

VSL Justifications – TOP-010-1, R2		
NERC VSL Guidelines	Consistent with NERC's VSL Guidelines. The requirement may be described by elements or quantities to evaluate degrees of compliance. Two VSLs are specified for a graduated scale.	
FERC VSL G1	There is no prior compliance obligation related to the subject of this standard.	

Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Not Have the Unintended Consequence of Lowering the Current Level of Compliance	
FERC VSL G2	The proposed VSL is written to ensure uniformity and consistency in the determination of penalties.
Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Ensure Uniformity and Consistency in the Determination of Penalties	
Guideline 2a: The Single Violation Severity Level Assignment Category for "Binary" Requirements Is Not Consistent	Guideline 2a: The proposed VSL is not binary.
Guideline 2b: Violation Severity Level Assignments that Contain Ambiguous Language	Guideline 2b: The proposed VSL does not use ambiguous terms, supporting uniformity and consistency in the determination of similar penalties for similar violations.
FERC VSL G3	The proposed VSL is worded consistently with the corresponding requirement.
Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Consistent with the Corresponding Requirement	
FERC VSL G4	The proposed VSL is not based on a cumulative number of violations.

Proposed VSLs – TOP-010-1, R3			
Lower	Moderate	High	Severe
N/A	N/A	N/A	The Transmission Operator did not provide its System Operators with indication(s) of the quality of Real-time data used to perform its Real-time monitoring and Real-time Assessments.

VSL Justifications – TOP-010-1, R3		
NERC VSL Guidelines	Consistent with NERC's VSL Guidelines. The requirement does not have elements or quantities to evaluate degrees of compliance. A VSL of Severe is assigned for non-compliance.	
FERC VSL G1	There is no prior compliance obligation related to the subject of this standard.	
Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Not Have the Unintended Consequence of		

Lowering the Current Level of Compliance	
FERC VSL G2 Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Ensure Uniformity and Consistency in the Determination of Penalties Guideline 2a: The Single Violation Severity Level Assignment Category for "Binary" Requirements Is Not Consistent	The proposed VSL is written to ensure uniformity and consistency in the determination of penalties. Guideline 2a: The proposed VSL is binary and assigned a Severe VSL.
Guideline 2b: Violation Severity Level Assignments that Contain Ambiguous Language	Guideline 2b: The proposed VSL does not use ambiguous terms, supporting uniformity and consistency in the determination of similar penalties for similar violations.
FERC VSL G3 Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Consistent with the Corresponding Requirement	The proposed VSL is worded consistently with the corresponding requirement.
FERC VSL G4 Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Based on A Single Violation, Not on A	The proposed VSL is not based on a cumulative number of violations.

Cumulative Number of	
Violations	

Proposed VSLs – TOP-010-1, R4			
Lower	Moderate	High	Severe
N/A	N/A	N/A	The Balancing Authority did not provide its System Operators with indication(s) of the quality of Real-time data used to perform its analysis functions and Real-time monitoring.

VSL Justifications – TOP-010-1, R4		
NERC VSL Guidelines	Consistent with NERC's VSL Guidelines. The requirement does not have elements or quantities to evaluate degrees of compliance. A VSL of Severe is assigned for non-compliance.	
FERC VSL G1	There is no prior compliance obligation related to the subject of this standard.	
Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Not Have the Unintended Consequence of Lowering the Current Level of Compliance		
FERC VSL G2	The proposed VSL is written to ensure uniformity and consistency in the determination of penalties.	

Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Ensure Uniformity and Consistency in the Determination of Penalties	
Guideline 2a: The Single Violation Severity Level Assignment Category for "Binary" Requirements Is Not Consistent	Guideline 2a: The proposed VSL is binary and assigned a Severe VSL.
Guideline 2b: Violation Severity Level Assignments that Contain Ambiguous Language	Guideline 2b: The proposed VSL does not use ambiguous terms, supporting uniformity and consistency in the determination of similar penalties for similar violations.
FERC VSL G3	The proposed VSL is worded consistently with the corresponding requirement.
Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Consistent with the Corresponding Requirement	
FERC VSL G4	The proposed VSL is not based on a cumulative number of violations.
Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Based on A Single Violation, Not on A Cumulative Number of Violations	

Proposed VSLs – TOP-010-1, R5			
Lower	Moderate	High	Severe
N/A	N/A	The Transmission Operator's Operating Process or Operating Procedure to maintain the quality of any analysis used in its Real-time Assessments did not include one of the elements listed in Part 5.1 and Part 5.2.	The Transmission Operator's Operating Process or Operating Procedure to maintain the quality of any analysis used in its Real-time Assessments did not include any of the elements listed in Part 5.1 and Part 5.2.;
			OR The Transmission Operator did
			not implement an Operating Process or Operating Procedure to maintain the quality of any analysis used in its Real-time Assessments.

VSL Justifications – TOP-010-1, R5		
NERC VSL Guidelines	Consistent with NERC's VSL Guidelines. The requirement may be described by elements or quantities to evaluate degrees of compliance. Two VSLs are specified for a graduated scale.	
FERC VSL G1	There is no prior compliance obligation related to the subject of this standard.	
Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Not Have the Unintended Consequence of		

Lowering the Current Level of Compliance	
FERC VSL G2 Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Ensure Uniformity and Consistency in the Determination of Penalties Guideline 2a: The Single Violation Severity Level Assignment Category for "Binary" Requirements Is Not Consistent	The proposed VSL is written to ensure uniformity and consistency in the determination of penalties. Guideline 2a: The proposed VSL is not binary.
Guideline 2b: Violation Severity Level Assignments that Contain Ambiguous Language	Guideline 2b: The proposed VSL does not use ambiguous terms, supporting uniformity and consistency in the determination of similar penalties for similar violations.
FERC VSL G3 Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Consistent with the Corresponding Requirement	The proposed VSL is worded consistently with the corresponding requirement.
FERC VSL G4 Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Based on A Single Violation, Not on A	The proposed VSL is not based on a cumulative number of violations.

Cumulative Number of	
Violations	

Proposed VSLs – TOP-010-1, R6			
Lower	Moderate	High	Severe
N/A	N/A	N/A	The Transmission Operator did not provide its System Operators with indication(s) of the quality of any analysis used in its Real-time Assessments.

VSL Justifications – TOP-010-1, R6		
NERC VSL Guidelines	Consistent with NERC's VSL Guidelines. The requirement does not have elements or quantities to evaluate degrees of compliance. A VSL of Severe is assigned for non-compliance.	
FERC VSL G1	There is no prior compliance obligation related to the subject of this standard.	
Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Not Have the Unintended Consequence of Lowering the Current Level of Compliance		
FERC VSL G2 Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Ensure	The proposed VSL is written to ensure uniformity and consistency in the determination of penalties.	

Uniformity and Consistency in the Determination of Penalties	
Guideline 2a: The Single Violation Severity Level Assignment Category for "Binary" Requirements Is Not Consistent	Guideline 2a: The proposed VSL is binary and assigned a Severe VSL.
Guideline 2b: Violation Severity Level Assignments that Contain Ambiguous Language	Guideline 2b: The proposed VSL does not use ambiguous terms, supporting uniformity and consistency in the determination of similar penalties for similar violations.
FERC VSL G3	The proposed VSL is worded consistently with the corresponding requirement.
Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Consistent with the Corresponding Requirement	
FERC VSL G4	The proposed VSL is not based on a cumulative number of violations.
Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Based on A Single Violation, Not on A Cumulative Number of Violations	

Proposed VSLs – TOP-010-1, R7			
Lower	Moderate	High	Severe
N/A	N/A	N/A	The responsible entity did not utilize an independent alarm process monitor that provides notification(s) to its System Operators when a failure of its Real-time monitoring alarm processor has occurred.

VSL Justifications – TOP-010-1, R7		
NERC VSL Guidelines	Consistent with NERC's VSL Guidelines. The requirement does not have elements or quantities to evaluate degrees of compliance. A VSL of Severe is assigned for non-compliance.	
FERC VSL G1	There is no prior compliance obligation related to the subject of this standard.	
Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Not Have the Unintended Consequence of Lowering the Current Level of Compliance		
FERC VSL G2 Violation Severity Level Assignments Should Ensure	The proposed VSL is written to ensure uniformity and consistency in the determination of penalties.	

Uniformity and Consistency in the Determination of Penalties	
Guideline 2a: The Single Violation Severity Level Assignment Category for "Binary" Requirements Is Not Consistent	Guideline 2a: The proposed VSL is binary and assigned a Severe VSL.
Guideline 2b: Violation Severity Level Assignments that Contain Ambiguous Language	Guideline 2b: The proposed VSL does not use ambiguous terms, supporting uniformity and consistency in the determination of similar penalties for similar violations.
FERC VSL G3	The proposed VSL is worded consistently with the corresponding requirement.
Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Consistent with the Corresponding Requirement	
FERC VSL G4	The proposed VSL is not based on a cumulative number of violations.
Violation Severity Level Assignment Should Be Based on A Single Violation, Not on A Cumulative Number of Violations	